

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
**FORM 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-09553

**Paramount Global**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**04-2949533**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1515 Broadway  
New York, New York 10036

(212) 258-6000

(Address, including zip code, and telephone numbers, including  
area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

**Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbols	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Class A Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	PARAA	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Class B Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	PARA	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value	PARAP	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

**Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:**

None  
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Yes  No

As of June 30, 2023, which was the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, the market value of the shares of the registrant's Class A Common Stock, \$0.001 par value ("Class A Common Stock"), held by non-affiliates was approximately \$170,821,618 (based upon the closing price of \$18.56 per share as reported by The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC on that date) and the market value of the shares of the registrant's Class B Common Stock, \$0.001 par value ("Class B Common Stock"), held by non-affiliates was approximately \$9,177,763,464 (based upon the closing price of \$15.91 per share as reported by The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC on that date); and the aggregate market value of the shares of both Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock held by non-affiliates was \$9,348,585,082.

As of February 26, 2024, 40,702,775 shares of Class A Common Stock and 611,782,283 shares of Class B Common Stock were outstanding.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

Portions of Paramount Global's Notice of 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Part III).

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**  
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## CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains both historical and forward-looking statements, including statements related to our future results and performance. All statements that are not statements of historical fact are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Similarly, statements that describe our objectives, plans or goals are or may be forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations concerning future results and events; generally can be identified by the use of statements that include phrases such as “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “foresee,” “likely,” “will,” “may,” “could,” “estimate” or other similar words or phrases; and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are difficult to predict and which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors are discussed in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” below and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Other risks, uncertainties or other factors, or updates to those discussed herein, may be described in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), including our reports on Form 10-Q and Form 8-K, press releases, public conference calls, webcasts, our social media and blog posts and on our website at *paramount.com*. There may be additional risks, uncertainties and other factors that we do not currently view as material or that are not known. The forward-looking statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are made only as of the date of this document, and we do not undertake any obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

### PART I

#### Item 1. *Business.*

##### Overview

We are a leading global media, streaming and entertainment company that creates premium content and experiences for audiences worldwide. Driven by iconic consumer brands, our portfolio includes CBS, Paramount Pictures, Nickelodeon, MTV, Comedy Central, BET, Paramount+ and Pluto TV. We hold one of the industry’s most extensive libraries of television and film titles. In addition to offering innovative streaming services and digital video products, we also provide powerful capabilities in production, distribution and advertising solutions.

Our strategy is grounded in producing world-class content with global appeal; distributing content across platforms to reach viewers globally; and monetizing our content across multiple revenue streams to maximize return on investment. As we execute in line with this strategy, we are focused on driving to *Direct-to-Consumer* profitability and maximizing cash flow from our traditional businesses.

In 2023, we demonstrated the continued breadth and depth of our content capabilities across our distribution platforms — a growing subscription streaming service, Paramount+; a leading free advertising-supported streaming television (“FAST”) service, Pluto TV; an iconic Hollywood studio, Paramount Pictures; broadcast, including the leading network in the United States (the “U.S.”), CBS; and a portfolio of cable networks that includes Nickelodeon, MTV and BET.

2023 marked significant progress in the building of a scaled, streaming business with narrowed losses, delivering growth in engagement and revenue. Benefiting from a slate of original series, including *Tulsa King*, *Mayor of Kingstown*, *1923*, *Special Ops: Lioness*, *Yellowjackets* and *The Chi*, Paramount+ subscribers grew 21% year-over-year to 67.5 million. According to subscription analytics firm Antenna, Paramount+ was the number one premium streaming service in domestic sign-ups and gross paid subscriber additions since its launch in March 2021 through the end of 2023 and had the most sign-ups in 2023. Additionally, Paramount now reaches audiences in the top 10 streaming markets globally, and in free, Pluto TV continues to be in more countries than any other FAST service.

Paramount Pictures released five films in 2023 that debuted at number one at the domestic box office — *Scream VI*, *Dungeons & Dragons: Honor Among Thieves*, *Transformers: Rise of the Beasts*, *Mission: Impossible – Dead*

*Reckoning Part One* and *PAW Patrol: The Mighty Movie*. Our franchise-focused strategy delivered at the box office, and also drove additional content consumption on linear, streaming and in retail.

CBS finished the 2022-2023 season as America's number one broadcast network in primetime for the 15th consecutive season. The NFL on CBS delivered its most-watched regular season and postseason since the league returned to CBS in 1998, and CBS News finished the year with four shows at number one in their respective categories, including *60 Minutes*, *CBS News Sunday Morning*, *Face the Nation* and *48 Hours*. This season, we expanded our partnership with the Big Ten, adding football to our longstanding basketball coverage, as part of a multiplatform agreement that extends through the end of the decade.

Our portfolio of cable networks attracted audiences through a broad range of shows, with four of the top five cable series among adults 18 to 34. Notably, Nickelodeon delivered the number one preschool property among kids two to five in *Paw Patrol* and the number one animation property among kids two to 11 in *SpongeBob* in total television viewing minutes.

In 2023, we continued to harness the power of partnerships to extend our reach to even more audiences. We completed the first year of our Walmart+ partnership and expanded the offering to include access to Pluto TV for customers in addition to Paramount+. We also launched Paramount+ on the subscription hub for Verizon +Play customers, and partnered with Delta Air Lines to offer Delta SkyMiles Members in-flight access to the platform on flights originating in the U.S. In addition, we continued to expand our global streaming reach, highlighted by the launch of a partnership with J:COM and WOWOW in Japan.

Notably, we took significant steps to further optimize our business and right size our asset base. At the end of June, we launched the integration of Paramount+ and SHOWTIME, which has since driven increases in subscriber acquisition, engagement and operational efficiency. In October, we completed the sale of Simon & Schuster for \$1.6 billion, and we used the majority of the net proceeds to pay down debt, which improved our leverage.

We continued our commitment to diversity, equity and inclusion ("DEI") in 2023. We hosted our sixth annual Global Inclusion Week, a week-long initiative featuring conversations, panels and workshops designed to ensure our workforce and culture reflect, celebrate and elevate the diversity of our audiences and communities. We also continued to advance Content for Change, a companywide initiative designed to use the power of our content, creative supply chain and culture to counteract bias, stereotypes and hate. We released our fourth Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report, and made progress on our ESG strategy and goals across our three focus areas: (1) On-Screen Content & Social Impact, (2) Workforce & Culture and (3) Sustainable Production & Operations. We also hosted our 27th annual Community Day, a global day of community service focused on causes and issues that resonate with our employees and audiences.

We operate through the following segments:

- **TV Media.** Our *TV Media* segment consists of our (1) domestic and international broadcast networks and owned television stations; (2) domestic cable networks and international extensions of certain of our domestic cable network brands; and (3) domestic and international television studio operations, and production and distribution of first-run syndicated programming. *TV Media* generated approximately 68% of our consolidated revenues in 2023.
- **Direct-to-Consumer.** Our *Direct-to-Consumer* segment includes our portfolio of domestic and international pay and free streaming services. *Direct-to-Consumer* generated approximately 22% of our consolidated revenues in 2023.
- **Filmed Entertainment.** Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment consists of the production and acquisition of films, series and short-form content for release and licensing around the world, including in theaters, on streaming services, on television, and through digital home entertainment and DVDs/Blu-rays. *Filmed Entertainment* generated approximately 10% of our consolidated revenues in 2023.

We were organized as a Delaware corporation in 1986. Our principal offices are located at 1515 Broadway, New York, New York 10036. Our telephone number is (212) 258-6000 and our website is *paramount.com*. Information included on or accessible through our website is not intended to be incorporated into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We have two classes of common stock, Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock (together, our “Common Stock”), both of which are listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC, under the ticker symbols “PARAA” and “PARA,” respectively. Owners of our Class A Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share. Shares of our Class B Common Stock do not have voting rights. As of December 31, 2023, National Amusements, Inc. (“NAI”), a closely held corporation that owns and operates movie screens in the U.S., the U.K. and South America, directly or indirectly owned approximately 77.4% of our voting Class A Common Stock, and approximately 9.7% of our Common Stock. NAI is not subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

In December 2019, we changed our name from CBS Corporation (“CBS”) to ViacomCBS Inc. in connection with the merger of Viacom Inc. (“Viacom”) and CBS (the “Merger”). In February 2022, we changed our name to Paramount Global. Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this document to “Paramount,” “the Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Paramount Global and its consolidated subsidiaries, to “CBS” mean CBS and its consolidated subsidiaries prior to the Merger and to “Viacom” mean Viacom and its consolidated subsidiaries prior to the Merger.

## Our Segments

### *TV Media*



Our *TV Media* segment consists of our (1) broadcast operations — the CBS Television Network, our domestic broadcast television network; CBS Stations, our owned television stations; and our international free-to-air networks, Network 10, Channel 5, Telefe and Chilevisión; (2) domestic premium and basic cable networks, including Nickelodeon, MTV, Comedy Central, BET and Paramount+ with SHOWTIME, and international extensions of certain of these brands; and (3) domestic and international television studio operations, including CBS Studios, Paramount Television Studios and SHOWTIME/MTV Entertainment Studios, as well as CBS Media Ventures, which produces and distributes first-run syndicated programming. *TV Media* also includes a number of digital properties such as CBS News Streaming for 24-hour news and CBS Sports HQ for sports news and analysis.

*TV Media's* revenues are generated primarily from (1) advertising; (2) affiliate and subscription revenues principally comprised of (i) fees received from distributors for carriage of our cable networks (known as cable affiliate fees) and our owned television stations (known as retransmission fees) and (ii) fees received from television stations owned by third parties for their affiliation with the CBS Television Network (known as reverse compensation); and (3) the licensing and distribution of our content and other rights. In 2023, advertising, affiliate and subscription, and licensing and other generated approximately 41%, 40% and 19%, respectively, of the segment's total revenues.

*TV Media* generated approximately 68%, 72% and 80% of our consolidated revenues in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## Broadcast

**CBS Television Network.** The CBS Television Network (the “CBS Network”), through CBS Entertainment, CBS News and CBS Sports, distributes entertainment, news and public affairs, and sports programming to both owned and affiliated broadcast television stations. CBS Network content is also available on the internet, including through CBS.com, CBSNews.com, CBSSports.com and related apps; our streaming services, such as Paramount+ with SHOWTIME and Pluto TV; and multichannel video programming distributors (“MVPDs”) and linear video streaming services. CBS Entertainment acquires or develops and schedules entertainment programming on the CBS Network, which includes primetime comedies and dramas, reality, specials, kids’ programs, daytime dramas, game shows and late night. CBS News operates a worldwide news organization providing the CBS Network, CBS News Radio and digital platforms with regularly scheduled news and public affairs programs. CBS Sports broadcasts include certain regular-season and playoff NFL games, including wild card playoff games and American Football Conference divisional playoff and championship games and, on a rotating basis with other networks, the Super Bowl; certain regular-season and tournament college basketball games, including the National Collegiate Athletic Association’s (the “NCAA”) Division I Men’s Basketball Tournament; regular-season college football games, including the Big Ten Conference; the PGA Tour, the PGA Championship and the Masters; and certain UEFA Champions League games.

**CBS Stations.** CBS Stations consists of our 29 owned broadcast television stations, all of which operate under licenses granted by the Federal Communications Commission (the “FCC”) pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the “Communications Act”). Our stations are located in the five largest, and 15 of the top 20, television markets in the U.S. We own multiple stations within the same Nielsen-designated market area in 10 major markets, including New York, Los Angeles and Philadelphia. The stations broadcast news, public affairs, sports and other programming to serve their local markets. Local versions of CBS News Streaming offer local news from certain of our owned stations.

**International Free-to-Air Networks.** We operate a number of free-to-air networks around the world: Network 10 in Australia, whose brands include 10, 10 Bold, 10 Peach and 10 Play; Channel 5, a public service broadcaster in the U.K. whose brands include 5, 5 Action, 5 Select, 5Star, 5USA, Milkshake and My5; Telefe in Argentina, whose brands include Telefe Noticias, Mi Telefe, Telefe Internacional, tlfesports, Mitelefe and Telefe Channels on Pluto TV; and Chilevisión in Chile, whose brands include Chilevisión Noticias, CHV and Chilevisión Channels on Pluto TV.

## Cable

**Paramount Media Networks.** Paramount Media Networks connects with global audiences through its iconic brands — CMT, a country music and lifestyle channel; Comedy Central, a comedy-focused brand that includes stand-up specials, sketch shows, adult animation and late-night programming; Logo, a network dedicated to lifestyle and entertainment programming for LGBTQ+ audiences; MTV, a storied youth entertainment brand home to notable franchises and live events such as the *MTV Video Music Awards*; Nickelodeon, an entertainment brand for kids and families; Paramount Network, a premium entertainment destination and home to *Yellowstone*; Paramount+ with SHOWTIME, which offers premium original scripted and unscripted series, movies, documentaries and docuseries, comedy and special events; Pop TV, a pop culture-focused channel; The Smithsonian Channel, home of popular genres such as air and space, travel, history, science, nature and culture; and TV Land, a destination for viewers in their 30s and 40s.

**BET Media Group.** BET Media Group provides premium entertainment, music, news, digital and public affairs content for Black audiences. BET Media Group serves as a destination for Black expression as well as a gathering place for Black creators, talent and communities. BET Media Group’s multiplatform extensions include BET Studios, a studio venture that offers equity ownership to Black content creators, and BET’s events and experience business, which includes the *BET Awards*; and VH1, a multicultural pop culture destination.

**CBS Sports Network.** The CBS Sports Network is CBS Sports’ 24-hour cable channel that provides a diverse slate of sports and related content. The network televises live professional, amateur and college events, including Division I college football, basketball, hockey and lacrosse, and certain domestic and international soccer games. In addition, the network showcases a variety of original programming, including documentaries, features and studio shows. CBS Sports Network also provides ancillary coverage for CBS Sports relating to major events, such as the NCAA Division I Men’s Basketball Tournament, the Masters and the PGA Championship.

### *Studios*

Our studios produce content across broadcast, cable and streaming in the U.S. and internationally. Our studios include CBS Studios, which maintains an extensive library of intellectual property, including global franchises such as the *Star Trek* universe, and produces late night and daytime talk shows; SHOWTIME/MTV Entertainment Studios, which produces television series and films and includes MTV Documentary Films; and Paramount Television Studios, which produces a range of premium television content.

CBS Media Ventures (“CMV”) produces and distributes original series programming across various dayparts and genres, including talk shows, court shows, game shows and newsmagazines, which are licensed on a market-by-market basis to television stations for local broadcast television and streaming. CMV engages in national advertising and integrated marketing sales for the programming it distributes, as well as serving as the national advertising sales agent for other major syndicators.

### *Direct-to-Consumer*



Our *Direct-to-Consumer* segment includes our portfolio of domestic and international pay and free streaming services, including Paramount+, Pluto TV, BET+ and Noggin. *Direct-to-Consumer*’s revenues are principally comprised of advertising and subscription revenues generated by our streaming services. In 2023, advertising and subscriptions generated approximately 27% and 73%, respectively, of the segment’s total revenues.

*Direct-to-Consumer* generated approximately 22%, 16% and 12% of our consolidated revenues in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**Paramount+.** Paramount+, our global on-demand and live subscription streaming service, combines live sports, news and entertainment content. Paramount+ features an expansive catalogue of original series, shows and popular movies across every genre from our brands and production studios and from third parties. Domestically, Paramount+ is home to marquee livestreamed CBS Sports programming, including the NFL; Big Ten Conference football; certain regular-season and tournament college basketball games, including the NCAA Division I Men’s Basketball Tournament; and the PGA Tour, the PGA Championship and the Masters. A destination for soccer fans, Paramount+ features select live and on-demand matches from a number of domestic and international leagues, including UEFA Champions League and Europa League, Italy’s Serie A, the National Women’s Soccer League, the Women’s Super League and the United Soccer League. Paramount+ also enables subscribers to stream local CBS Stations live across the U.S. in addition to CBS News Streaming and CBS Sports HQ. Paramount+ is available in two tiers in the U.S.: Paramount+ with SHOWTIME, a premium, advertising-free (except during livestreamed and other limited content) offering for a subscription fee; and Paramount+ Essential, an advertising-supported offering available for a lower fee that includes the NFL but not livestreamed local CBS Stations or SHOWTIME content.

**Pluto TV.** Pluto TV, our global FAST service, features a broad range of curated live linear channels and on-demand content. Categories cover a wide array of genres, including movies, television series, classic television, sports, news and opinion, drama, reality, competition reality, true crime, game shows, comedy, daytime TV, home and food, lifestyle, anime, animals and nature, music, kids and local news.

**BET+.** BET+, a joint venture between BET and Tyler Perry Studios, is a subscription streaming service in the U.S. focused on Black audiences, featuring movies, television, stand-up comedy, award shows and specials. BET+ is home to exclusive original content from leading Black creators. BET+ is available in advertising-free (except during livestreamed and other limited content) and advertising-supported tiers.

**Noggin.** Noggin is Nickelodeon's direct-to-consumer learning platform with an extensive library of interactive learning games, videos and books and advertising-free episodes of popular preschool series. Developed by education experts, Noggin delivers an adaptive learning experience that fosters curiosity and is designed to build early math, literacy and social and emotional skills.

### *Filmed Entertainment*



Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment consists of Paramount Pictures, Paramount Players, Paramount Animation, Nickelodeon Studios, Awesomeness and Miramax. *Filmed Entertainment* produces and acquires films, series and short-form content for release and licensing around the world, including in theaters, on streaming services, on television, and through digital home entertainment and DVDs/Blu-rays. *Filmed Entertainment's* revenues are generated primarily from the release or distribution of films theatrically and the licensing of film and television content. In 2023, theatrical, licensing and other, and advertising revenues generated approximately 27%, 72% and 1%, respectively, of the segment's total revenues.

*Filmed Entertainment* generated approximately 10%, 13% and 9% of our consolidated revenues in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**Paramount Pictures.** A global producer and distributor of filmed entertainment since 1912, Paramount Pictures is an iconic brand with an extensive library of films, which include such classics as *Titanic*, *Forrest Gump* and *The Godfather*, and well-known franchises such as *Mission: Impossible* and *Transformers*.

**Paramount Players.** Paramount Players focuses on creating genre films from distinct, contemporary voices and properties, as well as drawing from Paramount's rich library of content. Paramount Players also produces films for initial release on Paramount+.

**Paramount Animation.** Paramount Animation develops and produces franchise and original animated films, including drawing from the Paramount Pictures and Nickelodeon libraries.

**Nickelodeon Studios.** Nickelodeon Studios produces animated and live action series, films and short-form content for kids and families across multiple platforms worldwide.

**Awesomeness.** Awesomeness produces live action series, films and short-form content for the global Gen Z audience.

**Miramax.** Miramax, a joint venture with beIN Media Group, is a global film and television studio with an extensive library of content. We have exclusive, long-term rights to distribute Miramax’s library, as well as certain rights to co-produce, co-finance and/or distribute new film and television projects.

We produce most of the films we release and also acquire films for distribution from third parties. In some cases, we co-finance and/or co-distribute films with third parties, including other studios, who participate in the financing of the costs of a film or group of films in exchange for an economic participation and a partial copyright interest.

We distribute films in various media worldwide or in select territories and may engage third-party distributors for certain films in certain territories. Domestically, we generally market and distribute our own theatrical and home entertainment releases. Internationally, we distribute theatrical releases through our international affiliates or, in territories where we have no operating presence, through United International Pictures, our joint venture with Universal Studios, or other third-party distributors. Home entertainment releases on DVD and Blu-ray discs are distributed internationally by local licensees. We also license films and television shows domestically and/or internationally to a variety of platforms.

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Strategy**

Our ESG strategy is centered on understanding and responding to our biggest risks and opportunities in three focus areas: (1) On-Screen Content & Social Impact (impact and influence of our content and brands), (2) Workforce & Culture (recruitment, retention and treatment of employees, contractors and partners) and (3) Sustainable Production & Operations (environmental and social impacts of our operations and facilities). In 2023, we released our fourth ESG Report, which is available on our website and includes an update on the progress we have made in each focus area.

#### ***ESG Governance***

Our ESG team oversees the day-to-day strategy and implementation of our ESG efforts under the leadership of a steering committee, comprised of senior management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and General Counsel. We also have multiple working groups dedicated to specific ESG topics comprised of subject matter experts from across our brands and functional teams, which together with the steering committee constitute our ESG Council. Our ESG Council actively reviews and refines our ESG strategy and the ESG team regularly updates senior management, our Board of Directors and its Nominating and Governance Committee, which, pursuant to its charter, oversees and monitors significant issues impacting our culture and reputation, as well as our handling of ESG matters.

#### ***Human Capital Management***

We work to create a culture that is welcoming and a workplace where our employees and talent feel supported and have the opportunity to thrive. Our human capital management strategy is intended to address the areas described below. Additional information can be found in our ESG Report.

As of December 31, 2023, we employed approximately 21,900 full- and part-time employees in 33 countries worldwide and had approximately 4,500 project-based staff on our payroll. We also use temporary employees in the ordinary course of business.

#### ***A Culture of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion***

We work to cultivate a culture of inclusion that honors everyone’s unique contributions through a range of partnerships, collaborations, programs and initiatives, including brand and companywide cross-functional inclusion councils and a talent sourcing team focused on building inclusive talent pipelines; partnerships with domestic and international diversity-focused organizations to help attract diverse talent at all levels; an annual Global Inclusion Week, a companywide initiative featuring curated sessions designed to spark thoughtful dialogue

on diversity, inclusion and belonging; and employee resource groups with chapters in locations worldwide, which any interested employee may join.

### *Preventing Harassment and Discrimination*

We are committed to building a work environment free of harassment and discrimination. We make annual anti-discrimination and anti-harassment trainings available to all employees, as well as unconscious bias training and inclusive recruitment training for hiring managers. We require employees to report any incidents of harassment or discrimination and our Employee Relations team oversees all investigations of such complaints.

### *Employee Attraction, Retention and Training*

Through our comprehensive compensation and benefits programs and our range of employee learning opportunities and tuition support and mentoring programs, we strive to recruit and retain top talent and create a high-performance culture. In 2023, we launched our third global employee engagement survey to assess our efforts around employee engagement, inclusion and well-being. Senior leaders review the survey results and institute action plans to address feedback and opportunity areas.

### *Health, Safety and Security*

The physical and mental well-being of all our workers, including across our productions worldwide, are a top priority. We strive to take a proactive and targeted approach to identifying and mitigating health, safety and security risks. We require risk appropriate health and safety education throughout the organization, including daily safety meetings for production team members and job- and event-specific safety training for employees where appropriate. We strive to track, report and, as necessary, address safety, health and security incidents across the Company. Beyond the health and safety programs required by law, we offer a variety of mental health resources to support our employees and their families.

### *Social Impact and Corporate Social Responsibility*

We drive our global impact through our content, strategic initiatives, community programs and partnerships, philanthropy and employee engagement efforts. We use our content and platforms to represent, explore and champion issues that align with our values and impact our viewers, including by exploring and raising awareness of issues such as social justice, climate change, mental health and civic engagement. For example, our Content for Change initiative seeks to use the power of our content, the creative supply chain that powers it and our culture to counteract narratives that enable bias, stereotypes and hate.

### **Competition**

We operate in highly competitive industries and markets and compete for creative talent and intellectual property, as well as for audiences, advertisers and distribution of our content.

We compete with a variety of media, technology and entertainment companies with substantial resources to produce, acquire and distribute content around the world, including broadcast and cable networks, streaming services, film and television studios, production groups, independent producers and syndicators, television stations and television station groups. We compete with other content creators for creative talent, including producers, directors, actors and writers, as well as for new content ideas and intellectual property and for the acquisition of popular programming.

We compete for audiences for our content with releases from other film studios, television producers and streaming services, as well as with other forms of entertainment and consumer spending outlets. We compete for audiences and advertising revenues primarily with other television networks; streaming services; social media; websites, apps and other online experiences; radio programming; and print media. Our businesses also face

competition from the many other entertainment options, including video games, sports, travel and outdoor recreation.

We face competition for distribution of our content. Our *TV Media* businesses compete for distribution of our program services (and receipt of related fees) with other television networks and programmers. We also compete with other broadcast networks to secure affiliations with independently-owned television stations to ensure the effective distribution of network programming in the U.S. We compete with studios and other producers of entertainment content for distribution on third-party platforms.

For additional information regarding competition, see “Item 1A. Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Industry.”

## **Regulation**

Our businesses are subject to and affected by laws and regulations of U.S. federal, state and local governmental authorities, as well as laws and regulations of countries other than the U.S. and pan-national bodies such as the European Union (“E.U.”). The laws and regulations affecting our businesses are constantly subject to change, as are the protections that those laws and regulations afford us. The discussion below describes certain, but not all, laws and regulations affecting our businesses.

### ***FCC and Similar Regulation***

The FCC regulates broadcast television, some aspects of cable network programming, and certain programming delivered by internet protocol in the U.S., pursuant to U.S. federal law, including the Communications Act. Violation of FCC regulations can result in substantial monetary fines, the imposition of reporting obligations, limited renewals of broadcast station licenses and, in egregious cases, denial of license renewal or revocation of a license. Our international free-to-air networks are subject to the local rules and regulations of foreign regulators, including the Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA) in Australia; the Office of Communications (Ofcom) in the U.K.; Ente Nacional de Comunicaciones (ENACOM) in Argentina; and the Consejo Nacional de Televisión (CNTV) in Chile.

### ***License Renewals and Transfers***

Each of our owned television stations in the U.S. must be licensed by the FCC. Television broadcast licenses are typically granted for eight-year terms, and we must obtain renewals as they expire to continue operating our stations. The Communications Act requires the FCC to renew a broadcast license if the FCC finds that (1) the station has served the public interest, convenience and necessity; (2) with respect to the station, there have been no serious violations by the licensee of either the Communications Act or FCC regulations; and (3) there have been no other violations by the licensee of the Communications Act or FCC regulations that, taken together, constitute a pattern of abuse. A station remains authorized to operate while its license renewal application is pending. In addition, the Communications Act requires prior FCC approval for the assignment of a license or transfer of control of an FCC licensee.

### ***Broadcast Ownership Regulation***

The Communications Act and FCC rules impose local and national ownership limits on broadcast television stations, as well as ownership limits on certain broadcast networks, in the U.S. The broadcast ownership rules discussed below are the most relevant to our U.S. operations.

#### **Local Television Ownership**

The FCC’s local television ownership rule generally prohibits common ownership of two full-power stations in a market unless at least one of the stations is not a top-four ranked station in the market based on audience share at the time of acquisition of the second station. In certain circumstances, the rule also restricts broadcasters from

maintaining two or more top-four ranked broadcast channels in the same market via use of a station's multicast channels or a low-power television station. However, the FCC may permit such common ownership if it finds such ownership would serve the public interest, convenience and necessity.

#### Dual Network Rule

The dual network rule prohibits any of the four major U.S. broadcast networks — ABC, CBS, FOX and NBC — from combining or being under common control.

#### Television National Audience Reach Limitation

Under the national television ownership rule, one party may not own, or have an attributable interest under the FCC's rules in, television stations that reach more than 39% of all U.S. television households. For purposes of this rule, a UHF station is afforded a "discount" and is therefore attributed with reaching only 50% of the television households in its market. We currently own and operate television stations that reach approximately 37% of all U.S. television households, but we are attributed with reaching approximately 24% of all such households for purposes of the national ownership rule because of the discount.

#### Foreign Ownership

The Communications Act generally restricts foreign individuals or entities from collectively owning more than 25% of our voting power or equity. FCC approval is required to exceed the 25% threshold. The FCC has approved foreign ownership levels of up to 100% in certain instances, following its review and approval of specific, named foreign individuals.

#### *Cable and Satellite Carriage of Television Broadcast Stations*

The Communications Act and FCC rules govern the retransmission of broadcast television stations by cable system operators, direct broadcast satellite operators, and other MVPDs in the U.S. Pursuant to these regulations, we have elected to negotiate with MVPDs for the right to carry our broadcast television stations via retransmission consent agreements. The Communications Act and FCC regulations require that broadcasters and some categories of MVPDs negotiate in good faith for retransmission consent. Some MVPDs and other third parties have sought changes to federal law that would eliminate or otherwise limit the ability of broadcasters to obtain fair compensation for the grant of retransmission consent.

#### *Program Regulation*

The FCC also regulates the content of broadcast, cable network, and other video programming. The FCC prohibits broadcasters from airing obscene material at any time and indecent or profane material between 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. The FCC also monitors compliance with requirements that apply to broadcasters and cable networks relating to political advertising, identification of program sponsors, and the use and integrity of the Emergency Alert System. In addition, FCC regulations require the closed captioning of almost all broadcast and/or cable programming, as well as certain programming in the U.S. delivered by internet protocol. Broadcast television stations in certain markets that are affiliated with one of the four major U.S. broadcast networks must also provide a certain amount of programming every quarter that includes audio-narrated description of a program's key visual elements that make the program accessible to blind and low-vision viewers.

#### *Children's Programming*

Our business is subject to various regulations in the U.S. and abroad applicable to children's programming. U.S. federal law and FCC rules limit the amount and content of commercial matter that may be shown on broadcast television stations and cable networks during programming designed for children 12 years of age and younger, and the FCC also limits the display of certain commercial website addresses during children's programming. Moreover, each of our broadcast television stations in the U.S. is required to air, in general, three hours per week

of programming specifically designed to meet the educational and informational programming needs of children 16 years of age and younger. In addition, some policymakers have sought limitations on food and beverage marketing in media popular with children and teens. For example, restrictions on the television advertising of foods high in fat, salt and sugar (“HFSS”) to children aged 15 and younger exist in the U.K. The U.K. government has also announced its intention to impose a ban, effective in October 2025, on all HFSS advertising before 9:00 p.m. on television and a total ban online. Various laws with similar objectives have also been enacted in a number of jurisdictions, and pressure for their introduction elsewhere continues to be felt globally.

#### *Broadcast Transmission Standard*

FCC rules permit television broadcasters to voluntarily broadcast using the “Next Generation” broadcast television transmission standard developed by the Advanced Television Systems Committee, Inc., also called “ATSC 3.0.” Full-service television stations using the standard are subject to certain requirements, including the obligation to continue broadcasting a generally identical program stream in the current ATSC 1.0 broadcast standard. The ATSC 3.0 standard can be used to offer better picture quality and improved mobile broadcast viewing. A television station converting to ATSC 3.0 operation will incur significant costs in equipment purchases and upgrades. In addition, consumers may be required to obtain new television sets or other equipment that are capable of receiving ATSC 3.0 broadcasts. We are participating in ATSC 3.0 partnerships with other broadcasters and may enter into additional partnerships in the future.

#### *Global Data Protection Laws and Privacy Laws*

We are subject to a number of data protection and privacy laws in many of the jurisdictions in which we operate, including laws in a number of different U.S. states and the E.U. These laws impact, or may impact, the way we collect, use, transfer, store and secure personal data. We are also subject to laws and regulations in many jurisdictions that are specifically intended to protect the interests of children, including the privacy of minors online. See “Item 1A. Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Legal and Regulatory Matters — *We are subject to complex, often inconsistent and potentially costly laws, regulations, industry standards and contractual obligations relating to privacy and personal data protection.*”

#### **Intellectual Property**

We are fundamentally a content company, and the trademark, copyright, patent and other intellectual property laws that protect our brands and content are extremely important to us. It is our practice to protect our brands, content and related intellectual property. Notwithstanding these efforts and the many legal protections that exist to combat piracy, the infringement of our intellectual property rights presents a significant challenge to our industry. See “Item 1A. Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Intellectual Property — *Infringement of our content reduces revenue received from the distribution of our programming, films, interactive games and other entertainment content.*”

#### **Our Executive Officers**

Our executive officers as of the date hereof are as follows:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position</b>
Robert M. Bakish	60	President and Chief Executive Officer, Director
Naveen Chopra	50	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
Christa A. D’Alimonte	55	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Doretha (DeDe) Lea	59	Executive Vice President, Global Public Policy and Government Relations
Julia Phelps	46	Executive Vice President, Chief Communications and Corporate Marketing Officer
Nancy Phillips	56	Executive Vice President, Chief People Officer

**Robert M. Bakish** has been our President and Chief Executive Officer and a member of our Board since December 2019. Mr. Bakish served as President and Chief Executive Officer and a member of the board of Viacom from December 2016 to December 2019, having served as Acting President and Chief Executive Officer beginning earlier in 2016. Mr. Bakish joined Viacom in 1997 and held positions throughout the organization, including as President and Chief Executive Officer of Viacom International Media Networks and its predecessor, MTV Networks International, from 2007 to 2016; Executive Vice President, Operations and Viacom Enterprises; Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, MTV Networks Advertising Sales; and Senior Vice President, Planning, Development and Technology. Before joining Viacom, Mr. Bakish was a partner with Booz Allen Hamilton in its Media and Entertainment practice. Mr. Bakish served as a director of Avid Technology, Inc. from 2009 to 2023.

**Naveen Chopra** has been our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer since August 2020. Prior to that, he served as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Amazon Devices & Services, beginning in 2019. Prior to joining Amazon Devices & Services, Mr. Chopra served as Chief Financial Officer of Pandora Media from 2017 to 2019 and as its Interim Chief Executive Officer during part of this time, having previously served as Interim Chief Executive Officer of TiVo Inc. in 2016 and as its Chief Financial Officer from 2012 to 2016.

**Christa A. D'Alimonte** has been our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since December 2019. Prior to that, she served as Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Viacom beginning in 2017, having previously served as Senior Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary beginning in 2012. Prior to joining Viacom, Ms. D'Alimonte was a partner of Shearman & Sterling LLP, where she was Deputy Practice Group Leader of the firm's Global Mergers & Acquisitions group. She first joined Shearman & Sterling in 1993 and became a partner in 2001.

**Doretha (DeDe) Lea** has been our Executive Vice President, Global Public Policy and Government Relations since December 2019. Prior to that, she served as Executive Vice President, Global Government Affairs of Viacom beginning in 2013, having previously served as Executive Vice President, Government Relations of Viacom beginning in 2005. Prior to that, Ms. Lea served in various government relations positions at Viacom beginning in 1997, with the exception of 2004 to 2005, when she served as Vice President of Government Affairs at Belo Corp. Prior to joining Viacom, she was Senior Vice President of Government Relations at the National Association of Broadcasters.

**Julia Phelps** has been our Executive Vice President, Chief Communications and Corporate Marketing Officer since December 2019. Prior to that, she served as Executive Vice President, Communications, Culture and Marketing of Viacom beginning in 2017, having previously served as Senior Vice President, Communications and Culture of Viacom beginning earlier in 2017. Prior to that, she served as Executive Vice President of Communications for Viacom International Media Networks beginning in 2012, after having served as Vice President of Corporate Communications for Viacom. Ms. Phelps joined Viacom in 2005 from DeVries Public Relations.

**Nancy Phillips** has been our Executive Vice President, Chief People Officer since December 2019. Prior to joining the Company, she served as Executive Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer of Nielsen Holdings PLC beginning in 2017, having served as Executive Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer of Broadcom Corporation from 2014 to 2016. From 2010 to 2014, Ms. Phillips was Senior Vice President, Human Resources for the Imaging and Printing Group at Hewlett-Packard Company, and previously served as Senior Vice President, Human Resources, Enterprise Services. From 2008 to 2010, Ms. Phillips served as Executive Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer at Fifth Third Bancorp. Prior to that, Ms. Phillips spent 11 years at General Electric Company, holding various human resources positions. Ms. Phillips practiced law from 1993 to 1997.

## Available Information

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy and information statements and other information with the SEC. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to such reports filed with or furnished to the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, will be available free of charge on our website at *paramount.com* (under *Investors*) as soon as reasonably practicable after the reports are filed with the SEC. These documents are also available on the SEC's website at *sec.gov*.

We announce material financial information through SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls and webcasts on our website at *paramount.com* (under *Investors*). We may use any of these channels as well as social media and blogs to communicate with investors about our Company. It is possible that the information we post on social media and blogs could be deemed to be material information. Therefore, we encourage investors, the media, and others interested in our Company to review the information we post on the social media channels and blogs listed on our investor relations website.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

A wide range of risks may affect our business, financial condition or results of operations, now and in the future. We consider the risks described below to be the most significant. There may be other currently unknown or unpredictable factors that could have adverse effects on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Business and Industry**

##### ***If our streaming business is unsuccessful, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected***

Streaming is intensely competitive and cash intensive and there can be no assurance our streaming business will be profitable or otherwise successful. Our ability to continue to attract, engage and retain streaming subscribers and active users (together, "users"), as well as generate the corresponding subscription and advertising revenues, depends on a number of factors, including our ability to consistently provide appealing and differentiated content that resonates globally, effectively market our content and services, and provide a quality experience for selecting and viewing that content. Our success will require significant investments to produce original content and acquire the rights to third-party content, including sports, as well as the establishment and maintenance of key content and distribution partnerships. If we are unable to manage costs or maintain such partnerships, we may fail to meet our profitability goals.

In addition to attracting new users, we must also meaningfully engage existing users with content to minimize "churn" and maximize our advertising and subscription revenues. If we are unable to successfully compete with competitors in attracting, engaging and retaining users, as well as creative talent, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected. If consumers do not consider our streaming services to be of value compared to competing services, including because we fail to introduce compelling new content and features, do not maintain competitive pricing, especially during economic downturns or other adverse macroeconomic conditions, terminate or modify promotional or trial period offerings, change the mix of content in a manner that is unfavorably received, or offer an inferior consumer viewing experience, we may not be able to attract, engage and retain users, and our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected.

***We derive substantial revenues from the sale of advertising, and a decline in advertising revenues has had, and could continue to have, an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations***

Our advertising revenues have been and may continue to be adversely impacted by advertising market conditions, changes in consumer behavior and deficiencies in audience measurement.

The strength of the advertising market can fluctuate, reflecting the impact of general macroeconomic conditions as well as the economic prospects and spending priorities of specific advertisers or industries, and may continue to decline. Our ability to generate advertising revenue is also dependent on demand for our content, the viewers in our targeted demographics, advertising rates and results observed by advertisers. Natural and other disasters, pandemics, acts of terrorism, political uncertainty or hostilities could also lead to a reduction in domestic and international advertising expenditures as a result of disrupted programming and services and economic uncertainty.

Major sports events, such as the Super Bowl and the NCAA Division I Men's Basketball Tournament, and state, congressional and presidential elections cycles, may cause our advertising revenues to vary substantially from year to year. Political advertising expenditures are impacted by the ability and willingness of candidates and political action campaigns to spend funds on advertising and the competitive nature of the elections affecting viewers in markets featuring our content.

The evolution of consumer preferences toward streaming and other digital services and the increasing number of entertainment choices has intensified audience fragmentation and reduced viewership through traditional linear distribution models, which has caused and may continue to cause ratings and viewership declines for our television networks. This evolution has also given rise to new ways of purchasing advertising, as well as a general shift in total advertising expenditures toward streaming and digital, some of which may not be as beneficial to us as traditional advertising methods. In addition, an increase in the number of advertising-supported streaming offerings has intensified, and may continue to intensify, competition for viewers and advertising. There can be no assurance that we can successfully navigate the evolving streaming and digital advertising market or that the advertising revenues we generate in that market will replace the declines in advertising revenues generated from our traditional linear business.

Advertising sales are also largely dependent on audience measurement and could be negatively affected if measurement methodologies do not accurately reflect viewership levels. The industry is currently transitioning to a multiplatform measurement environment in an effort to more completely measure viewership and advertising across linear, streaming and digital, but has not yet established a consistent methodology for such measurement. Currently, the primary measurement technique used in our television advertising sales does not fully measure viewership across streaming and digital platforms. We measure and monetize across our streaming services using census-based advertising-server data establishing the number of impressions served, combined with third-party data providing demographic composition estimates. Multiplatform campaign verification is still not measured by any one consistently applied method. While we expect innovation and standards around multiplatform measurement to benefit us as the advertising market continues to evolve, we are nevertheless partially dependent on third parties to deliver those solutions. Our ability to target and measure audiences is also limited by an increasing number of global laws and regulations.

***We operate in highly competitive and dynamic industries and our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected if we do not compete effectively***

We face substantial and increasing competition to attract creative talent, to produce and acquire the rights to high-quality content, to acquire and retain users and to distribute our content and services on a variety of third-party platforms. Competition for talent, content, audiences, subscribers, service providers, production infrastructure, advertising and distribution is intense and comes from other television networks and stations, streaming services (including those that provide pirated content), social media, content studios and independent content producers and distributors, consumer products companies and other entertainment outlets and platforms, as well as from

“second screen” applications. We also compete with additional entrants into the market for the production of original content.

Our competitors include companies with interests in multiple media businesses that are often vertically integrated, as well as companies in adjacent sectors with significant financial, marketing and other resources, greater efficiencies of scale, fewer regulatory burdens and more competitive pricing. Our competitors may also enter into business combinations or alliances that strengthen their competitive position. We also rely on third-party platforms with which we compete to make our content available to our users, and if these third parties are unwilling to continue to distribute our content or distribute it on terms that are favorable to us, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected.

These competitive pressures have increased and may continue to increase. Accordingly, the prices we pay for talent and intellectual property rights have resulted in, and may continue to result in, significant cost increases. We invest significant resources to produce, market and distribute original content. We also acquire content and ancillary rights and pay related rights fees (including for sports and music rights), license fees, royalties and/or contingent compensation. If these competitive pressures continue to increase, we may not be able to produce or acquire content in a cost-effective manner. We may be outbid by our competitors for the rights to new, popular content or in connection with the renewals of popular rights we currently hold. Accordingly, there can be no assurance we will realize anticipated returns on our investments.

This competition could result in a decrease in users, lower ratings and advertising revenues, lower affiliate and other revenues, and increased content costs and promotional and other expenses, which can negatively affect our ability to generate revenues and profitability. There can be no assurance we will be able to compete successfully in the future against existing or new competitors, or that competition in the marketplace will not have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

***The unpredictable and constantly shifting nature of consumer behavior, as well as evolving technologies and distribution models, have affected, and could continue to adversely affect, our business, financial condition or results of operations***

Our success depends on our ability to anticipate and adapt to shifting content consumption patterns, evolving technologies and distribution models. Our ability to maintain attractive brands and to create, distribute and/or license popular content are key to our success and ability to generate revenues. The revenues we generate primarily depend on our ability to consistently anticipate and satisfy consumer tastes and expectations in the U.S. and internationally. Consumer tastes and behavior change frequently, and it is a challenge to anticipate what will be successful at any point in time. The popularity of our original content and the content we acquire from third parties is affected by our ability to target key audiences; the quality and attractiveness of competing content; and the availability and popularity of alternative forms of entertainment and leisure activities. Declines in the popularity of the content we distribute, including sports for which we have acquired rights, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Evolving technologies affect the demand for our content, how our content is generated, distributed and consumed, the sources and nature of competing content offerings and the options available to advertisers for reaching target audiences, all of which can affect how we generate and maintain predictable revenues and profitability. These developments have impacted certain traditional distribution models, including ones we have historically relied upon, as demonstrated by industrywide declines in broadcast and cable ratings, declines in cable subscribers, the development of alternative distribution platforms for broadcast and cable content and reduced theatergoing. Declines in linear viewership are expected to continue and may accelerate, which could adversely affect our advertising and affiliate revenues.

These shifts in consumer behavior may also be exacerbated by future disruptions to our operations, including prolonged disruptions to our ability to create content caused by global events outside our control such as health outbreaks or pandemics similar to COVID-19 or industry-wide strikes similar to what we experienced in 2023.

To respond to these developments, we regularly consider, and from time to time adopt or develop, new technologies and changes to our business models and strategies to remain competitive, such as our increased investment in streaming. There can be no assurance we will successfully anticipate or respond to these developments, that we will not experience disruption, even as we respond to such developments, or that the new technologies or business models we develop will be as successful or as profitable as historical or existing ones.

***Our ongoing changes in business strategy, including decisions to make investments in new businesses, products, services, technologies and other strategic activities, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations***

We have made, and expect to continue to make, changes to our business strategy to effectively respond to market and consumer changes that are subject to execution risk and there can be no assurance they will produce anticipated benefits. As part of our business strategy, we have invested in, and expect to continue to invest in, new businesses, products, services, technologies and other strategic initiatives, including through acquisitions, and strategic partnerships and investments, and enter into restructurings, cost savings and other transformation initiatives. These investments and initiatives may involve significant risks and uncertainties, including: difficulty integrating acquired businesses; failure to realize anticipated benefits; unanticipated expenses and liabilities; potential disruption to our business and operations; diversion of management's attention; difficulty managing expanded operations; the loss or inability to retain key employees and creative talent; unanticipated challenges to or loss of our relationship with new or existing users, viewers, advertisers, suppliers, distributors and licensors; legal and regulatory limitations; insufficient revenues from such investments to offset any new liabilities assumed and expenses associated with new investments; and failure to successfully develop an acquired business or technology. Many of these factors are outside of our control, and because new investments are inherently risky, and the anticipated benefits or value of these investments may not materialize, there can be no assurance such investments and other strategic initiatives will not adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

***The loss of affiliation and distribution agreements, renewal of these agreements on less favorable terms or adverse interpretations thereof could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations***

A significant portion of our revenues are attributable to agreements with a limited number of distributors. There can be no assurance these agreements will be renewed in the future, or renewed on favorable terms, including those related to pricing, programming tiers and the types of the rights we grant to distributors. The loss of existing packaging, positioning, pricing or other opportunities and the loss of carriage or the failure to renew our agreements with any distributor, or renew them on favorable terms, could reduce the distribution of our programming and program services and decrease the potential audience for our programs, thereby negatively affecting our growth prospects and revenues from both affiliate fees and advertising. The CBS Network provides affiliated television stations regularly scheduled programming in return for the insertion of network commercials during that programming and the payment of reverse compensation. The loss of such station affiliation agreements could adversely affect our results of operations by reducing the reach of our programming and therefore our attractiveness to advertisers, and renewal of these affiliation agreements on less favorable terms may also adversely affect our results of operations.

Consolidation among and vertical integration of distributors in the cable and broadcast network businesses have provided more leverage to these distributors and could adversely affect our ability to maintain or obtain distribution for our network programming or distribution and/or marketing of our subscription services on favorable or commercially reasonable terms, or at all. Also, consolidation among television station group owners could increase their negotiating leverage. Competitive pressures faced by MVPDs, particularly in light of evolving consumer consumption patterns and new distribution models, could adversely affect the terms of our renewals with MVPDs. In addition, MVPDs continue to develop alternative offerings and to the extent these offerings do not include our content and become widely accepted in lieu of traditional offerings, we could experience a decline in affiliate revenues.

Our revenues are dependent on the compliance of major distributors with the terms of our affiliation or distribution agreements. As these agreements have grown in complexity, the number of disputes regarding their interpretation and even their validity has grown, resulting in greater uncertainty and, from time to time, litigation with respect to our rights and obligations. Some of our distribution agreements contain “most favored nation” (“MFN”) clauses, which provide that if we enter into an agreement with a distributor and such agreement includes terms that are more favorable than those held by a distributor holding an MFN right, we must offer some of those terms to the distributor holding the MFN right. Disagreements with a distributor on the interpretation or validity of an agreement could adversely impact our affiliate and advertising revenues, as well as our relationship with that distributor.

***Damage to our reputation or brands could adversely affect us across businesses and regions***

Our reputation and globally recognized brands are critical to our success. Our reputation depends on a number of factors, including the quality of our offerings, the level of trust we maintain with our consumers and our ability to successfully innovate. Because our brands engage consumers across our businesses, damage to our reputation or brands in one business may have an impact on our others and, because some of our brands are recognized around the world, brand damage may not be locally contained. Significant negative claims or publicity regarding Paramount or its business decisions, operations, practices, content, products, social responsibility and culture, management, employees, business partners and individuals associated with the content we create and/or license, as well as our inability to adequately prepare for or respond to such negative claims or publicity, may damage our brands or reputation, even if such claims are untrue. Damage to our reputation or brands could impact our sales, number of viewers, users and other customers, business opportunities, profitability, retention, recruiting and the trading prices of our Common Stock.

***Losses due to asset impairment charges for goodwill, intangible assets, FCC licenses and content could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations***

Certain events and circumstances, including further deterioration of market conditions, increases in interest rates, and declines in projections (including from continued weakness in the advertising market, a shift by advertisers to competing advertising platforms, changes in consumer behavior, an acceleration in subscriber declines for our broadcast and cable networks, and/or a decrease in audience acceptance of our content), could result in a downward revision in the estimated fair value of a reporting unit, intangible assets, including FCC licenses, and/or content, which could result in a noncash impairment charge. Any such impairment charge for goodwill, intangible assets and/or content could have a material adverse effect on our reported net earnings.

***Our liabilities related to discontinued operations and former businesses could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations***

We have both recognized and potential liabilities and costs related to discontinued operations and former businesses, certain of which are unrelated to our existing business, including leases, guarantees, environmental liabilities, liabilities related to the pensions and medical expenses of retirees, asbestos liabilities, contractual disputes and other pending and threatened litigation. There can be no assurance that our accruals for these matters are sufficient to cover these liabilities, individually or in the aggregate, if and/or when they become due. Therefore, there can be no assurance that these liabilities will not have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

***ESG matters could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations***

We are committed to addressing ESG-related matters and have announced a number of ESG initiatives and goals. Such initiatives, and our response to ESG-related laws and regulations, including newly-enacted domestic and international laws and regulations related to climate change and sustainability, will require additional investments, as well as the attention of our management team, in connection with implementation and oversight of new practices and reporting processes, and will impose additional compliance risk. Our ability to implement these new initiatives and achieve our goals will be dependent on a number of factors. In addition, the perceptions of our

initiatives, which may vary among our viewers, customers, advertisers, distributors, suppliers, creative talent, employees, licensors and other stakeholders, the goals that we set and our efforts to achieve them may present risks to our reputation and brands. If we are unable to meet the ESG goals we set or if our initiatives and goals are not aligned with the expectations of our stakeholders, it could impact our advertising revenue, number of viewers and users and business opportunities, all of which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Risks Relating to Business Continuity, Cybersecurity and Privacy and Data Protection**

*Disruptions or failures of, or attacks on, our or our service providers' networks, information systems and other technologies could result in the disclosure of business or personal information, disruption of our businesses, damage to our brands and reputation, and legal exposure and financial losses*

Cloud services, networks, software, information systems and other technologies we use or that are used by our third-party service providers and our product suppliers ("Providers"), including technology systems used by us and our Providers in connection with the production and distribution of our content (including content delivery networks to stream programming, films and other content in high volume to viewers and users of our online, mobile and app offerings over the internet) and that otherwise perform important functions ("Systems"), are critical to our business activities. These Systems have experienced, and are expected to continue to experience, cybersecurity attacks intended to disrupt our services and operations, exfiltrate, corrupt or prevent our access and/or use of our data, proprietary information or intellectual property, or exfiltrate or corrupt the personal and other information of third parties, employees, contractors and customers.

Shutdowns, disruptions and attacks on our or our Providers' Systems pose increasing risks to our business and may be caused by third-party hacking; dissemination of computer viruses, worms, malware, ransomware and other destructive or disruptive software; denial-of-service attacks and other bad acts; human error; and power outages, natural disasters, extreme weather, terrorist attacks or other similar events. Shutdowns, disruptions and attacks could have an adverse impact on us, our business partners, advertisers and other Providers, employees, consumers of our content, including degradation or disruption of service, loss of data or intellectual property, and damage to equipment and data. Steps we or our Providers take to enhance, improve or upgrade Systems may not be sufficient to avoid shutdowns, disruptions and attacks. Significant events could result in a disruption of our operations and reduction of our revenues, the loss of or damage to intellectual property, the loss of or damage to the integrity of data used by management to make decisions and operate our businesses, viewer or advertiser dissatisfaction or a loss of viewers or advertisers, and damage to our reputation or brands. In addition, our recovery and business continuity plans may prove inadequate to address any such disruption, failure or cybersecurity attack.

We are subject to risks caused by the misappropriation, misuse, falsification or intentional or accidental release or loss of business or personal data or content maintained in our or our Providers' Systems, including proprietary and personal information of third parties, employees and users of our online, mobile and app offerings, business information, including intellectual property, or other confidential information. Outside parties may attempt to penetrate our or our Providers' Systems, or fraudulently induce employees, business partners or users of our online, mobile and app offerings to disclose sensitive or confidential information, to gain access to our proprietary data or the data of our users, employees or contractors, our content or other intellectual property. The number and sophistication of attempted and successful phishing, information security breaches or disruptive ransomware or denial-of-service attacks have increased significantly in recent years, and because of our prominence or the prominence of our content, we and/or our Providers may be a particularly attractive target for such attacks. Because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access to, or disable, degrade or sabotage, networks and Systems change frequently, we or our Providers may be unable to anticipate these techniques, implement adequate security measures or remediate flaws or detect intrusion on a timely or effective basis. We also rely on proprietary and third-party technologies to optimize operations across certain areas of our business. The use of these technologies may lead to unintentional disclosure of sensitive, confidential, proprietary or personal

information of ours and of our employees or customers. Such technologies may be subject to manipulation or prone to error from data or manipulation outside our direct control.

We operate an information security program to identify and mitigate cybersecurity risk. Despite our efforts, the risk of unauthorized access, modification, exfiltration, destruction or denial of access with respect to our data, the data of our customers and employees or our Systems and other cybersecurity attacks cannot be eliminated entirely, and the risks associated with a potential incident remain. If a breach or perceived breach of our Systems or those of our Providers occurs, the perception of the effectiveness of our security measures could be harmed, we could lose consumers, revenues, advertisers and other business partners, and users of our online, mobile and app offerings; our reputation, brands, credibility and the overall attractiveness of our offerings could be damaged; and we could be required to expend significant amounts of money and other resources to repair, replace or recover such Systems. We could also be subject to actions by regulatory authorities and claims asserted in private litigation. The costs relating to any data breach could be material, and we may not have adequate insurance coverage to compensate us for any losses associated with such events.

## **Risks Relating to Intellectual Property**

### ***Infringement of our content reduces revenue received from the distribution of our programming, films, interactive games and other entertainment content***

Our success depends in part on our ability to maintain and monetize our intellectual property rights. We are fundamentally a content company and infringement of our content adversely affects the value of our content. Copyright infringement is particularly prevalent in many parts of the world that lack effective laws and technical protection measures similar to those in the U.S. and Europe or lack effective enforcement of such measures, or both. Such foreign copyright infringement can also create a supply of pirated content for major markets. The interpretation of copyright, trademark and other intellectual property laws as applied to our content, and our infringement-detection and enforcement efforts, remain in flux, and some methods of enforcement have encountered political or commercial opposition. The failure to appropriately enforce and/or the weakening of existing intellectual property laws could make it more difficult for us to adequately protect and monetize our intellectual property and thus negatively affect its value.

Copyright infringement is made easier by the wide availability of higher bandwidth and reduced storage costs, as well as tools that undermine encryption and other security features and enable infringers to disguise their identities online. We and our production and distribution partners operate various technology systems in connection with the production and distribution of our programming and films, and intentional or unintentional acts could result in unauthorized access to our content. The continuing proliferation of digital formats and technologies heightens this risk. Internet-connected televisions, set-top boxes and mobile devices are ubiquitous, and many can support illegal retransmission platforms, illicit video-on-demand or streaming services and preloaded hardware, providing more accessible, versatile and legitimate-looking environments for consuming unlicensed film and television content. Unauthorized access to our content could result in the premature release of films, television programs or other content as well as a reduction in demand for authorized content, which would likely have adverse effects on the value of the affected content and our ability to monetize it. Additionally, laws and regulations governing new technologies, including generative AI, remain unsettled, and legal and further technological developments in this area could impact our ability to protect against infringing uses of our content.

Copyright infringement reduces the revenue that we are able to generate from the legitimate sale and distribution of our content, undermines lawful distribution channels, reduces the public's and some affiliate partners' perceived value of our content and inhibits our ability to recoup or profit from the costs incurred to create such content. We are actively engaged in enforcement and other activities to protect our intellectual property, and it is likely that we will continue to expend resources in connection with these initiatives. Efforts to prevent the unauthorized reproduction, distribution and exhibition of our content may affect our profitability and may not be successful in preventing harm to our business.

## **Risks Relating to Macroeconomic and Political Conditions**

### ***Economic and political conditions in the U.S. and around the world could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations***

Our businesses operate and have audiences, customers and partners worldwide. Accordingly, the economic conditions in the U.S. and around the world affect a number of aspects of our businesses. The global financial markets have experienced significant recent volatility, marked by declining economic growth, diminished liquidity and availability of credit, declines in consumer confidence, significant concerns about increasing and persistently high inflation and uncertainty about economic stability. The global financial markets have also been adversely affected by current geopolitical events. There can be no assurance further deterioration in credit and financial markets and confidence in economic conditions will not occur. Volatility and weakness in the capital markets, the tightening of credit markets or additional decreases in our debt ratings could adversely affect our ability to obtain cost-effective financing. Increasing inflation in the U.S. raises our costs for labor and services and other costs required to operate our business.

Economic conditions in each market (such as current high inflation or global supply chain issues) can also impact our audience's discretionary spending and therefore their willingness to access our content, as well as the businesses of our partners who purchase advertising from us, causing them to reduce their spending. We may also be subject to longer payment cycles. In addition, foreign currency fluctuations have impacted, and may continue to impact, revenues and expenses of our international operations and expose us to foreign currency exchange rate risk. We may also be impacted by broader supply chain delays.

Our businesses are also exposed to certain political risks inherent in conducting a global business, including retaliatory actions by governments reacting to changes in the U.S. and other countries, including in connection with trade negotiations; issues related to the presence of corruption in certain markets and enforcement of anticorruption laws and regulations; increased risk of political instability in some markets as well as conflict and sanctions preventing us from accessing those markets; escalating trade, immigration and nuclear disputes; wars, acts of terrorism or other hostilities; and other political, economic or other uncertainties.

These political and economic risks could create instability in any of the markets where our businesses generate revenues, which could result in a reduction of revenue or loss of investment that adversely affects our businesses, financial condition or results of operations.

## **Risks Relating to Legal and Regulatory Matters**

### ***Failures to comply with or changes in U.S. or foreign laws or regulations could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations***

We are subject to a variety of laws and regulations, in the U.S. and in the foreign jurisdictions in which we or our partners operate, including laws and regulations relating to intellectual property, content regulation, privacy, data protection, anticorruption, repatriation of profits, tax regimes, quotas, tariffs or other trade barriers, currency exchange controls, operating license and permit requirements, restrictions on foreign ownership or investment, anticompetitive conduct, export and market access restrictions.

The broadcast and cable industries in the U.S. are highly regulated by U.S. federal laws and regulations issued and administered by various federal agencies, including the FCC. For example, we are required to obtain licenses from the FCC to operate our television stations and periodically renew them. It cannot be assured that the FCC will approve our future renewal applications or that the renewals will be for full terms or will not include conditions or qualifications. The nonrenewal, or renewal with substantial conditions or modifications, of one or more of our licenses could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. We must also comply with extensive FCC limits on the ownership and operation of our television stations and the CBS Network in the U.S., which could restrict our ability to consummate future transactions and in certain circumstances could require us to divest some television stations.

Our businesses could be adversely affected by new laws and regulations, changes in existing laws, changes in the interpretation or enforcement of existing laws by courts and regulators and the threat that additional laws or regulations may be forthcoming, as well as our ability to enforce our legal rights. Laws and regulations governing new technologies, including generative AI, remain unsettled, and legal and regulatory developments in this area could also impact our business. We could be required to change or limit certain of our business practices, which could impact our ability to generate revenues. We could also incur substantial costs to comply with new and existing laws and regulations, or face substantial fines and penalties or other liabilities, or be subjected to increased scrutiny from regulators and stakeholders, if we fail to comply with such laws and regulations.

***We are subject to complex, often inconsistent and potentially costly laws, regulations, industry standards and contractual obligations relating to privacy and personal data protection***

We are subject to laws, regulations, industry standards and contractual obligations in the U.S. and in other countries relating to privacy and the collection, use, transfer, storage and security of personal data. In the E.U., for example, the General Data Protection Regulation (“GDPR”) mandates data protection compliance obligations and authorizes significant fines for noncompliance, requiring extensive compliance resources and efforts on our part. Further, several other regions where we do business have enacted, amended or are considering new data protection regulations that may impact our business activities. In the U.S., numerous states have passed comprehensive data privacy laws. These laws mandate a host of obligations for businesses regarding how they handle personal information and provide new and expansive rights to the residents of these states. In addition, beginning in 2023, California began to offer equivalent privacy rights in the employment and business-to-business context, similar to what exists under GDPR in the E.U. Other data privacy laws, such as health data privacy laws, may also have an impact on our business, especially with regard to some of our digital advertising offerings to advertisers in the health and wellness industries. We are also subject to laws and regulations intended specifically to protect the interests of children and the online safety and privacy of minors, such as the federal Children’s Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA) and various state laws, including comprehensive privacy laws and laws specifically directed to the protection of children online. In the E.U. and the U.K., we are subject to the GDPR, and codes of conduct and rules relating to the design of digital products and services likely to be accessed by children including the U.K.’s Age Appropriate Design Code and other guidance documents issued in France, Ireland, the Netherlands, Spain, Sweden and other jurisdictions. As a result, we have been required to limit some functionality on digital properties and may be limited relative to our abilities to leverage new media with respect to children’s programming or services. Such regulations also restrict the types of advertising we are able to sell on these digital properties and how we perform measurement for advertising purposes and impose strict liability on us for certain of our actions, as well as certain actions of our advertisers and other third parties, which could affect advertising demand and pricing. Compliance with privacy and data protection rules, regulations, industry standards and contractual obligations, which may be inconsistent with one another, and noncompliance could result in regulatory investigations and enforcement, significant monetary fines, breaches of contractual obligations and private litigation. Any actual or perceived noncompliance could also lead to harm to our reputation and market position.

**Risks Relating to Human Capital**

***Labor disputes could disrupt our operations and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations***

We and our business partners engage the services of writers, directors, actors, musicians and other creative talent, production crew members, trade employees, professional athletes and others who are subject to collective bargaining agreements. Any labor dispute may disrupt our operations and cause production delays, which could increase our costs and have an adverse effect on our businesses, financial condition or results of operations. In 2023, the Writers Guild of America (“WGA”) and the Screen Actors Guild-American Federation of Television and Radio Artists (“SAG-AFTRA”) commenced industry-wide strikes following the expiration of their collective bargaining agreements with the Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers (“AMPTP”), which negotiates with the guilds on behalf of content producers. These strikes resulted in months-long shutdowns in

television and film production, and while new three-year agreements were ultimately reached with the WGA and SAG-AFTRA (expiring in May and June 2026, respectively), upcoming negotiations with other unions could lead to further work stoppages. For example, the AMPTP's agreement with the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts of the United States, Its Territories and Canada (IATSE) will expire in July 2024. There can be no assurance we will be able to renew our collective bargaining agreements as they expire or without work stoppages.

***The inability to hire or retain key employees or secure creative talent could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations***

Our business depends on the continued efforts, abilities and expertise of our executives and other employees and the creative talent with whom we work. We compete for executives in highly specialized and evolving industries and our ability to attract, retain and engage such individuals may be impacted by our reputation, workplace culture, the training, development, compensation and benefits we provide, our commitment to effectively managing executive succession, and our efforts with respect to DEI and ESG matters. We also employ or contract with entertainment personalities with loyal audiences and produce films and other content with highly regarded directors, producers, writers, actors and other creative talent in highly competitive markets. These individuals are important to attracting viewers and to the success of our content, and our ability to attract and retain them may also be impacted by our reputation, culture and DEI and ESG efforts. There can be no assurance these individuals will remain with us or will retain their current appeal, or that the costs associated with retaining them or new talent will be reasonable. If we fail to retain or attract new key employees or creative talent, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected.

**Risks Relating to Ownership of our Common Stock**

***We have experienced, and may continue to experience, volatility in the prices of our Common Stock***

We have experienced, and may continue to experience, volatility in the prices of our Common Stock. Various factors have impacted, and may continue to impact, the prices of our Common Stock, including variations in our operating results; changes in our estimates, guidance or business plans; variations between our actual results and expectations of securities analysts, and changes in recommendations by securities analysts; changes by any ratings agency to our outlook or credit ratings; market sentiment about our business, including the viability of our streaming business and views related to its profitability; the activities, operating results or stock price of our competitors or other industry participants in the industries in which we operate; changes in management; the announcement or completion of significant transactions by us or a competitor; events affecting the stock market generally; and the broader macroeconomic and political environment in the U.S. and internationally, as well as other factors and risks described in this section. Some of these factors may adversely affect the prices of our Common Stock, regardless of our operating performance.

***NAI, through its voting control of the Company, is in a position to control actions that require stockholder approval***

NAI, through its direct and indirect ownership of our Class A Common Stock, has voting control of the Company. As of December 31, 2023, NAI directly or indirectly owned approximately 77.4% of our voting Class A Common Stock, and approximately 9.7% of our Common Stock. NAI is controlled by the Sumner M. Redstone National Amusements Part B General Trust (the "General Trust"), which owns 80% of the voting interest of NAI. NA Administration, LLC is the corporate trustee of the General Trust and is governed by a seven-member board of directors, which acts by majority vote (subject to certain exceptions), including with respect to the NAI shares held by the General Trust. Shari E. Redstone, Chairperson, CEO and President of NAI and non-executive Chair of our Board of Directors, is one of the seven directors of NA Administration, LLC and one of two directors who are beneficiaries of the General Trust. No member of our management or other member of our Board of Directors is a director of NA Administration, LLC.

NAI is in a position to control the outcome of corporate actions that require, or may be accomplished by, stockholder approval, including amending our bylaws, the election or removal of directors and transactions involving a change of control. For example, our bylaws provide that:

- the affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the aggregate voting power of all outstanding shares of our capital stock then entitled to vote generally in an election of directors, voting together as a single class, is required for our stockholders to amend, alter, change, repeal or adopt any of our bylaws;
- any or all of our directors may be removed from office at any time prior to the expiration of his or her term of office, with or without cause, only by the affirmative vote of the holders of record of outstanding shares representing at least a majority of all the aggregate voting power of outstanding shares of our Common Stock then entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class at a special meeting of our stockholders called expressly for that purpose; and
- in accordance with the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, our stockholders may act by written consent without a meeting if such stockholders hold the number of shares representing not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such actions at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted.

Accordingly, our stockholders who may have different interests are unable to affect the outcome of any such corporate actions for so long as NAI retains voting control.

***Sales of NAI's shares of our Common Stock, some of which are pledged to lenders or otherwise encumbered, could adversely affect the stock prices***

According to information received from NAI, NAI has pledged to its lenders a portion of shares of our Class A Common Stock and our Class B Common Stock owned directly or indirectly by NAI. As of December 31, 2023, the aggregate number of shares pledged by NAI to its lenders or otherwise encumbered represented approximately 4.3% of the total outstanding shares of our Common Stock. If there is a default on NAI's debt obligations and the lenders foreclose on the encumbered shares, the lenders may not effect a transfer, sale or disposition of any such shares of our Class A Common Stock unless NAI and its affiliates beneficially own 50% or less of our Class A Common Stock then outstanding or such shares have first been converted into our Class B Common Stock. A sale of the pledged Common Stock could adversely affect the stock prices. In addition, there can be no assurance that at some future time there will not be a change in ownership of NAI or that NAI will not sell or pledge additional shares of our Common Stock, which could adversely affect the stock prices.

**Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments.***

Not applicable.

**Item 1C. *Cybersecurity.***

Our information security program, the framework for how we assess, identify and manage risks from information security and cybersecurity threats, is designed in alignment with the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework and leverages the International Organization for Standardization 27001 framework. Cybersecurity risk is integrated into our overall strategic risk management ("SRM") program, which evaluates key risk areas across Paramount by a cross-functional group of risk owners, in close coordination with members of senior management.

Our information security program is overseen by our Chief Technology Officer ("CTO") and Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO"), in consultation with our Chief Privacy Officer as needed. We employ a layered defense-in-depth system, which includes the use of continually evolving technologies to assess and protect the security of our enterprise-wide applications and Systems, our intellectual property and proprietary and other

information and the data and personal information of our customers and employees; monitoring of our technology environment; performing regular security audits and vulnerability assessments; and regular cybersecurity and privacy training for our employees. We engage consultants and other third parties to conduct independent security assessments of our information security program and to provide us with information on new and developing threats and tactics. We have established processes to oversee and identify risks and cybersecurity threats associated with our third-party service providers.

Pursuant to our information security and privacy policies and corresponding training, our employees and third-party vendors are instructed to notify our information security team as soon as they become aware of a suspected cybersecurity incident. We have a cybersecurity incident response plan to manage our response to potential and actual cybersecurity incidents. The plan includes procedures to assess the potential impact of an incident on the Company. When an incident meets certain criteria, the CISO and members of the information security team timely notify members of senior management, including our CTO and General Counsel, and under certain circumstances, the Audit Committee. All incidents are reviewed periodically with senior management.

Our Board of Directors has delegated to the Audit Committee the responsibility for reviewing our processes and policies with respect to risk assessment, risk management and risk acceptance, including our processes and policies with respect to information security and cybersecurity. The Audit Committee receives quarterly reports from the CTO and CISO, which include information on the broader information security and cybersecurity threat landscape, the information security program's strategic priorities, progress made in respect of those priorities and summaries of cybersecurity incidents and related remediation efforts. Our Chief Audit Executive reports to the Audit Committee with respect to our key risks, including information security and cybersecurity risks, which are monitored pursuant to our SRM program.

Our CTO leads our global technology strategy and multiplatform operations and has over 15 years of experience working in technology positions at large media companies. Our CISO has more than 20 years of experience managing information security for media/entertainment, technology, retail and financial services companies. While at Paramount, our CISO oversaw the integration of Viacom's and CBS's information security programs and our transformation to a cloud-centric, global streaming provider.

We have experienced cybersecurity attacks in the past and may experience attacks in the future, potentially with more frequency or sophistication. Although past attacks have not materially impacted our strategy, financial condition or results of operations, the scope and impact of any future incident cannot be predicted. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Business Continuity, Cybersecurity and Privacy and Data Protection."

## **Item 2.      *Properties.***

Our significant physical properties are described below. In addition, we own and lease office, studio, production and warehouse space and broadcast, antenna and satellite transmission facilities throughout the U.S. and around the world. We consider our properties adequate for our present needs.

- Our global headquarters is located at 1515 Broadway, New York, New York, where we lease approximately 1.6 million square feet for executive, administrative and business offices, and studio and production space for the Company and certain of our operating divisions. The lease runs through 2031, with two renewal options for 10 years each based on market rates at the time of renewal.

### **TV Media**

- We own the CBS Broadcast Center complex located on approximately 3.7 acres at 524 West 57th Street, New York, New York, which consists of approximately 860,000 square feet of office, studio and production space.

- We lease approximately 125,000 square feet of office, studio and production space for the operations of KCAL-TV, KCBS-TV and the CBS News Bureau at the Radford Studio Lot in Studio City, California (formerly known as the CBS Studio Center), under a lease expiring in 2031.
- We lease approximately 184,000 square feet of office and production space at 555 West 57th Street, New York, New York, under a lease expiring in 2029.
- We lease approximately 210,000 square feet of office and production space at 1575 North Gower Street, Los Angeles, California, under a lease expiring in 2028.
- We own our Cloud Control Center and Network Operations Center in Hauppauge, New York, containing approximately 170,000 square feet of floor space on approximately 22 acres of land.
- We own and lease approximately 373,000 square feet of office, studio, production and other ancillary space, as well as transmission facilities, in Buenos Aires, Argentina, under a lease expiring in 2028.
- We lease approximately 187,098 square feet of office, technical, warehouse and other ancillary space at Avenida Pedro Montt 2354, Santiago, Chile, under a lease expiring in 2025 with two renewal options of one year each.
- We own and lease approximately 140,000 square feet of office, studio and production space in London, England, under leases expiring in 2028.
- We lease approximately 118,000 square feet of office, studio, production and storage space at 1 Saunders Street, Pymont, New South Wales, Australia, under a lease expiring in 2033.

### **Filmed Entertainment**

- We own the Paramount Pictures Studio lot at 5555 Melrose Avenue, Los Angeles, California, located on approximately 62 acres of land, and containing approximately 1.85 million square feet of floor space used for executive, administrative and business offices, sound stages, production facilities, theatres, equipment facilities and other ancillary uses.
- We lease in connection with our Nickelodeon animation studio approximately 180,000 square feet of studio and office space at 203-231 West Olive Avenue, Burbank, California, under two leases expiring in 2036.

### **Item 3.      *Legal Proceedings.***

The information set forth under the caption “Legal Matters” in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements in “Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data — Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements” is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 4.      *Mine Safety Disclosures.***

Not applicable.

## Part II

### **Item 5.        *Market for Paramount Global's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Purchases of Equity Securities.***

Our voting Class A Common Stock and non-voting Class B Common Stock are listed and traded on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC under the symbols "PARAA" and "PARA," respectively.

We declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$.24 per share on our Class A and Class B Common Stock during the first quarter of 2023 and each of the quarters of 2022 and 2021. Beginning with the dividend declared in the second quarter of 2023, we reduced the quarterly cash dividend on our Class A and Class B Common Stock to \$.05 per share. We currently expect to continue to pay regular cash dividends to our common stockholders.

We declared a quarterly cash dividend on our 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock ("Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock") of \$1.5493 per share during the second quarter of 2021, representing a dividend period from March 26, 2021 through July 1, 2021, and \$1.4375 per share in each subsequent quarter. The final dividend is expected to be paid in the second quarter of 2024 when the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock will be converted into Class B Common Stock.

At December 31, 2023, the remaining authorization on our share repurchase program was \$2.36 billion. Since the program was announced in November 2010, our Board of Directors has authorized, and we have announced a total of \$17.9 billion for the repurchase of our common stock in open market purchases or other types of transactions (including accelerated stock repurchases or privately negotiated transactions). During the fourth quarter of 2023, we did not purchase any shares of our common stock.

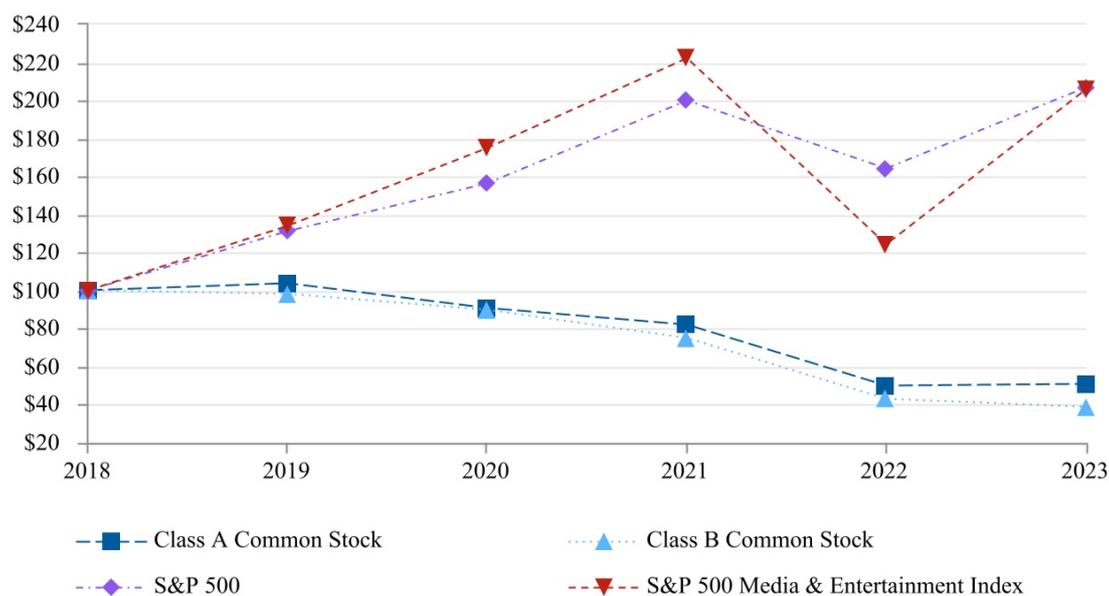
As of February 26, 2024, there were 1,830 record holders of our Class A Common Stock and 25,043 record holders of our Class B Common Stock.

## Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative total stockholder return of our Class A and Class B Common Stock with the cumulative total return on the companies listed in the Standard & Poor's 500 Stock Index ("S&P 500") and the Standard & Poor's 500 Media and Entertainment Industry Group Index ("S&P 500 Media and Entertainment Index").

The performance graph assumes \$100 invested on December 31, 2018 in each of our Class A and Class B Common Stock, the S&P 500, and the S&P 500 Media and Entertainment Index, including reinvestment of dividends, through the calendar year ended December 31, 2023.

**Total Cumulative Stockholder Return  
For Five-Year Period Ended December 31, 2023**



<b>December 31,</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>
Class A Common Stock	\$100	\$104	\$91	\$82	\$50	\$51
Class B Common Stock	\$100	\$98	\$90	\$75	\$43	\$39
S&P 500	\$100	\$131	\$156	\$200	\$164	\$207
S&P 500 Media & Entertainment Index	\$100	\$134	\$175	\$222	\$124	\$206

**Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition.**  
*(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)*

Management’s discussion and analysis of the results of operations and financial condition of Paramount Global should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes. References in this document to “Paramount,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Paramount Global and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

Significant components of management’s discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition include:

- *Overview*—Summary of our business and operational highlights.
- *Consolidated Results of Operations*—Analysis of our results on a consolidated basis for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, including a comparison of 2023 to 2022.
- *Segment Results of Operations*—Analysis of our results on a reportable segment basis for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, including comparisons of 2023 to 2022.
- *Liquidity and Capital Resources*—Discussions of our cash flows, including sources and uses of cash, for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and of our outstanding debt, commitments and contingencies as of December 31, 2023.
- *Critical Accounting Policies*—Detail with respect to accounting policies that are considered by management to require significant judgment and use of estimates and that could have a significant impact on our financial statements.
- *Legal Matters*—Discussion of legal matters to which we are involved.
- *Market Risk*—Discussion of how we manage exposure to market and interest rate risks.

An analysis of our results on a consolidated basis, for the year ended December 31, 2021, including comparisons of 2022 to 2021 and a discussion of our cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2021, is included in “Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

**Management’s Discussion and Analysis of  
Results of Operations and Financial Condition (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)**

**Overview**

*Operational Highlights 2023 vs. 2022*

<b>Consolidated results of operations Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Increase/(Decrease)</b>	
			<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
<i>GAAP:</i>				
Revenues	\$ 29,652	\$ 30,154	\$ (502)	(2)%
Operating income (loss)	\$ (451)	\$ 2,342	\$ (2,793)	n/m
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Paramount	\$ (1,284)	\$ 725	\$ (2,009)	n/m
Diluted EPS from continuing operations	\$ (2.06)	\$ 1.03	\$ (3.09)	n/m
<i>Non-GAAP: <sup>(a)</sup></i>				
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ 2,390	\$ 3,276	\$ (886)	(27)%
Adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Paramount	\$ 400	\$ 1,171	\$ (771)	(66)%
Adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations	\$ .52	\$ 1.71	\$ (1.19)	(70)%

n/m - not meaningful

(a) Certain items identified as affecting comparability are excluded in non-GAAP results. See “*Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures*” for details of these items and reconciliations of non-GAAP results to the most directly comparable financial measures in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”).

For 2023, revenues decreased 2% to \$29.65 billion, as lower revenues from our linear networks, content licensing, and theatrical releases were partially offset by growth from our streaming services, led by Paramount+. The decrease in revenue from our linear networks was principally the result of continued weakness in the global advertising market and the decrease in theatrical revenues was primarily due to the comparison with the success of *Top Gun: Maverick* in 2022.

We reported an operating loss of \$451 million compared with operating income of \$2.34 billion for the prior year. This comparison was impacted by programming charges of \$2.37 billion recorded in 2023. Adjusted operating income before depreciation and amortization (“Adjusted OIBDA”), which excludes these charges as well as other items described under *Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures*, decreased 27% to \$2.39 billion, driven by the decline in linear and licensing revenues and the timing and mix of theatrical releases in each year, partially offset by lower content costs for our linear networks and improved results for our streaming services.

For 2023, we reported a net loss from continuing operations attributable to Paramount of \$1.28 billion, or \$2.06 per diluted share, compared with net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Paramount of \$725 million, or \$1.03 per diluted share, for the prior year. The comparison was impacted by the programming charges noted above and the other items described under *Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures*. These items have been excluded in adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Paramount and adjusted diluted earnings per share (“EPS”), which decreased \$771 million and \$1.19 per diluted share, respectively, primarily reflecting the lower tax-effected Adjusted OIBDA and losses from our investment in SkyShowtime.

*Labor Strikes*

In May 2023, the Writers Guild of America (“WGA”) commenced an industry-wide strike following the expiration of its collective bargaining agreement with the Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers (“AMPTP”). In July 2023, the Screen Actors Guild-American Federation of Television and Radio Artists (“SAG-AFTRA”) also commenced an industry-wide strike after the expiration of its collective bargaining agreement with

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the AMPTP. These strikes resulted in temporary shutdowns of production on certain of our television and film programming, which resulted in less new content available for licensing and for our networks and streaming services, as well as lower-than-expected spending for content and marketing costs during the second half of 2023. We resumed production during the fourth quarter, after the AMPTP reached agreements with the WGA and SAG-AFTRA.

*Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures*

Results for each of the years presented included certain items identified as affecting comparability. Adjusted OIBDA, adjusted earnings from continuing operations before income taxes, adjusted provision for income taxes, adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Paramount, adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations, and adjusted effective income tax rate (together, the “adjusted measures”) exclude the impact of these items and are measures of performance not calculated in accordance with GAAP. We use these measures to, among other things, evaluate our operating performance. These measures are among the primary measures used by management for planning and forecasting of future periods, and they are important indicators of our operational strength and business performance. In addition, we use Adjusted OIBDA to, among other things, value prospective acquisitions. We believe these measures are relevant and useful for investors because they allow investors to view performance in a manner similar to the method used by our management; provide a clearer perspective on our underlying performance; and make it easier for investors, analysts and peers to compare our operating performance to other companies in our industry and to compare our year-over-year results.

Because the adjusted measures are measures of performance not calculated in accordance with GAAP, they should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for, operating income (loss), earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes, (provision for) benefit from income taxes, net earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Paramount, diluted EPS from continuing operations, and effective income tax rate, as applicable, as indicators of operating performance. These measures, as we calculate them, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies.

The following tables reconcile the adjusted measures to their most directly comparable financial measures in accordance with GAAP.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Operating income (loss) (GAAP)	\$ (451)	\$ 2,342
Depreciation and amortization	418	378
Programming charges <sup>(a)</sup>	2,371	—
Impairment charges <sup>(a)</sup>	83	27
Restructuring charges <sup>(a)</sup>	102	328
Other corporate matters <sup>(a)</sup>	(133)	257
Gains on dispositions <sup>(a)</sup>	—	(56)
<b>Adjusted OIBDA (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>\$ 2,390</b>	<b>\$ 3,276</b>

(a) See notes on the following tables for additional information on items affecting comparability.

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	Year Ended December 31, 2023			
	Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes	Benefit from (Provision for) Income Taxes	Net Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Attributable to Paramount	Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations
Reported (GAAP)	\$ (1,253)	\$ 361 <sup>(g)</sup>	\$ (1,284)	\$ (2.06)
Items affecting comparability:				
Programming charges <sup>(a)</sup>	2,371	(582)	1,789	2.74
Impairment charge <sup>(b)</sup>	83	(20)	63	.10
Restructuring charges <sup>(c)</sup>	102	(25)	77	.12
Other corporate matters <sup>(d)</sup>	(133)	33	(100)	(.15)
Gain from investments <sup>(e)</sup>	(168)	60	(108)	(.17)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(29)	7	(22)	(.03)
Discrete tax items <sup>(f)</sup>	—	(31)	(31)	(.05)
Impairment of equity-method investment, net of tax	—	—	16	.02
Adjusted (Non-GAAP)	\$ 973	\$ (197) <sup>(g)</sup>	\$ 400	\$ .52

(a) Comprised of programming charges recorded during the first half of 2023 in connection with the integration of Showtime into Paramount+ and initiatives to rationalize and right-size our international operations to align with our streaming strategy and close or globalize certain of our international channels. These initiatives resulted in a change in strategy for certain content, which led to content being removed from our platforms or abandoned, the write-off of development costs, distribution changes, and termination of programming agreements.

(b) Reflects a charge to reduce the carrying values of FCC licenses in five markets to their estimated fair values.

(c) Consists of \$67 million for severance costs and \$35 million for the impairment of lease assets, as further described under *Restructuring and Other Corporate Matters*.

(d) Reflects a net benefit for other corporate matters, including a gain of \$120 million from a settlement received in the fourth quarter of 2023 in connection with the CBS Litigation, as well as insurance recoveries relating to the Viacom Litigation (see *Legal Matters—Stockholder Matters—Litigation Relating to the Merger*), and a \$23 million charge to increase our accrual for asbestos matters as discussed under *Legal Matters—Claims Related to Former Businesses—Asbestos*.

(e) Reflects a gain recognized on our retained interest in Viacom18 following the discontinuance of equity method accounting resulting from the dilution of our interest from 49% to 13%.

(f) Primarily reflects tax benefits from the resolution of an income tax matter in a foreign jurisdiction, guidance issued in 2023 by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) that resulted in additional foreign taxes from 2022 being eligible for a foreign tax credit, and the settlement of income tax audits, partially offset by tax expense relating to the vesting of stock-based compensation.

(g) The reported effective income tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 was 28.8% and the adjusted effective income tax rate, which is calculated as the adjusted provision for income taxes of \$197 million divided by adjusted earnings from continuing operations before income taxes of \$973 million, was 20.2%. These adjusted measures exclude the items affecting comparability described above.

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	Year Ended December 31, 2022			
	Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Paramount	Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations
Reported (GAAP)	\$ 1,266	\$ (227) <sup>(g)</sup>	\$ 725	\$ 1.03
Items affecting comparability:				
Impairment charge <sup>(a)</sup>	27	(7)	20	.03
Restructuring charges <sup>(b)</sup>	328	(80)	248	.38
Other corporate matters <sup>(c)</sup>	257	(57)	200	.31
Gains on dispositions <sup>(d)</sup>	(56)	14	(42)	(.06)
Loss from investments <sup>(e)</sup>	9	(1)	8	.01
Loss on extinguishment of debt	120	(28)	92	.14
Discrete tax items <sup>(f)</sup>	—	(80)	(80)	(.13)
Adjusted (Non-GAAP)	\$ 1,951	\$ (466) <sup>(g)</sup>	\$ 1,171	\$ 1.71

(a) Reflects a charge to reduce the carrying values of FCC licenses in two markets to their estimated fair values.

(b) Consists of \$260 million of severance charges and \$68 million for the impairment of lease assets, as further described under *Restructuring and Other Corporate Matters*.

(c) Includes \$211 million associated with stockholder legal matters, principally relating to the merger of Viacom Inc. ("Viacom") with and into CBS Corporation ("CBS") (the "Merger"), and \$46 million recorded following Russia's invasion of Ukraine, principally to reserve against amounts due from counterparties in Russia, Belarus and Ukraine.

(d) Reflects a \$41 million gain recognized upon the contribution of certain assets of Paramount+ in the Nordics to SkyShowtime as well as gains totaling \$15 million from the sale of international intangible assets and a working capital adjustment to the gain from the fourth quarter 2021 sale of CBS Studio Center.

(e) Reflects a loss on the sale of a 37.5% interest in The CW and an impairment of an investment.

(f) Primarily reflects a deferred tax benefit resulting from the transfer of intangible assets between our subsidiaries in connection with a reorganization of our international operations.

(g) The reported effective income tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2022 was 17.9% and the adjusted effective income tax rate, which is calculated as the adjusted provision for income taxes of \$466 million divided by adjusted earnings from continuing operations before income taxes of \$1.95 billion, was 23.9%. These adjusted measures exclude the items affecting comparability described above.

**Consolidated Results of Operations - 2023 vs. 2022**

*Revenues*

Revenues by Type Year Ended December 31,	2023	% of Total		2022	% of Total		Increase/(Decrease)	
		Revenues			Revenues		\$	%
Advertising	\$ 9,989	33 %		\$ 10,890	36 %	\$ (901)	(8)%	
Affiliate and subscription	13,018	44		11,551	38	1,467	13	
Theatrical	813	3		1,223	4	(410)	(34)	
Licensing and other	5,832	20		6,490	22	(658)	(10)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 29,652</b>	<b>100 %</b>		<b>\$ 30,154</b>	<b>100 %</b>	<b>\$ (502)</b>	<b>(2)%</b>	

*Advertising*

Advertising revenues are generated primarily from the sale of advertising spots on our global broadcast and cable networks, television stations, and streaming services. For 2023, advertising revenues decreased 8%, driven by a decline in linear advertising reflecting continued weakness in the global advertising market and lower political

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advertising revenues, partially offset by higher advertising revenues for our streaming services. In addition, foreign exchange rate changes negatively impacted the total advertising revenue comparison by 1 percentage point.

*Affiliate and Subscription*

Affiliate and subscription revenues are principally comprised of affiliate fees received from distributors for carriage of our cable networks (cable affiliate fees) and owned television stations (retransmission fees), fees received from television stations for their affiliation with the CBS Television Network (reverse compensation), and subscription fees for our streaming services.

For 2023, affiliate and subscription revenues increased 13%, primarily driven by growth in subscribers for Paramount+ to 67.5 million at December 31, 2023 from 55.9 million at December 31, 2022, as well as higher revenues from pay-per-view boxing events. The increase was partially offset by lower affiliate fees for our linear networks.

*Theatrical*

Theatrical revenues are principally earned from the worldwide theatrical distribution of films through audience ticket sales. For 2023, theatrical revenues decreased 34%, reflecting the comparison against the strong performance of *Top Gun: Maverick* in 2022.

*Licensing and Other*

Licensing and other revenues are principally comprised of fees from the licensing of the rights to exhibit our internally-produced television and film programming on various platforms in the secondary market after its initial exhibition on our owned or third-party platforms; license fees from content produced or distributed for third parties; home entertainment revenues, which include revenues from the viewing of our content on a transactional basis through transactional video-on-demand (TVOD) and electronic sell-through services and the sale and distribution of our content through DVDs and Blu-ray discs to wholesale and retail partners; fees from the use of our trademarks and brands for consumer products, recreation and live events; and revenues from studio rentals and production services.

The 10% decrease in licensing and other revenues was driven by the timing and mix of content available for licensing, including the comparison against the success of *Top Gun: Maverick* and the licensing of *Halloween Ends* in 2022. In addition, content available for licensing in the second half of 2023, as well as studio rentals and production services, were negatively impacted by temporary production shutdowns as a result of labor strikes.

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*Operating Expenses*

Operating Expenses by Type Year Ended December 31,	2023	% of Operating Expenses	2022	% of Operating Expenses	Increase/(Decrease)	
					\$	%
Content costs	\$ 15,753	79 %	\$ 15,980	81 %	\$ (227)	(1)%
Distribution and other	4,264	21	3,865	19	399	10
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 20,017</b>	<b>100 %</b>	<b>\$ 19,845</b>	<b>100 %</b>	<b>\$ 172</b>	<b>1 %</b>

*Content Costs*

Content costs include the amortization of costs of internally-produced television and theatrical film content; amortization of acquired program rights; other television production costs, including on-air talent; and participation and residuals expenses, which reflect amounts owed to talent and other participants in our content pursuant to contractual and collective bargaining arrangements.

For 2023, content costs decreased 1%, primarily driven by lower costs associated with licensing revenues and television content, including from the impact of production shutdowns, which reduced the content available for licensing and exhibition on our networks and streaming services. The decrease in content costs also reflects lower costs associated with theatrical releases and savings following the changes in strategy for certain content discussed under *Programming Charges*. These decreases were partially offset by increased investment in our streaming services and costs associated with pay-per-view boxing events. In addition, 2023 includes costs incurred to retain our production capabilities for certain of the delayed television and film productions, expenses for excess production overhead, and incremental costs incurred to resume film production, which totaled \$131 million.

*Distribution and Other*

Distribution and other operating expenses primarily include costs relating to the distribution of our content, including print and advertising for theatrical releases and costs for third-party distribution; compensation; revenue-sharing costs to television stations affiliated with the CBS Television Network; and other ancillary and overhead costs associated with our operations.

For 2023, distribution and other operating expenses increased 10%, primarily reflecting higher costs associated with the growth of our streaming services, including costs for third-party distribution and compensation, and higher costs associated with theatrical releases.

*Programming Charges*

During 2023, in connection with the integration of Showtime into Paramount+ across both streaming and linear platforms, we performed a comprehensive strategic review of the combined content portfolio of Showtime and Paramount+. Additionally, we commenced a review of our international content portfolio in connection with initiatives to rationalize and right-size our international operations to align with our streaming strategy, and close or globalize certain of our international channels. As a result, we changed the strategy for certain content, which led to content being removed from our platforms or abandoned, the write-off of development costs, distribution changes, and termination of programming agreements. Accordingly, we recorded programming charges on the Consolidated Statement of Operations relating to these actions during the first half of 2023. These charges, which totaled \$2.37 billion, were comprised of \$1.97 billion for the impairment of content to its estimated fair value, as well as \$402 million for development cost write-offs and contract termination costs.

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In connection with our continued review of our international content strategy, during the first quarter of 2024 we made a strategic decision to focus on content with mass global appeal. As part of this, we are rationalizing original content on Paramount+, especially internationally, and improving the efficiency of our linear network programming. As a result, we have reviewed our expansive global content portfolio and are removing select content from our platforms. In addition, we have decided not to move forward with certain titles and therefore are abandoning some development projects and terminating certain programming agreements. Accordingly, we expect to recognize additional programming charges that we currently expect to be in the range of approximately \$700 million to \$900 million during the first quarter of 2024. As we continue to evaluate our content portfolio, we may incur additional programming charges later in 2024.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses*

Year Ended December 31,			Increase/(Decrease)	
	2023	2022	\$	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 7,245	\$ 7,033	\$ 212	3 %

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses include costs incurred for advertising, marketing, occupancy, professional service fees, and back office support, including employee compensation and technology. The 3% increase in SG&A expenses in 2023 was driven by higher costs to support the growth of our streaming services, including employee and marketing costs, as well as higher incentive compensation and technology costs. The higher marketing costs for our DTC services were largely offset by lower marketing costs for our linear networks.

*Depreciation and Amortization*

Year Ended December 31,			Increase/(Decrease)	
	2023	2022	\$	%
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 418	\$ 378	\$ 40	11 %

Depreciation and amortization expense reflects depreciation of fixed assets, including equipment under finance leases, and amortization of finite-lived intangible assets. The increase in depreciation and amortization expense reflects increased depreciation for software related to the unification and evolution of our systems and platforms.

*Impairment Charges*

For 2023 and 2022, we recorded impairment charges of \$83 million and \$27 million, respectively, in the *TV Media* segment to write down the carrying values of certain of our FCC licenses to their estimated fair values (see *Critical Accounting Policies—Goodwill and Intangible Assets Impairment Tests—FCC Licenses*).

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*Restructuring and Other Corporate Matters*

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, we recorded the following restructuring charges and other corporate matters.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Severance <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 67	\$ 260
Exit costs	35	68
Restructuring charges	102	328
Other corporate matters	(133)	257
Restructuring and other corporate matters	\$ (31)	\$ 585

(a) Severance costs include the accelerated vesting of stock-based compensation.

*Restructuring Charges*

Since the Merger, we implemented a series of initiatives designed to integrate and transform our operations, including changes in management structure. These initiatives led to restructuring actions, and as a result, we recorded restructuring charges for severance of \$67 million and \$260 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The actions that gave rise to the severance costs included our 2022 operating segment realignment, the integration of Showtime into Paramount+, and the restructuring of our international operations. In addition, during the fourth quarter of 2023, certain eligible employees voluntarily elected to participate in a plan under which they will receive one-time severance benefits, resulting in \$13 million of severance costs.

We currently expect to incur additional restructuring charges for severance in the range of approximately \$100 million to \$200 million during the first quarter of 2024 associated with strategic changes in our global workforce.

In the years following the Merger, we also consolidated our real estate portfolio to reduce our real estate footprint and create cost synergies. In connection with this consolidation, we identified lease assets that we determined we would not use and instead sublease or terminate early, which resulted in lease impairment charges of \$35 million and \$68 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

*Other Corporate Matters*

In 2023, we recorded a net benefit of \$133 million in other corporate matters, principally consisting of a gain of \$120 million from a settlement received in the fourth quarter of 2023 in connection with the final dismissal of the CBS Litigation, as well as insurance recoveries relating to the Viacom Litigation (each as defined and further described under *Legal Matters—Stockholder Matters—Litigation Relating to the Merger*). These benefits are partially offset by a charge of \$23 million to increase our accrual for asbestos matters as discussed under *Legal Matters—Claims Related to Former Businesses—Asbestos*.

In 2022, we recorded charges for other corporate matters of \$257 million, consisting of \$211 million associated with stockholder legal matters, principally relating to the Merger, including a charge for the settlement of \$122.5 million in connection with the final dismissal of the Viacom Litigation. The charges also included \$46 million recorded following Russia’s invasion of Ukraine, principally to reserve against amounts due from counterparties in Russia, Belarus and Ukraine.

*Gains on Dispositions*

During 2022, we recorded a gain of \$41 million relating to the contribution of certain assets of Paramount+ in the Nordics to SkyShowtime. Also in 2022, we recorded gains totaling \$15 million, comprised of a gain from the sale

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of international intangible assets and a working capital adjustment to the gain from the fourth quarter 2021 sale of CBS Studio Center.

*Interest Expense and Interest Income*

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>			<b>Increase/(Decrease)</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Interest expense	\$ 920	\$ 931	\$ (11)	(1)%
Interest income	\$ 137	\$ 108	\$ 29	27%

The following table presents our outstanding debt balances, excluding finance leases, and the weighted average interest rate as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

<b>At December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>Weighted Average Interest Rate</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Weighted Average Interest Rate</b>
Total long-term debt	\$ 14,601	5.17 %	\$ 15,781	5.13 %
Other bank borrowings	\$ —	— %	\$ 55	7.09 %

*Gain (Loss) from Investments*

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>			<b>Increase/(Decrease)</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Gain (loss) from investments	\$ 168	\$ (9)	\$ 177	n/m

n/m - not meaningful

During 2023, we recorded a gain of \$168 million on our retained interest in Viacom18 following the discontinuance of equity method accounting resulting from the dilution of our interest from 49% to 13%. The loss from investments for 2022 includes a loss of \$4 million on the sale of a 37.5% interest in The CW, which was principally comprised of transaction costs, and a \$5 million impairment of an investment.

*Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt*

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$29 million associated with the early repurchase of long-term debt of \$1.04 billion. For 2022, we recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$120 million associated with the early redemption of long-term debt of \$2.91 billion.

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*Other Items, Net*

The following table presents the components of "Other items, net."

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Pension and postretirement benefit costs <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ (153)	\$ (65)
Foreign exchange losses	(66)	(58)
Other	3	(1)
<b>Other items, net</b>	<b>\$ (216)</b>	<b>\$ (124)</b>

(a) For 2023, the increase in pension and postretirement benefit costs is the result of higher interest cost and a decrease in the expected return on plan assets.

*Provision for/Benefit from Income Taxes*

The provision for/benefit from income taxes represents federal, state and local, and foreign taxes on earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in loss of investee companies. For 2023, we recorded a benefit from income taxes of \$361 million, reflecting an effective income tax rate of 28.8%. The tax benefit for 2023 was primarily the result of a benefit of \$582 million on programming charges of \$2.37 billion. Our adjusted effective income tax rate, which excludes the impacts from these programming charges, as well as the other items impacting comparability described under *Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures*, was 20.2%.

For 2022, we recorded a provision for income taxes of \$227 million, reflecting an effective income tax rate of 17.9%. Our adjusted effective income tax rate, which excludes the items impacting comparability described under *Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures*, was 23.9%

*Equity in Loss of Investee Companies, Net of Tax*

The following table presents equity in loss of investee companies for our equity-method investments.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>			<b>Increase/(Decrease)</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Equity in loss of investee companies	\$ (370)	\$ (237)	\$ (133)	(56)%
Tax benefit	10	33	(23)	(70)
<b>Equity in loss of investee companies, net of tax</b>	<b>\$ (360)</b>	<b>\$ (204)</b>	<b>\$ (156)</b>	<b>(76)%</b>

For 2023, the higher loss for our equity-method investments was driven by SkyShowtime, which launched its streaming service in September 2022, and a \$16 million impairment of an international joint venture in the fourth quarter of 2023.

*Net Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations Attributable to Paramount and Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations*

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>			<b>Increase/(Decrease)</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Paramount	\$ (1,284)	\$ 725	\$ (2,009)	n/m
Diluted EPS from continuing operations	\$ (2.06)	\$ 1.03	\$ (3.09)	n/m

n/m - not meaningful

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For 2023, we recorded a net loss from continuing operations attributable to Paramount of \$1.28 billion, or \$2.06 per diluted share, compared with net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Paramount of \$725 million, or \$1.03 per diluted share, for the prior year. The decrease was primarily driven by the decline in tax-effected operating income, including the impact from the programming charges discussed above.

*Net Earnings from Discontinued Operations*

The following tables set forth details of net earnings from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, which primarily reflects the results of Simon & Schuster prior to its sale on October 30, 2023 for \$1.62 billion. The sale resulted in a pretax gain of \$695 million during the fourth quarter of 2023.

<b>Year Ended December 31, 2023</b>	<b>Simon &amp; Schuster</b>	<b>Other <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenues	\$ 958	\$ —	\$ 958
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	580	(12)	568
Selling, general and administrative	149	—	149
Restructuring charges	2	—	2
Total costs and expenses	731	(12)	719
Operating income	227	12	239
Other items, net	(9)	—	(9)
Earnings from discontinued operations	218	12	230
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	12	(3)	9
Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	230	9	239
Gain on sale (net of tax of \$258 million)	437	—	437
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 667	\$ 9	\$ 676

<b>Year Ended December 31, 2022</b>	<b>Simon &amp; Schuster</b>	<b>Other <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenues	\$ 1,177	\$ —	\$ 1,177
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	746	(30)	716
Selling, general and administrative	180	—	180
Restructuring charges	3	—	3
Total costs and expenses	929	(30)	899
Operating income	248	30	278
Termination fee, net of advisory fees <sup>(b)</sup>	190	—	190
Other items, net	(12)	—	(12)
Earnings from discontinued operations	426	30	456
Provision for income taxes	(70)	(7)	(77)
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 356	\$ 23	\$ 379

(a) Primarily relates to indemnification obligations for leases associated with the previously discontinued operations of Famous Players Inc.

(b) In accordance with the terms of a previous agreement to sell Simon & Schuster, we received a \$200 million termination payment after the United States ("U.S.") Department of Justice prevailed in its suit to block the sale.

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**Segments**

We are a global media, streaming and entertainment company that creates premium content and experiences for audiences worldwide, and are comprised of the following segments:

- *TV Media*—Our *TV Media* segment consists of our (1) broadcast operations—the CBS Television Network, our domestic broadcast television network; CBS Stations, our owned television stations; and our international free-to-air networks, Network 10, Channel 5, Telefe, and Chilevisión; (2) domestic premium and basic cable networks, including Paramount+ with Showtime (we rebranded Showtime as Paramount+ with Showtime in January 2024), MTV, Comedy Central, Paramount Network, The Smithsonian Channel, Nickelodeon, BET Media Group, CBS Sports Network, and international extensions of certain of these brands; and (3) domestic and international television studio operations, including CBS Studios, Paramount Television Studios and Showtime/MTV Entertainment Studios, as well as CBS Media Ventures, which produces and distributes first-run syndicated programming. *TV Media* also includes a number of digital properties such as CBS News Streaming and CBS Sports HQ.
- *Direct-to-Consumer*—Our *Direct-to-Consumer* segment includes our portfolio of domestic and international pay and free streaming services, including Paramount+, Pluto TV, BET+ and Noggin. Effective June 27, 2023, we launched the Paramount+ with Showtime subscription plan in the United States. Effective July 6, 2023, Showtime Networks’ domestic premium subscription service was no longer offered as a standalone subscription service for new subscribers.
- *Filmed Entertainment*—Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment consists of Paramount Pictures, Paramount Players, Paramount Animation, Nickelodeon Studio, Awesomeness and Miramax.

We present operating income excluding depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation, restructuring charges, other corporate matters, programming charges, impairment charges and gains or losses on dispositions, each where applicable (“Adjusted OIBDA”), as the primary measure of profit and loss for our operating segments in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance for segment reporting since it is the primary method used by our management. Stock-based compensation is excluded from our segment measure of profit and loss because it is set and approved by our Board of Directors in consultation with corporate executive management. Stock-based compensation is included as a component of our consolidated Adjusted OIBDA. See *Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures* for a reconciliation of total Adjusted OIBDA to Operating Income, the most directly comparable financial measure in accordance with GAAP.

**Segment Results of Operations - 2023 vs. 2022**

Year Ended December 31,	2023	% of Total Revenues	2022	% of Total Revenues	Increase/(Decrease)	
					\$	%
<b>Revenues:</b>						
TV Media	\$ 20,085	68 %	\$ 21,732	72 %	\$ (1,647)	(8)%
Direct-to-Consumer	6,736	22	4,904	16	1,832	37
Filmed Entertainment	2,957	10	3,706	13	(749)	(20)
Eliminations	(126)	—	(188)	(1)	62	33
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 29,652</b>	<b>100 %</b>	<b>\$ 30,154</b>	<b>100 %</b>	<b>\$ (502)</b>	<b>(2)%</b>

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Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	Increase/(Decrease)	
			\$	%
<b>Adjusted OIBDA:</b>				
TV Media	\$ 4,791	\$ 5,451	\$ (660)	(12)%
Direct-to-Consumer	(1,663)	(1,819)	156	9
Filmed Entertainment	(119)	272	(391)	n/m
Corporate/Eliminations	(447)	(470)	23	5
Stock-based compensation <sup>(a)</sup>	(172)	(158)	(14)	(9)
<b>Total Adjusted OIBDA</b>	<b>2,390</b>	<b>3,276</b>	<b>(886)</b>	<b>(27)</b>
Depreciation and amortization	(418)	(378)	(40)	(11)
Programming charges	(2,371)	—	(2,371)	n/m
Impairment charges	(83)	(27)	(56)	(207)
Restructuring and other corporate matters	31	(585)	616	n/m
Gains on dispositions	—	56	(56)	n/m
<b>Total Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b>\$ (451)</b>	<b>\$ 2,342</b>	<b>\$ (2,793)</b>	<b>n/m</b>

n/m - not meaningful

(a) For 2023 and 2022, stock-based compensation expense of \$5 million and \$14 million, respectively, is included in "Restructuring and other corporate matters".

**TV Media**

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	Increase/(Decrease)	
			\$	%
Advertising	\$ 8,188	\$ 9,350	\$ (1,162)	(12)%
Affiliate and subscription	8,085	8,180	(95)	(1)
Licensing and other	3,812	4,202	(390)	(9)
Revenues	\$ 20,085	\$ 21,732	\$ (1,647)	(8)%
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ 4,791	\$ 5,451	\$ (660)	(12)%

**Revenues**

For 2023, revenues decreased 8%, driven by lower advertising revenues, primarily due to continued weakness in the global advertising market, and lower licensing revenues.

*Advertising*

The 12% decrease in advertising revenues was primarily the result of continued weakness in the global advertising market. Domestic advertising revenues declined 12% to \$7.04 billion and international advertising revenues decreased 18% to \$1.15 billion. The domestic decline also reflects lower political advertising revenues as a result of U.S. midterm elections in 2022. Foreign exchange rate changes negatively impacted the total advertising revenue comparison by 1 percentage point.

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*Affiliate and Subscription*

Affiliate and subscription revenues decreased 1%. Domestic affiliate and subscription revenues decreased slightly to \$7.66 billion, reflecting declines in affiliate fees, which were offset by higher subscription revenues from pay-per-view boxing events. The decrease in domestic affiliate fees reflects linear subscriber declines, which were largely offset by contractual pricing increases. Declines in domestic linear subscribers are expected to continue in 2024. International affiliate and subscription revenues decreased 12% to \$422 million, driven by a shift of revenue from our pay television services to our streaming services following the restructuring of certain affiliate agreements.

*Licensing and Other*

Licensing and other revenues decreased 9%, reflecting a lower volume of licensing in the secondary market as well as lower revenues from content produced for third parties. Content available for licensing in the second half of the year was impacted by temporary production shutdowns as a result of labor strikes.

*Adjusted OIBDA*

Adjusted OIBDA decreased 12%, primarily driven by the decline in revenues, partially offset by lower costs, principally for content and marketing, including from the impact of labor strikes.

*Direct-to-Consumer*

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	Increase/(Decrease)	
Advertising	\$ 1,795	\$ 1,533	\$ 262	17 %
Subscription	4,933	3,371	1,562	46
Licensing <sup>(a)</sup>	8	—	8	n/m
Revenues	\$ 6,736	\$ 4,904	\$ 1,832	37 %
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ (1,663)	\$ (1,819)	\$ 156	9 %

n/m - not meaningful

(a) Reflects revenues from the licensing of content rights acquired by BET+.

(in millions)				
Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	Increase/(Decrease)	
<b>Paramount+ (Global)</b>				
Subscribers <sup>(a)</sup>	67.5	55.9	11.6	21 %
Revenues	\$ 4,446	\$ 2,767	\$ 1,679	61 %

(a) Subscribers include customers with access to Paramount+, either directly through our owned and operated apps and websites, or through third-party distributors. Our subscribers include paid subscriptions and those customers registered in a free trial. For the periods above, subscriber counts reflect the number of subscribers as of the applicable period-end date.

**Revenues**

For 2023, revenues increased 37%, driven primarily by growth from Paramount+.

*Advertising*

The 17% increase in advertising revenues was driven by an increase in impressions for Paramount+ and growth from Pluto TV, including from international launches.

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*Subscription*

The 46% increase in subscription revenues was primarily driven by increases in both domestic and international Paramount+ subscribers, with total growth of 11.6 million, or 21%, compared with December 31, 2022. The revenue growth also includes the impact of domestic pricing increases for each of our subscription plans that went into effect when we launched the Paramount+ with Showtime plan on June 27, 2023, as well as revenues from pay-per-view boxing events.

During the fourth quarter, global Paramount+ subscribers increased 4.1 million, or 6%, to 67.5 million, compared with 63.4 million at September 30, 2023. The growth reflects the benefit from the NFL season and premieres of *Good Burger 2* and *Lawmen: Bass Reeves*, and growth from international markets.

**Adjusted OIBDA**

Adjusted OIBDA improved by \$156 million, as revenue growth more than offset higher costs to support growth in our streaming services, including content, distribution, marketing and employee costs.

**Filmed Entertainment**

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	Increase/(Decrease)	
	\$	\$	\$	%
Advertising <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 24	\$ 23	\$ 1	4 %
Theatrical	813	1,223	(410)	(34)
Licensing and other	2,120	2,460	(340)	(14)
Revenues	\$ 2,957	\$ 3,706	\$ (749)	(20)%
Adjusted OIBDA	\$ (119)	\$ 272	\$ (391)	n/m

n/m - not meaningful

(a) Primarily reflects advertising revenues earned from the use of *Filmed Entertainment* content on third party digital platforms as well as sponsorships.

**Revenues**

The 20% decrease in revenues primarily reflects lower theatrical and licensing revenues, driven by the success of *Top Gun: Maverick* in 2022.

*Theatrical*

The 34% decrease in theatrical revenues primarily reflects a difficult comparison against the prior year as a result of the strong performance of *Top Gun: Maverick*. Theatrical releases that benefited 2023 results include *Mission: Impossible — Dead Reckoning Part One*, *Transformers: Rise of the Beasts* and *Dungeons & Dragons: Honor Among Thieves*.

*Licensing and Other*

Licensing and other revenues decreased 14%, principally reflecting lower licensing of recent theatrical releases in 2023 compared with 2022, driven by the success of *Top Gun: Maverick* in the home entertainment market, and the licensing of *Halloween Ends* in 2022. The decrease also reflects lower revenues from studio rentals and production services as a result of labor strikes.

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***Adjusted OIBDA***

Adjusted OIBDA decreased \$391 million, primarily reflecting the mix of theatrical releases in each year, including the success of *Top Gun: Maverick* in the prior year, lower profits from licensing, incremental costs incurred during production shutdowns and lower revenues from studio rentals and production services.

Fluctuations in results for the *Filmed Entertainment* segment may occur as a result of the timing of the recognition of distribution costs, including print and advertising, which are generally incurred before and throughout the theatrical release of a film, while the revenues for the respective film are recognized as earned through the film's theatrical exhibition and distribution to other platforms.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

***Sources and Uses of Cash***

We project anticipated cash requirements for our operating, investing and financing needs as well as cash flows expected to be generated and available to meet these needs. Our operating needs include, among other items, expenditures for content for our broadcast and cable networks and streaming services, including television and film programming, sports rights, and talent contracts, as well as advertising and marketing costs to promote our content and platforms; payments for leases, interest, and income taxes; and pension funding obligations. Certain of our cash requirements discussed above are associated with long-term contractual commitments (see notes 10 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements).

Our investing and financing spending includes capital expenditures; acquisitions; funding relating to new and existing investments, including SkyShowtime, our streaming joint venture with Comcast Corporation, under which both parent companies have committed to support initial operations over a multiyear period; discretionary share repurchases; dividends; and principal payments on our outstanding indebtedness. Our long-term debt obligations due over the next five years were \$2.14 billion as of December 31, 2023 (see Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements). We routinely assess our capital structure and opportunistically enter into transactions to manage our outstanding debt maturities, which could result in a charge from the early extinguishment of debt.

Funding for both our short-term and long-term operating, investing and financing needs will come primarily from cash flows from operating activities, cash and cash equivalents (which were \$2.46 billion as of December 31, 2023), and our ability to refinance our debt. Any additional cash funding requirements are financed with short-term borrowings, including commercial paper, and long-term debt. To the extent that commercial paper is not available to us, the borrowing capacity under our \$3.50 billion Credit Facility described below is sufficient to satisfy short-term borrowing needs. In addition, if necessary, we can increase our liquidity position by reducing non-committed spending.

Our access to capital markets and the cost of any new borrowings can be impacted by factors outside our control, including economic and market conditions, as well as by ratings assigned by independent rating agencies. As a result, there can be no assurance that we will be able to access capital markets on terms and conditions that will be favorable to us.

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**Cash Flows**

The changes in cash and cash equivalents were as follows:

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Increase/ (Decrease) 2023 vs. 2022</b>
<b>Net cash flow provided by (used for) operating activities:</b>			
Continuing operations	\$ 384	\$ (142)	\$ 526
Discontinued operations	91	361	(270)
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	475	219	256
<b>Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities:</b>			
Continuing operations	(582)	(518)	(64)
Discontinued operations	1,524	(8)	1,532
Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities	942	(526)	1,468
Net cash flow used for financing activities	(1,841)	(2,981)	1,140
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1)	(94)	93
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (425)	\$ (3,382)	\$ 2,957

*Operating Activities.* Operating cash flow from continuing operations for 2023 was a net source of cash of \$384 million compared to a net use of cash of \$142 million for 2022. The increase in operating cash flow from continuing operations in 2023 compared to 2022 primarily reflects lower spending for content in 2023, including the impact from production shutdowns, partially offset by higher spending for other expenses, including from the timing of payments.

Net cash flow provided by operating activities includes payments of \$203 million and \$244 million for 2023 and 2022, respectively, associated with restructuring, merger-related costs and transformation initiatives, net of insurance recoveries and settlements received related to merger-related litigation matters. Since the Merger, we have invested in a number of transformation initiatives. Initially, these were undertaken to realize synergies related to the Merger. More recently, our transformation initiatives are related to future-state technology, including the unification and evolution of systems and platforms, and migration to the cloud. In addition, we are investing in future-state workspaces, including adapting our facilities to accommodate our hybrid and agile work model.

Cash flow provided by operating activities from discontinued operations reflects the operating activities of Simon & Schuster before it was sold in October 2023, and for 2022 also included the receipt of the \$200 million termination fee described under *Net Earnings from Discontinued Operations*.

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*Investing Activities*

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Investments	\$ (322)	\$ (254)
Capital expenditures <sup>(a)</sup>	(328)	(358)
Proceeds from dispositions <sup>(b)</sup>	71	95
Other investing activities	(3)	(1)
Net cash flow used for investing activities from continuing operations	(582)	(518)
Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities from discontinued operations <sup>(c)</sup>	1,524	(8)
Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ 942	\$ (526)

(a) Includes payments associated with the implementation of our transformation initiatives of \$30 million and \$45 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(b) 2023 primarily reflects the collection of receivables associated with the sale of a 37.5% interest in The CW in the prior year and proceeds received from the disposition of certain channels in Latin America. 2022 primarily reflects proceeds related to the sale of investments and from the disposition of international intangible assets.

(c) 2023 includes the proceeds received from the sale of Simon & Schuster.

*Financing Activities*

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Proceeds from issuance of debt	\$ 45	\$ 1,138
Repayment of debt	(1,277)	(3,140)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(58)	(58)
Dividends paid on common stock	(389)	(631)
Payment of payroll taxes in lieu of issuing shares for stock-based compensation	(29)	(31)
Payments to noncontrolling interests	(93)	(218)
Other financing activities	(40)	(41)
Net cash flow used for financing activities	\$ (1,841)	\$ (2,981)

**Dividends**

The following table presents dividends declared per share and total dividends for our Class A and Class B Common Stock and our 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock ("Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock") for 2023 and 2022. Beginning with the dividend declared in the second quarter of 2023, we reduced the quarterly cash dividend on our Class A and Class B Common Stock to \$.05 per share (or \$.20 annually).

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b><u>Class A and Class B Common Stock</u></b>		
Dividends declared per common share	\$ .39	\$ .96
Total common stock dividends	\$ 261	\$ 635
<b><u>Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock</u></b>		
Dividends declared per preferred share	\$ 5.75	\$ 5.75
Total preferred stock dividends	\$ 58	\$ 58

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**Capital Structure**

The following table sets forth our debt.

<b>At December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Senior debt	\$ 12,969	\$ 14,149
Junior debt	1,632	1,632
Other bank borrowings	—	55
Obligations under finance leases	1	10
<b>Total debt <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>14,602</b>	<b>15,846</b>
Less current portion of long-term debt	1	239
<b>Total long-term debt, net of current portion</b>	<b>\$ 14,601</b>	<b>\$ 15,607</b>

(a) At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the senior and junior debt balances included (i) a net unamortized discount of \$419 million and \$442 million, respectively, and (ii) unamortized deferred financing costs of \$81 million and \$89 million, respectively. The face value of our total debt was \$15.10 billion at December 31, 2023 and \$16.38 billion at December 31, 2022.

*Senior Debt*

At December 31, 2023, our senior debt was comprised of senior notes and debentures due between 2025 and 2050 with interest rates ranging from 2.90% to 7.875%.

During the fourth quarter of 2023, we repurchased \$1.04 billion of our outstanding senior notes due between 2025 and 2027 through a tender offer, for an aggregate repurchase price of \$1.00 billion. These repurchases resulted in a pre-tax gain on extinguishment of debt of \$29 million. In 2023, we also repaid our \$139 million of 7.875% debentures and \$35 million of 7.125% senior notes, each at maturity.

In 2022, we redeemed senior notes totaling \$2.39 billion, prior to maturity, for an aggregate redemption price of \$2.49 billion and redeemed, at par, our \$520 million of 5.875% junior subordinated debentures due February 2057. These redemptions resulted in a total pre-tax loss on extinguishment of debt of \$120 million.

Our outstanding senior notes and debentures provide for certain covenant packages typical for an investment grade company. There is an acceleration trigger for \$9.67 billion of the senior notes and debentures that requires us to make a redemption offer at 101% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest in the event of ratings downgrades to below investment grade by all three ratings agencies (Moody's Investors Service, Inc., S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings, Ltd.) due to a change of control.

*Junior Debt*

In 2022, we issued \$1.00 billion of 6.375% junior subordinated debentures due 2062. The interest rate on these debentures will reset on March 30, 2027, and every five years thereafter to a fixed rate equal to the 5-year Treasury Rate (as defined pursuant to the terms of the debentures) plus a spread of 3.999% from March 30, 2027, 4.249% from March 30, 2032 and 4.999% from March 30, 2047. These debentures can be called by us at par plus a make whole premium any time before March 30, 2027, or at par on March 30, 2027 or on any interest payment date thereafter.

Our \$643 million of 6.25% junior subordinated debentures due February 2057 accrue interest at the stated fixed rate until February 28, 2027, on which date the rate will switch to a floating rate. Under the terms of the debentures the floating rate is based on three-month LIBOR plus 3.899%, reset quarterly, however, with the phasing out of LIBOR and the passage of the Adjustable Interest Rate (LIBOR) Act, signed into law on March 15,

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2022, it is expected that the 6.25% junior subordinated debentures due 2057 will, upon switching to a floating rate, bear interest at a replacement rate based on three-month CME Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR). These debentures can be called by us at par at any time after the expiration of the fixed-rate period.

Our junior subordinated debentures also provide for certain covenant packages. In the event of ratings downgrades by all three rating agencies due to a change of control, there is a provision in the junior subordinated debentures that requires us to either elect to redeem the debentures at 101% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest or, if we elect not to redeem the debentures, the interest rate will be increased by 5 percentage points.

The subordination and extended term, as well as an interest deferral option of the junior subordinated debentures provide significant credit protection measures for senior creditors and, as a result of these features, the debentures received a 50% equity credit by Standard & Poor's Rating Services and Fitch Ratings Inc., and a 25% equity credit by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

***Commercial Paper***

At both December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had no outstanding commercial paper borrowings.

***Credit Facility***

During 2023, we amended and extended our \$3.50 billion revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), which now matures in January 2027 (the "2023 Amendment"). The Credit Facility is used for general corporate purposes and to support commercial paper borrowings, if any. We may, at our option, also borrow in certain foreign currencies up to specified limits under the Credit Facility. Borrowing rates under the Credit Facility are determined at the time of each borrowing and are generally based on either the prime rate in the U.S. or an applicable benchmark rate plus a margin (based on our senior unsecured debt rating), depending on the type and tenor of the loans entered into. Under the 2023 Amendment, we replaced LIBOR as the benchmark rate for loans denominated in U.S. dollars with Term SOFR. The benchmark rate for loans denominated in euros, sterling and yen is based on EURIBOR, SONIA and TIBOR, respectively. The Credit Facility also includes a provision that the occurrence of a change of control of Paramount will be an event of default that would give the lenders the right to accelerate any outstanding loans and terminate their commitments. At December 31, 2023, we had no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility and the availability under the Credit Facility was \$3.50 billion.

The Credit Facility has one principal financial covenant which sets a maximum Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio ("Leverage Ratio") at the end of each quarter, which prior to the 2023 Amendment was 4.5x. Under the 2023 Amendment, the maximum Leverage Ratio was increased to 5.75x for each quarter through and including the quarter ending September 30, 2024, and will then decrease to 5.5x for the quarters ending December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025, with decreases of 0.25x for each subsequent quarter until it reaches 4.5x for the quarter ending March 31, 2026. The Leverage Ratio reflects the ratio of our Consolidated Indebtedness, net of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at the end of a quarter, to our Consolidated EBITDA (each as defined in the amended credit agreement) for the trailing twelve-month period. Under the 2023 Amendment, the definition of the Leverage Ratio was also modified to set the maximum amount of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents that can be netted against Consolidated Indebtedness to \$1.50 billion for quarters ending on or after September 30, 2024. In addition, under the 2023 Amendment, Simon & Schuster was treated as a continuing operation for the purposes of calculating Consolidated EBITDA until its disposition in October 2023. We met the covenant as of December 31, 2023.

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***Other Bank Borrowings***

At December 31, 2023, we had no outstanding bank borrowings under Miramax's \$50 million credit facility, which matures in November 2024. This facility replaced the previous \$300 million credit facility that matured in April 2023. At December 31, 2022, we had \$55 million of bank borrowings under the previous facility with a weighted average interest rate of 7.09%.

***Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds***

At December 31, 2023, we had outstanding letters of credit and surety bonds of \$213 million that were not recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet, as well as a \$1.9 billion standby letter of credit facility, under which no letters of credit were issued. In January 2024, in accordance with the contractual requirements of one of our commitments, a \$1.9 billion letter of credit was issued under this facility. The amount outstanding under the letter of credit will decrease throughout 2024 as we make payments under the related contractual commitment. Letters of credit and surety bonds are primarily used as security against non-performance in the normal course of business under contractual requirements of certain of our commitments. The standby letter of credit facility, which matures in May 2026, is subject to the same principal financial covenant as the Credit Facility.

***Critical Accounting Policies***

The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate these estimates, which are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The result of these evaluations forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amount of revenues and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions.

We consider the following accounting policies to be the most critical as they are important to our financial condition and results of operations, and require significant judgment and estimates on the part of management in their application. The risks and uncertainties involved in applying our critical accounting policies are provided below. Unless otherwise noted, we applied our critical accounting policies and estimation methods consistently in all material respects and for all periods presented, and have discussed such policies with our Audit Committee. For a summary of our significant accounting policies, see the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

***Revenue Recognition***

Revenue is recognized when control of a good or service is transferred to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Significant judgments used in the determination of the amount and timing of revenue recognition include the identification of distinct performance obligations in contracts containing bundled advertising sales or bundled content licenses, and the allocation of consideration among individual performance obligations within these arrangements based on their relative standalone selling prices.

***Advertising Revenues***—Advertising revenues are recognized when the advertising spots are aired on television or streamed or displayed on digital platforms. If a contract includes a guarantee to deliver a targeted audience rating or number of impressions, the delivery of the advertising spots that achieve the guarantee represents the performance obligation to be satisfied over time and revenues are recognized based on the proportion of the

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audience rating or impressions delivered to the total guaranteed in the contract. To the extent the amounts billed exceed the amount of revenue recognized, such excess is deferred until the guaranteed audience ratings or impressions are delivered. For contracts that do not include impressions guarantees, the individual advertising spots are the performance obligation and consideration is allocated among the individual advertising spots based on relative standalone selling price.

*Affiliate Revenues*—The performance obligation for our affiliate agreements is a license to our programming provided through the continuous delivery of live linear feeds and, for agreements with certain distributors, also includes a license to programming for video-on-demand viewing. Affiliate revenues are recognized over the term of the agreement as we satisfy our performance obligation by continuously providing our customer with the right to use our programming. For agreements that provide for a variable fee, revenues are determined each month based on an agreed upon contractual rate applied to the number of subscribers to our customer's service. For agreements that provide for a fixed fee, revenues are recognized based on the relative fair value of the content provided over the term of the agreement. These agreements primarily include agreements with television stations affiliated with the CBS Television Network ("network affiliates") for which fair value is determined based on the fair value of the network affiliate's service and the value of our programming.

*Content Licensing Revenues*—For licenses of exhibition rights for internally-produced programming, each individual episode or film delivered represents a separate performance obligation and revenues are recognized when the episode or film is made available to the licensee for exhibition and the license period has begun. For license agreements that include delivery of content on one or more dates for a fixed fee, consideration is allocated based on the relative standalone selling price of each episode or film, which is based on licenses for comparable content within the marketplace. Estimation of standalone selling prices requires judgment, which can impact the timing of recognizing revenues.

*Film and Television Production and Programming Costs*

Costs incurred to produce television programs and feature films are capitalized when incurred and amortized over the projected life of each television program or feature film. The costs incurred to acquire television series and feature film programming rights, including advances, are capitalized when the license period has begun and the program is accepted and available for airing. The costs of programming rights licensed under multi-year sports programming agreements are capitalized if the rights payments are made before the related economic benefit has been received. Acquired programming rights, including rights for sports programming, are expensed over the shorter of the license period or the period in which an economic benefit is expected to be derived.

We categorize our capitalized production and programming costs based on the expected predominant monetization strategy throughout the life of the content. Our programming that is expected to be predominantly monetized through licensing and distribution on third-party platforms is considered individually monetized and our programming that is expected to be predominantly monetized on our networks and streaming services together with other programming is considered to be monetized as part of a film group. The predominant monetization strategy is determined when capitalization of production costs commences and is reassessed if there is a significant change to the expected future monetization strategy. This reassessment will include an assessment of the monetization strategy throughout the entire life of the programming.

For internally-produced television programs and feature films that are predominantly monetized on an individual basis, we use an individual-film-forecast computation method to amortize capitalized production costs and to accrue estimated liabilities for participations and residuals over the applicable title's life cycle based upon the ratio of current period revenues to estimated remaining total gross revenues to be earned ("Ultimate Revenues") for each title. Management's judgment is required in estimating Ultimate Revenues and the costs to be incurred

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throughout the life of each television program or feature film. These estimates are used to determine the timing of amortization of capitalized production costs and expensing of participation and residual costs.

For television programming, our estimate of Ultimate Revenues includes revenues to be earned within 10 years from the delivery of the first episode, or, if still in production, five years from the delivery of the most recent episode, if later. These estimates are based on the past performance of similar television programs in a market, the performance in the initial markets and future firm commitments to license programs.

For feature films, our estimate of Ultimate Revenues includes revenues from all sources that are estimated to be earned within 10 years from the date of a film's initial release. Prior to the release of feature films, we estimate Ultimate Revenues based on the historical performance of similar content and pre-release market research (including test market screenings), as well as factors relating to the specific film, including the expected number of theaters and markets in which the original content will be released, the genre of the original content and the past box office performance of the lead actors and actresses. For films intended for theatrical release, we believe the performance during the theatrical exhibition is the most sensitive factor affecting our estimate of Ultimate Revenues as subsequent markets have historically exhibited a high correlation to theatrical performance. Upon a film's initial release, we update our estimate of Ultimate Revenues based on actual and expected future performance. Our estimates of revenues from succeeding windows and markets are revised based on historical relationships to theatrical performance and an analysis of current market trends. We also review and revise estimates of Ultimate Revenue and participation costs as of each reporting date to reflect the most current available information.

For acquired film libraries, our estimate of Ultimate Revenues is for a period within 20 years from the date of acquisition.

For programming that is predominantly monetized as part of a film group, capitalized costs are amortized based on an estimate of the timing of our usage of and benefit from such programming. Such estimates require management's judgment and include consideration of factors such as expected revenues to be derived from the programming, the expected number of future airings, and, for acquired programming, the length of the license period. If initial airings are expected to generate higher revenues, an accelerated method of amortization is used. These estimates are periodically reviewed and updated based on information available throughout the contractual term or life of each program.

For content that is predominantly monetized on an individual basis, a television program or feature film is tested for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that its fair value may be less than its unamortized cost. If the result of the impairment test indicates that the carrying value exceeds the estimated fair value, an impairment charge will then be recorded for the amount of the difference. Content that is predominantly monetized within a film group is assessed for impairment at the film group level and would similarly be tested for impairment if circumstances indicate that the fair value of the film group is less than its unamortized costs. A change in the monetization strategy of content, whether monetized individually or as part of a film group, will result in a reassessment of the predominant monetization strategy and may trigger an assessment of the content for impairment. Any resulting impairment test will be performed either at the individual level or at the film group level where the future cash flows will be generated. In addition, unamortized costs for internally-produced or acquired programming that has been abandoned are written off.

*Goodwill and Intangible Assets Impairment Tests*

We perform fair value-based impairment tests of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives, comprised primarily of television FCC licenses, annually during the fourth quarter and also between annual tests if an event

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occurs or if circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit or an indefinite-lived intangible asset below its carrying value.

*FCC Licenses*—FCC licenses are tested for impairment at the geographic market level. We consider each geographic market, which is comprised of all of our television stations within that geographic market, to be a single unit of accounting because the FCC licenses at this level represent their highest and best use. At December 31, 2023, we had 14 television markets with FCC license book values, which totaled \$2.31 billion.

For our annual impairment test, we perform qualitative assessments for each television market that we estimate has an aggregate fair value of FCC licenses that significantly exceeds its respective carrying value. For the 2023 annual impairment test, we performed qualitative assessments for six of our television markets. For each market, we weighed the relative impact of market-specific and macroeconomic factors. The market-specific factors considered include recent projections by geographic market from both independent and internal sources for revenue and operating costs, as well as average market share. We also considered the macroeconomic impact on discount rates and growth rates. Based on the qualitative assessments, considering the aggregation of the relevant factors, we concluded that it is not more likely than not that the fair values of the FCC licenses in each of these television markets are less than their respective carrying values. Therefore, performing a quantitative impairment test on these markets was unnecessary.

We performed a quantitative impairment test for the FCC licenses in the remaining eight markets. The quantitative impairment test of FCC licenses calculates an estimated fair value using the Greenfield Discounted Cash Flow Method, which values a hypothetical start-up station in the relevant market by adding discounted cash flows over a five-year build-up period to a residual value. The assumptions for the build-up period include industry projections of overall market revenues; the start-up station's operating costs and capital expenditures, which are based on both industry and internal data; and average market share. The discount rate is determined based on the industry and market-based risk of achieving the projected cash flows, and the residual value is calculated using a long-term growth rate, which is based on projected long-range inflation and industry projections. The discount rate and the long-term growth rate were 9% and 1%, respectively.

The impairment tests indicated that the estimated fair values of FCC licenses in five of the markets were below their respective carrying values. Accordingly, we recorded an impairment charge of \$83 million to write down the carrying values of these FCC licenses to their aggregate estimated fair value of \$887 million. The impairment charge, which is recorded within the *TV Media* segment, was primarily due to increased market volatility and higher interest rates in the fourth quarter of 2023 compared to the prior quarters of 2023 and the fourth quarter of 2022, which resulted in a higher discount rate. The estimated fair values of FCC licenses in the three remaining markets, which had an aggregate carrying value of \$357 million, were each within 10% of their respective carrying values. For the eight markets tested, which had an aggregate carrying value of FCC licenses of \$1.24 billion as of December 31, 2023, an increase to the discount rate of 50 basis points, or a decrease to the long-term growth rate of 50 basis points, assuming no changes to other factors, would cause the aggregate fair value of FCC licenses to fall below the aggregate carrying value by \$97 million and \$72 million, respectively.

The estimated fair values of FCC licenses are highly dependent on the assumptions of future economic conditions in the individual geographic markets in which we own and operate television stations. Certain future events and circumstances, including continued market volatility and increases in interest rates, or a decline in the local television advertising marketplace could result in a downward revision to our current assumptions and judgments. Various factors may contribute to a future decline in an advertising marketplace including declines in economic conditions; an other-than-temporary decrease in spending by advertisers in certain industries that have historically represented a significant portion of television advertising revenues in that market; a shift by advertisers to competing advertising platforms; changes in consumer behavior; and/or a change in population size.

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A further downward revision to the present value of future cash flows could result in an additional impairment and a noncash charge would be required. Such a charge could have a material effect on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Balance Sheet.

*Goodwill*—Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level, which is an operating segment, or one level below. As of December 31, 2023, we had five reporting units in three reportable segments, *TV Media* (\$11.17 billion of goodwill), *Direct-to-Consumer* (\$2.73 billion of goodwill) and *Filmed Entertainment* (\$2.62 billion of goodwill). The *TV Media* segment is comprised of two reporting units with \$5.16 billion of goodwill in one reporting unit and \$6.01 billion in the other.

For our annual impairment test, we perform a qualitative assessment for each reporting unit that we estimate has a fair value that substantially exceeds its respective carrying value. Additionally, we consider the duration of time since a quantitative test was performed, which was in the fourth quarter of 2021 for one reporting unit and as of January 1, 2022 for all other reporting units (“Prior Quantitative Tests”), as described below. For the 2023 annual impairment test, we performed qualitative assessments for all reporting units. For each reporting unit, we weighed the relative impact of factors that are specific to the reporting unit as well as industry and macroeconomic factors. The reporting unit specific factors that were considered included actual and expected financial performance and changes to the reporting units’ carrying amounts since the most recent impairment tests. For each industry in which the reporting units operate, we considered growth projections from independent sources, significant developments within the industry, and market factors, including changes in our market capitalization. Our assessment indicated that macroeconomic factors have negatively impacted inputs used in our previous quantitative tests, including discount rates, certain industry growth rates, and revenue and earnings multiples of publicly traded companies with operations and economic characteristics comparable to each of our reporting units (“comparable company trading multiples”). We assessed the extent of the impact of the changes in these inputs in relation to the significant headroom for each reporting unit in our previous quantitative tests. Based on this assessment, we concluded that while there are indicators that the fair value of most of our reporting units have declined, it is more likely than not that the fair value of each of our reporting units continues to substantially exceed their respective carrying amounts. Therefore, performing quantitative impairment tests was unnecessary.

For the 2022 annual impairment test, we performed qualitative assessments for all reporting units.

Certain future events and circumstances, including further deterioration of market conditions, increases in interest rates, and declines in projections, including from continued weakness in the advertising market, a shift by advertisers to competing advertising platforms, changes in consumer behavior, an acceleration in subscriber declines for our broadcast and cable networks, and/or a decrease in audience acceptance of our content and platforms could result in changes to our assumptions and judgments used in the goodwill impairment tests. A significant adverse change in these assumptions could cause the fair values of the reporting units to fall below their respective carrying values and a noncash impairment charge would be required. Such a charge could have a material effect on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Balance Sheet. In addition, while we believe our valuation methodologies are consistent with how a marketplace participant would value our reporting units, the application of different valuation techniques to our reporting units, either individually or in combination, could result in a different fair value.

*Prior Quantitative Tests*

In the fourth quarter of 2021, we performed a quantitative test for one reporting unit. In the first quarter of 2022, in connection with changes to our management structure and the resulting change in operating segments, we reassessed our reporting units and reallocated goodwill from the four reporting units in place prior to the realignment to six reporting units, using a relative fair value approach. We performed goodwill impairment tests

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as of January 1, 2022 on the reporting units in place before and after the change. For these impairment tests, we performed quantitative tests for three of the reporting units that existed prior to the change and five of the reporting units in place subsequent to the change. For a quantitative goodwill impairment test we calculate an estimated fair value to determine whether it exceeds the carrying value of the respective reporting unit. We also consider the reasonableness of the market capitalization of our Company in relation to the estimated aggregate fair value of our reporting units. For one of the quantitative tests, we estimated fair value based on the traded and transaction values of comparable businesses, and for the remaining quantitative tests, we estimated the fair value based on both the present value of future cash flows (“Discounted Cash Flow Method”) and the traded and transaction values of comparable businesses. The Discounted Cash Flow Method requires us to make various assumptions regarding the timing and amount of future cash flows, including growth rates, operating margins and capital expenditures for a projection period, plus the terminal value of the business at the end of the projection period. The assumptions about future cash flows are based on our internal forecasts of the reporting unit, which incorporates our long-term business plans and historical trends. The terminal value is estimated based on a perpetual nominal growth rate, which is based on historical and projected inflation and economic indicators, as well as industry growth projections. A discount rate is determined for the reporting unit based on the risks of achieving the future cash flows, including risks applicable to the industry and market as a whole, as well as the capital structure of comparable entities. We utilized discount rates ranging from 9% to 13.5% and terminal values that were based on either growth rates ranging from 1% to 2% or revenue multiples ranging from 1.5x to 2.7x. Traded and transaction values were determined using comparable company trading multiples as well as revenue and earnings multiples from recent transactions of comparable companies. The selected multiples consider each reporting unit’s relative growth, profitability, size, and risk relative to the selected publicly traded companies. Based on the results of these impairment tests, we concluded that the estimated fair values of the reporting units significantly exceeded their respective carrying values and, therefore, no impairment charge was required.

For one of the reporting units, we performed a qualitative assessment before and after the reporting unit change and concluded that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit was higher than its carrying amount.

In the fourth quarter of 2022, as a result of a management reorganization, the reporting units within our *TV Media* segment changed from three to two reporting units.

*Legal Matters*

Estimates of liabilities related to legal issues and predecessor operations, including asbestos and environmental matters, require significant judgments by management. We record an accrual for a loss contingency when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and when the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. It is difficult to predict long-term future asbestos liabilities as events and circumstances may impact the estimate. The reasonably estimable period for our long-term asbestos liability is 10 years, which we determined in consultation with a third-party firm with expertise in estimating asbestos liability and is due to the inherent uncertainties in the tort litigation system. Our estimated asbestos liability is based upon many factors, including the number of outstanding claims, estimated average cost per claim, the breakdown of claims by disease type, historic claim filings, costs per claim of resolution and the filing of new claims, and is assessed in consultation with the third-party firm. Based on an assessment of these factors, during the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased the accrual for asbestos matters by \$23 million, which was recorded as a charge in “Restructuring and other corporate matters” on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The increased accrual was primarily the result of a lower-than-expected rate of decline in new claims. Changes in circumstances in future periods could cause our actual liabilities for asbestos and/or environmental matters to be higher or lower than our current accrual. We will continue to evaluate our estimates and update our accruals as needed.

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*Pensions*

Pension benefit obligations and net periodic pension costs are calculated using many actuarial assumptions. Two key assumptions used in accounting for pension liabilities and expenses are the discount rate and expected rate of return on plan assets. The discount rate is determined based on the yield on a portfolio of high quality bonds, constructed to provide cash flows necessary to meet our pension plans' expected future benefit payments, as determined for the accumulated benefit obligation. The expected return on plan assets assumption is derived using the current and expected asset allocation of the pension plan assets and considering historical as well as expected returns on various classes of plan assets. As of December 31, 2023, changes in actuarial assumptions resulted in an increase to accumulated other comprehensive loss compared with the prior year-end due to a decrease in the discount rate, which was largely offset by the favorable performance of pension plan assets. A 25 basis point change in the discount rate would result in an estimated change to the accumulated benefit obligation of approximately \$79 million and would have an insignificant impact on 2024 pension expense. A decrease in the expected rate of return on plan assets would increase pension expense. The estimated impact of a 25 basis point change in the expected rate of return on plan assets is a change of approximately \$6 million to 2024 pension expense.

*Income Taxes*

We are subject to income taxes in both the U.S. and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes and evaluating our income tax positions. When recording an interim worldwide provision for income taxes, an estimated effective tax rate for the year is applied to interim operating results. In the event there is a significant or unusual item recognized in the quarterly operating results, the tax attributable to that item is separately calculated and recorded in the same quarter. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be reversed. We evaluate the realizability of deferred tax assets and establish a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of deferred tax assets will not be realized. While valuation allowances can require significant judgment, we believe the valuation allowance of \$498 million at December 31, 2023 properly reduces our deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

A number of years may elapse before a tax return containing tax matters for which a reserve has been established is audited and finally resolved. For positions taken in a previously filed tax return or expected to be taken in a future tax return, we evaluate each position to determine whether it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is subject to a measurement assessment to determine the amount of benefit to recognize in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and the appropriate reserve to establish, if any. If a tax position does not meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, a tax reserve is established and no benefit is recognized. We evaluate our uncertain tax positions quarterly based on many factors, including, changes in tax laws and interpretations, information received from tax authorities, and other changes in facts and circumstances. Our income tax returns are routinely audited by U.S. federal and state as well as foreign tax authorities. While it is often difficult to predict the final outcome or the timing of resolution of any particular tax matter, we believe that the reserve for uncertain tax positions of \$286 million at December 31, 2023 is properly recorded.

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**Legal Matters**

*General*

On an ongoing basis, we vigorously defend ourselves in numerous lawsuits and proceedings and respond to various investigations and inquiries from federal, state, local and international authorities (collectively, “Litigation”). Litigation may be brought against us without merit, is inherently uncertain and always difficult to predict. However, based on our understanding and evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances, we believe that the following matters are not likely, in the aggregate, to result in a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**Stockholder Matters**

*Litigation Relating to the Merger*

Beginning in February 2020, three purported CBS stockholders filed separate derivative and/or putative class action lawsuits in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the “Delaware Chancery Court”). In March 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court consolidated the three lawsuits and appointed Bucks County Employees Retirement Fund and International Union of Operating Engineers of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware as co-lead plaintiffs for the consolidated action captioned *In re CBS Corporation Stockholder Class Action and Derivative Litigation* (the “CBS Litigation”). In April 2020, the lead plaintiffs filed a Verified Consolidated Class Action and Derivative Complaint (as used in this paragraph, the “Complaint”) against Shari E. Redstone, National Amusements, Inc., Sumner M. Redstone National Amusements Trust, additional members of the CBS Board of Directors (including Candace K. Beinecke, Barbara M. Byrne, Gary L. Countryman, Linda M. Griego, Robert N. Klieger, Martha L. Minow, Susan Schuman, Frederick O. Terrell and Strauss Zelnick), former CBS President and Acting Chief Executive Officer Joseph Ianniello and the Company as nominal defendant. The Complaint alleged breaches of fiduciary duties in connection with the negotiation and approval of an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 13, 2019, between CBS and Viacom (as amended, the “Merger Agreement”). The Complaint also alleged waste and unjust enrichment in connection with certain aspects of Mr. Ianniello’s compensation awards. The Complaint sought unspecified damages, costs and expenses, as well as other relief. In December 2022, the Delaware Chancery Court dismissed the fiduciary duty claim against Mr. Klieger.

In May 2023, the parties to the CBS Litigation entered into a settlement agreement that provided for, among other things, the final dismissal of the CBS Litigation in exchange for a settlement payment to the Company in the amount of \$167.5 million, less administrative costs and plaintiffs’ counsels’ fees and expenses. In September 2023, the Delaware Chancery Court approved the settlement and dismissed the CBS Litigation with prejudice. In October 2023, the Company received the settlement payment in the amount of \$120 million, which reflects the settlement of \$167.5 million after a deduction was made for administrative costs and plaintiffs’ counsels’ fees and expenses, and accordingly, we recognized a gain of \$120 million during the fourth quarter of 2023.

Beginning in November 2019, four purported Viacom stockholders filed separate putative class action lawsuits in the Delaware Chancery Court. In January 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court consolidated the four lawsuits. In February 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court appointed California Public Employees’ Retirement System (“CalPERS”) as lead plaintiff for the consolidated action. Subsequently, in February 2020, CalPERS, together with Park Employees’ and Retirement Board Employees’ Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago and Louis M. Wilen, filed a First Amended Verified Class Action Complaint (as used in this paragraph, the “Complaint”) against NAI, NAI Entertainment Holdings LLC, Shari E. Redstone, the members of the special transaction committee of the Viacom Board of Directors (comprised of Thomas J. May, Judith A. McHale, Ronald L. Nelson and Nicole Seligman) and our President and Chief Executive Officer and director, Robert M. Bakish (as used in this paragraph, the “Viacom Litigation”). The Complaint alleged breaches of fiduciary duties to Viacom

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stockholders in connection with the negotiation and approval of the Merger Agreement. The Complaint sought unspecified damages, costs and expenses, as well as other relief. In December 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court dismissed the claims against Mr. Bakish, while allowing the claims against the remaining defendants to proceed. In March 2023, the parties to the Viacom Litigation entered into a settlement agreement that provided for, among other things, the final dismissal of the Viacom Litigation in exchange for a settlement payment in the amount of \$122.5 million, which has been fully paid. In July 2023, the Delaware Chancery Court granted approval of the settlement and dismissed the Viacom Litigation with prejudice.

*Litigation Related to Stock Offerings*

In August 2021, Camelot Event Driven Fund filed a putative securities class action lawsuit in New York Supreme Court, County of New York, and in November 2021, an amended complaint was filed that, among other changes, added an additional named plaintiff (as used in this paragraph, the "Complaint"). The Complaint is on behalf of investors who purchased shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock and 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock pursuant to public securities offerings completed in March 2021, and was filed against the Company, certain senior executives, members of our Board of Directors, and the underwriters involved in the offerings. The Complaint asserts violations of federal securities law and alleges that the offering documents contained material misstatements and omissions, including through an alleged failure to adequately disclose certain total return swap transactions involving Archegos Capital Management referenced to our securities and related alleged risks to the Company's stock price. In December 2021, the plaintiffs filed a stipulation seeking the voluntary dismissal without prejudice of the outside director defendants from the lawsuit, which the Court subsequently ordered. On the same date, the defendants filed motions to dismiss the lawsuit, which were heard in January 2023. In February 2023, the Court dismissed all claims against the Company while allowing the claims against the underwriters to proceed. The plaintiffs and underwriter defendants have appealed the ruling.

*Litigation Related to Television Station Owners*

In September 2019, the Company was added as a defendant in a multi-district putative class action lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois. The lawsuit was filed by parties that claim to have purchased broadcast television spot advertising beginning about January 2014 on television stations owned by one or more of the defendant television station owners and alleges the sharing of allegedly competitively sensitive information among such television stations in alleged violation of the Sherman Antitrust Act. The action, which names the Company among fourteen total defendants, seeks monetary damages, attorneys' fees, costs and interest as well as injunctions against the allegedly unlawful conduct. We reached an agreement with the plaintiffs to settle the lawsuit. The settlement, which includes no admission of liability or wrongdoing by the Company, was subject to Court approval. In August 2023, the Court granted preliminary approval of the settlement, and in December 2023, the Court granted final approval of the settlement.

*Claims Related to Former Businesses*

*Asbestos*

We are a defendant in lawsuits claiming various personal injuries related to asbestos and other materials, which allegedly occurred as a result of exposure caused by various products manufactured by Westinghouse, a predecessor, generally prior to the early 1970s. Westinghouse was neither a producer nor a manufacturer of asbestos. We are typically named as one of a large number of defendants in both state and federal cases. In the majority of asbestos lawsuits, the plaintiffs have not identified which of our products is the basis of a claim. Claims against us in which a product has been identified most commonly relate to allegations of exposure to asbestos-containing insulating material used in conjunction with turbines and electrical equipment.

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Claims are frequently filed and/or settled in groups, which may make the amount and timing of settlements, and the number of pending claims, subject to significant fluctuation from period to period. We do not report as pending those claims on inactive, stayed, deferred or similar dockets that some jurisdictions have established for claimants who allege minimal or no impairment. As of December 31, 2023, we had pending approximately 19,970 asbestos claims, as compared with approximately 21,580 as of December 31, 2022 and 27,770 as of December 31, 2021. During 2023, we received approximately 2,790 new claims and closed or moved to an inactive docket approximately 4,400 claims. We report claims as closed when we become aware that a dismissal order has been entered by a court or when we have reached agreement with the claimants on the material terms of a settlement. Settlement costs depend on the seriousness of the injuries that form the basis of the claims, the quality of evidence supporting the claims and other factors. Our total costs for the years 2023 and 2022 for settlement and defense of asbestos claims after insurance recoveries and net of tax were approximately \$54 million and \$57 million, respectively. Our costs for settlement and defense of asbestos claims may vary year to year and insurance proceeds are not always recovered in the same period as the insured portion of the expenses.

Filings include claims for individuals suffering from mesothelioma, a rare cancer, the risk of which is allegedly increased by exposure to asbestos; lung cancer, a cancer which may be caused by various factors, one of which is alleged to be asbestos exposure; other cancers, and conditions that are substantially less serious, including claims brought on behalf of individuals who are asymptomatic as to an allegedly asbestos-related disease. A significant number of pending claims against us are non-cancer claims. It is difficult to predict long-term future asbestos liabilities, as events and circumstances may impact the estimate. We record an accrual for a loss contingency when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and when the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The reasonably estimable period for our long-term asbestos liability is 10 years, which we determined in consultation with a third-party firm with expertise in estimating asbestos liability and is due to the inherent uncertainties in the tort litigation system. Our estimated asbestos liability is based upon many factors, including the number of outstanding claims, estimated average cost per claim, the breakdown of claims by disease type, historic claim filings, costs per claim of resolution and the filing of new claims, and is assessed in consultation with the third-party firm. Based on an assessment of these factors during the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased the accrual for asbestos matters by \$23 million, which was recorded as a charge in "Restructuring and other corporate matters" on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The increased accrual was primarily the result of a lower-than-expected rate of decline in new claims. Changes in circumstances in future periods could cause our actual liabilities to be higher or lower than our current accrual. We will continue to evaluate our estimates and update our accrual as needed.

*Other*

From time to time, we receive claims from federal and state environmental regulatory agencies and other entities asserting that we are or may be liable for environmental cleanup costs and related damages principally relating to our historical and predecessor operations. In addition, from time to time we receive personal injury claims including toxic tort and product liability claims (other than asbestos) arising from our historical operations and predecessors. While we believe that our accruals for these matters are adequate, there can be no assurance that circumstances will not change in future periods and, as a result, our actual liabilities may be higher or lower than our accrual.

**Market Risk**

We are exposed to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates and use derivative financial instruments to manage this exposure. In accordance with our policy, we do not use derivative instruments unless there is an underlying exposure and, therefore, we do not hold or enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes.

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*Foreign Exchange Risk*

We conduct business in various countries outside the U.S., resulting in exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates when translating from the foreign local currency to the U.S. dollar. In order to hedge anticipated cash flows in currencies such as the British pound, the euro, the Canadian dollar and the Australian dollar, foreign currency forward contracts, for periods generally up to 24 months, are used. Additionally, we designate forward contracts used to hedge committed and forecasted foreign currency transactions, including future production costs and programming obligations, as cash flow hedges. Gains or losses on the effective portion of designated cash flow hedges are initially recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified to the statement of operations when the hedged item is recognized. Additionally, we enter into non-designated forward contracts to hedge non-U.S. dollar denominated cash flows. The change in fair value of the non-designated contracts is included in "Other items, net" on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. We manage the use of foreign exchange derivatives centrally.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the notional amount of all foreign currency contracts was \$2.72 billion and \$3.06 billion, respectively. For 2023, \$2.20 billion related to future production costs and \$523 million related to our foreign currency balances and other expected foreign currency cash flows. For 2022, \$2.40 billion related to future production costs and \$655 million related to our foreign currency balances and other expected foreign currency cash flows.

*Interest Risk*

Interest rates on future long-term debt issuances are exposed to risk related to movements in long-term interest rates. Interest rate hedges may be used to modify this exposure at our discretion. There were no interest rate hedges outstanding at December 31, 2023 or 2022 but in the future we may use derivatives to manage our exposure to interest rates.

At December 31, 2023, the carrying value of our outstanding notes and debentures was \$14.60 billion and the fair value was \$13.6 billion. A 1% increase or decrease in interest rates would decrease or increase the fair value of our notes and debentures by approximately \$1.49 billion and \$665 million, respectively.

*Credit Risk*

We continually monitor our positions with, and credit quality of, the financial institutions that are counterparties to our financial instruments. We are exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. However, we do not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparties.

Our receivables do not represent significant concentrations of credit risk at December 31, 2023 or 2022, due to the wide variety of customers, markets and geographic areas to which our products and services are sold.

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**Related Parties**

See Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

**Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted**

See Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

**Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.***

Information required by this item is presented in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition—Market Risk."

**Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.**

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The following Consolidated Financial Statements and schedule of the registrant and its subsidiaries are submitted herewith as part of this report:

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Item 15(a)(1) Financial Statements:	
1. <a href="#">Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</a>	<a href="#">II-37</a>
2. <a href="#">Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</a> (PCAOB ID: 238)	<a href="#">II-38</a>
3. <a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021</a>	<a href="#">II-41</a>
4. <a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021</a>	<a href="#">II-42</a>
5. <a href="#">Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2023 and 2022</a>	<a href="#">II-43</a>
6. <a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021</a>	<a href="#">II-44</a>
7. <a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021</a>	<a href="#">II-45</a>
8. <a href="#">Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</a>	<a href="#">II-46</a>
Item 15(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedule:	
<a href="#">II. Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021</a>	<a href="#">F-1</a>

All other Schedules are omitted since the required information is not present or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule.



## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Paramount Global

### ***Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Paramount Global and its subsidiaries (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of operations, of comprehensive income, of stockholders’ equity, and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, including the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the COSO.

### ***Basis for Opinions***

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company’s consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

### ***Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### ***Critical Audit Matters***

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### ***Amortization of Certain Internally-Produced Television Programming Costs***

As described in Notes 1 and 4 to the consolidated financial statements, programming that is expected to be predominantly monetized through licensing and distribution on third-party platforms is considered individually monetized and programming that is expected to be predominantly monetized on the Company's networks and streaming services together with other programming, is considered to be monetized as part of a film group. The Company's amortization of internally-produced television and film programming costs with individual monetization and film group monetization was \$7.16 billion for the year ended December 31, 2023, a majority of which is attributable to the amortization of certain internally-produced television programming costs. For internally-produced television programs that are predominantly monetized on an individual basis, management uses an individual-film-forecast computation method to amortize capitalized production costs over the applicable title's life cycle based upon the ratio of current period revenues to estimated remaining total gross revenues to be earned ("Ultimate Revenues") for each title. For internally-produced television programming that is predominantly monetized as part of a film group, capitalized costs are amortized based on management's estimate of the timing of the Company's usage of and benefit from such programming.

The principal consideration for our determination that performing procedures relating to amortization of certain internally-produced television programming costs is a critical audit matter is a high degree of auditor effort in performing procedures related to the amortization of certain internally-produced television programming costs monetized individually and as part of a film group.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to the amortization of certain internally-produced television programming costs. These procedures also included, among others (i) recalculating the amortization of certain internally-produced television

programming costs on a sample basis and (ii) evaluating, on a test basis, whether the method used to amortize certain internally-produced television programming costs is reasonable by considering either a) information related to past performance of similar television programs in a market, the performance in the initial markets, and future firm commitments to license programs for programming monetized on an individual basis, or b) information related to estimated timing of the usage of content for television programming monetized as part of a film group. Procedures were also performed to test the completeness and accuracy of management's data used in the amortization of certain internally-produced television programming costs.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
New York, New York  
February 28, 2024

We have served as the Company's or its predecessor's auditor since 1970.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(In millions, except per share amounts)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Revenues	\$ 29,652	\$ 30,154	\$ 28,586
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	20,017	19,845	17,744
Programming charges	2,371	—	—
Selling, general and administrative	7,245	7,033	6,398
Depreciation and amortization	418	378	390
Impairment charges	83	27	—
Restructuring and other corporate matters	(31)	585	100
Total costs and expenses	30,103	27,868	24,632
Net gains on dispositions	—	56	2,343
Operating income (loss)	(451)	2,342	6,297
Interest expense	(920)	(931)	(986)
Interest income	137	108	53
Gain (loss) from investments	168	(9)	47
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt	29	(120)	(128)
Other items, net	(216)	(124)	(77)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in loss of investee companies	(1,253)	1,266	5,206
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	361	(227)	(646)
Equity in loss of investee companies, net of tax	(360)	(204)	(91)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(1,252)	835	4,469
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	676	379	162
Net earnings (loss) (Paramount and noncontrolling interests)	(576)	1,214	4,631
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(32)	(110)	(88)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Paramount	\$ (608)	\$ 1,104	\$ 4,543
Amounts attributable to Paramount:			
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (1,284)	\$ 725	\$ 4,381
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	676	379	162
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Paramount	\$ (608)	\$ 1,104	\$ 4,543
Basic net earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Paramount:			
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (2.06)	\$ 1.03	\$ 6.77
Net earnings from discontinued operations	\$ 1.04	\$ .58	\$ .25
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (1.02)	\$ 1.61	\$ 7.02
Diluted net earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Paramount:			
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (2.06)	\$ 1.03	\$ 6.69
Net earnings from discontinued operations	\$ 1.04	\$ .58	\$ .25
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (1.02)	\$ 1.61	\$ 6.94
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:			
Basic	652	649	641
Diluted	652	650	655

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(In millions)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Net earnings (loss) (Paramount and noncontrolling interests)	\$ (576)	\$ 1,214	\$ 4,631
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Cumulative translation adjustments	179	(240)	(143)
Decrease to net actuarial loss and prior service costs	45	337	75
Other comprehensive income (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax (Paramount and noncontrolling interests)	224	97	(68)
Other comprehensive income (loss) from discontinued operations	30	(7)	(3)
Comprehensive income (loss)	(322)	1,304	4,560
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	35	105	87
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Paramount	\$ (357)	\$ 1,199	\$ 4,473

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(In millions, except per share amounts)

	At December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,460	\$ 2,885
Receivables, net	7,115	7,412
Programming and other inventory	1,414	1,342
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,677	1,308
Current assets of discontinued operations	37	787
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>12,703</b>	<b>13,734</b>
Property and equipment, net	1,666	1,762
Programming and other inventory	13,851	16,278
Goodwill	16,516	16,499
Intangible assets, net	2,589	2,694
Operating lease assets	1,183	1,391
Deferred income tax assets, net	1,242	1,242
Other assets	3,793	3,991
Assets of discontinued operations	—	802
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 53,543</b>	<b>\$ 58,393</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,403
Accrued expenses	2,104	2,071
Participants' share and royalties payable	2,702	2,416
Accrued programming and production costs	1,842	2,063
Deferred revenues	746	973
Debt	1	239
Other current liabilities	1,153	1,477
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	8	549
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>9,656</b>	<b>11,191</b>
Long-term debt	14,601	15,607
Participants' share and royalties payable	1,394	1,744
Pension and postretirement benefit obligations	1,337	1,458
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	503	1,077
Operating lease liabilities	1,256	1,428
Program rights obligations	204	367
Other liabilities	1,534	1,715
Liabilities of discontinued operations	8	200
Commitments and contingencies (Note 19)		
Paramount stockholders' equity:		
5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$.001 per share; 25 shares authorized and 10 shares issued (2023 and 2022)	—	—
Class A Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share; 55 shares authorized; 41 (2023 and 2022) shares issued	—	—
Class B Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share; 5,000 shares authorized; 1,115 (2023) and 1,112 (2022) shares issued	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	33,210	33,063
Treasury stock, at cost; 503 (2023 and 2022) shares of Class B Common Stock	(22,958)	(22,958)
Retained earnings	13,829	14,737
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,556)	(1,807)
<b>Total Paramount stockholders' equity</b>	<b>22,526</b>	<b>23,036</b>
Noncontrolling interests	524	570
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>23,050</b>	<b>23,606</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>\$ 53,543</b>	<b>\$ 58,393</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(In millions)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>Operating Activities:</b>			
Net earnings (loss) (Paramount and noncontrolling interests)	\$ (576)	\$ 1,214	\$ 4,631
Less: Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	676	379	162
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(1,252)	835	4,469
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) from continuing operations to net cash flow provided by (used for) operating activities from continuing operations:			
Programming charges	2,371	—	—
Depreciation and amortization	418	378	390
Impairment charges	83	27	—
Amortization of content costs and participation and residuals expense	14,713	14,951	13,649
Deferred tax (benefit) provision	(650)	(106)	90
Stock-based compensation	177	172	192
Net gains on dispositions	—	(56)	(2,343)
(Gain) loss from investments	(168)	9	(47)
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	(29)	120	128
Equity in loss of investee companies, net of tax and distributions	363	207	96
Change in assets and liabilities			
Decrease (increase) in receivables	523	(180)	179
Increase in inventory and related program, participation, and residuals liabilities	(15,518)	(17,164)	(16,763)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and other liabilities	(659)	596	642
Decrease in pension and postretirement benefit obligations	(69)	(44)	(61)
Increase in income taxes	267	272	265
Other, net	(186)	(159)	(51)
Net cash flow provided by (used for) operating activities from continuing operations	384	(142)	835
Net cash flow provided by operating activities from discontinued operations	91	361	118
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	475	219	953
<b>Investing Activities:</b>			
Investments	(322)	(254)	(193)
Capital expenditures	(328)	(358)	(354)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	—	—	(54)
Proceeds from dispositions	71	95	3,028
Other investing activities	(3)	(1)	(25)
Net cash flow (used for) provided by investing activities from continuing operations	(582)	(518)	2,402
Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities from discontinued operations	1,524	(8)	(7)
Net cash flow provided by (used for) investing activities	942	(526)	2,395
<b>Financing Activities:</b>			
Proceeds from issuance of debt	45	1,138	58
Repayment of debt	(1,277)	(3,140)	(2,230)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(58)	(58)	(30)
Dividends paid on common stock	(389)	(631)	(617)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	—	—	983
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	—	—	1,672
Payment of payroll taxes in lieu of issuing shares for stock-based compensation	(29)	(31)	(110)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	—	—	408
Payments to noncontrolling interests	(93)	(218)	(235)
Other financing activities	(40)	(41)	(51)
Net cash flow used for financing activities	(1,841)	(2,981)	(152)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1)	(94)	(48)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(425)	(3,382)	3,148
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year (includes \$135 of restricted cash for 2021)	2,885	6,267	3,119
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,460	\$ 2,885	\$ 6,267

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(In millions)

	Preferred Stock		Class A and B Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Paramount Stockholders' Equity	Non- Controlling Interests	Total Equity
	(Shares)	\$	(Shares)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>December 31, 2020</b>	—	\$	617	\$	29,785	\$	10,375	\$	15,371	\$	16,056
Stock-based compensation activity	—	—	11	—	493	—	—	—	493	—	493
Stock issuances	10	—	20	—	2,655	—	—	—	2,655	—	2,655
Preferred stock dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(44)	—	(44)	—	(44)
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(625)	—	(625)	—	(625)
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	(15)	—	94	—	79	(204)	(125)
Net earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,543	—	4,543	88	4,631
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(70)	(70)	(1)	(71)
<b>December 31, 2021</b>	10	—	648	\$	32,918	\$	14,343	\$	22,402	\$	22,970
Stock-based compensation activity	—	—	2	—	145	—	—	—	145	—	145
Preferred stock dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(58)	—	(58)	—	(58)
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(635)	—	(635)	—	(635)
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(17)	—	(17)	(103)	(120)
Net earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,104	—	1,104	110	1,214
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	95	95	(5)	90
<b>December 31, 2022</b>	10	—	650	\$	33,063	\$	14,737	\$	23,036	\$	23,606
Stock-based compensation activity and other	—	—	3	—	147	—	19	—	166	—	166
Preferred stock dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(58)	—	(58)	—	(58)
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	—	—	—	(261)	—	(261)	—	(261)
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(81)	(81)
Net earnings (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(608)	—	(608)	32	(576)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	251	251	3	254
<b>December 31, 2023</b>	10	\$	653	\$	33,210	\$	13,829	\$	22,526	\$	23,050

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)**

**1) BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

*Description of Business*—Paramount Global, a global media, streaming and entertainment company that creates premium content and experiences for audiences worldwide, is comprised of the following segments:

- *TV Media*—Our *TV Media* segment consists of our (1) broadcast operations—the CBS Television Network, our domestic broadcast television network; CBS Stations, our owned television stations; and our international free-to-air networks, Network 10, Channel 5, Telefe, and Chilevisión; (2) domestic premium and basic cable networks, including Paramount+ with Showtime (we rebranded Showtime as Paramount+ with Showtime in January 2024), MTV, Comedy Central, Paramount Network, The Smithsonian Channel, Nickelodeon, BET Media Group, CBS Sports Network, and international extensions of certain of these brands; and (3) domestic and international television studio operations, including CBS Studios, Paramount Television Studios and Showtime/MTV Entertainment Studios, as well as CBS Media Ventures, which produces and distributes first-run syndicated programming. *TV Media* also includes a number of digital properties such as CBS News Streaming and CBS Sports HQ.
- *Direct-to-Consumer*—Our *Direct-to-Consumer* segment includes our portfolio of domestic and international pay and free streaming services, including Paramount+, Pluto TV, BET+ and Noggin. Effective June 27, 2023, we launched the Paramount+ with Showtime subscription plan in the United States (“U.S.”). Effective July 6, 2023, Showtime Networks’ domestic premium subscription service was no longer offered as a standalone subscription service for new subscribers.
- *Filmed Entertainment*—Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment consists of Paramount Pictures, Paramount Players, Paramount Animation, Nickelodeon Studio, Awesomeness and Miramax.

References to “Paramount,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Paramount Global and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

*Discontinued Operations*—Simon & Schuster, which was sold during the fourth quarter of 2023, is presented as a discontinued operation in our consolidated financial statements for all periods presented (see Note 2). Simon & Schuster was reported as the *Publishing* segment until we began presenting it as a discontinued operation in the fourth quarter of 2020.

*Principles of Consolidation*—The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Paramount, its subsidiaries in which a controlling interest is maintained and variable interest entities (“VIEs”) where we are considered the primary beneficiary, after the elimination of intercompany transactions. Controlling interest is determined by majority ownership interest and the absence of substantive third party participating rights. Investments over which we have a significant influence, without a controlling interest, are accounted for under the equity method. For these investments, our proportionate share of net earnings or loss of the entity is recorded in “Equity in loss of investee companies, net of tax” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

*Reclassifications*—Certain amounts reported for prior years have been reclassified to conform to the current year’s presentation.

*Use of Estimates*—The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may vary from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

*Business Combinations*—We generally account for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method, once control is obtained of a business, 100% of the assets, liabilities and certain contingent liabilities acquired, as well as amounts attributed to noncontrolling interests, are recorded at fair value. Any transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*—Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase, including money market funds, commercial paper and bank time deposits.

*Programming Inventory*—We produce and acquire rights to programming to exhibit on our broadcast and cable networks, direct to consumers through our streaming services, on our broadcast television stations, and in theaters. We also produce programming for third parties. Costs for internally-produced and acquired programming inventory, including prepayments for such costs, are recorded within the non-current portion of “Programming and other inventory” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Prepayments for the rights to air sporting and other live events that are expected to be expensed over the next 12 months are classified within the current portion of “Programming and other inventory” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Costs incurred to produce television programs and feature films (which include direct production costs, production overhead, acquisition costs and development costs) are capitalized when incurred and amortized over the projected life of each television program or feature film. Costs incurred to acquire television series and feature film programming rights, including advances, are capitalized when the license period has begun and the program is accepted and available for airing and amortized over the shorter of the license period or the period in which an economic benefit is expected to be derived.

In addition, production inventory is reduced by contributions from co-production partners, as applicable, and tax incentives earned for qualified production spending in certain U.S. states and international locations. As a result, the benefit of these items will be recognized through reduced amortization over the life of the related content. Included in “Other current assets” and “Other assets” on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023 were receivables for production tax incentives of \$0.5 billion and \$1.2 billion, respectively.

We categorize our capitalized production and programming costs based on the expected predominant monetization strategy throughout the life of the content. Our programming that is expected to be predominantly monetized through licensing and distribution on third-party platforms is considered individually monetized and our programming that is expected to be predominantly monetized on our networks and streaming services together with other programming, is considered to be monetized as part of a film group. The predominant monetization strategy is determined when capitalization of production costs commences and is reassessed if there is a significant change to the expected future monetization strategy. This reassessment will include an assessment of the monetization strategy throughout the entire life of the programming.

For internally-produced television programs and feature films that are predominantly monetized on an individual basis, we use an individual-film-forecast computation method to amortize capitalized production costs and to accrue estimated liabilities for participations and residuals over the applicable title’s life cycle based upon the ratio of current period revenues to estimated remaining total gross revenues to be earned (“Ultimate Revenues”) for each title. The estimate of Ultimate Revenues impacts the timing of amortization of capitalized production

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

costs and expensing of participations and residual costs. For television programming, our estimate of Ultimate Revenues includes revenues to be earned within 10 years from the delivery of the first episode, or, if still in production, five years from the delivery of the most recent episode, if later. These estimates are based on the past performance of similar television programs in a market, the performance in the initial markets and future firm commitments to license programs.

For feature films, our estimate of Ultimate Revenues includes revenues from all sources that are estimated to be earned within 10 years from the date of a film's initial release. Prior to the release of feature films, we estimate Ultimate Revenues based on the historical performance of similar content and pre-release market research (including test market screenings), as well as factors relating to the specific film, including the expected number of theaters and markets in which the original content will be released, the genre of the original content and the past box office performance of the lead actors and actresses. Upon a film's initial release, we update our estimate of Ultimate Revenues based on actual and expected future performance. Our estimates of revenues from succeeding windows and markets are revised based on historical relationships to theatrical performance and an analysis of current market trends. For acquired television and film libraries, our estimate of Ultimate Revenues is for a period within 20 years from the date of acquisition. Ultimate Revenue estimates are periodically reviewed and adjustments, if any, will result in changes to inventory amortization rates and estimated accruals for residuals and participations.

Film development costs that have not been set for production are expensed within three years unless they are abandoned earlier, in which case these projects are written down to their estimated fair value in the period the decision to abandon the project is determined.

For programming that is predominantly monetized as part of a film group, capitalized costs are amortized based on an estimate of the timing of our usage of and benefit from such programming. The costs of programming rights licensed under multi-year sports programming agreements are capitalized if the rights payments are made before the related economic benefit has been received and amortized over the period in which an economic benefit is expected to be derived based on the relative value of the events broadcast by us during a period in relation to the estimated total value of the events over the term of the sports programming agreement.

For content that is predominantly monetized on an individual basis, a television program or feature film is tested for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that its fair value may be less than its unamortized cost. Content that is predominantly monetized within a film group is assessed for impairment at the film group level and would similarly be tested for impairment if circumstances indicate that the fair value of the film group is less than its unamortized costs. If the carrying value of a film group or individual television program or feature film exceeds the estimated fair value, an impairment charge will then be recorded in the amount of the difference. A change in the monetization strategy of content, whether monetized individually or as part of a film group, will result in a reassessment of the predominant monetization strategy and may trigger an assessment of the content for impairment. Any resulting impairment test will be performed either at the individual level or at the film group level where the future cash flows will be generated, as appropriate. In addition, unamortized costs for internally-produced or acquired programming that has been abandoned are written off.

Television and feature film programming and production costs, including inventory amortization, development costs, residuals and participations and impairment charges, if any, are included within "Operating expenses" on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For 2023, programming charges, which include impairment charges, development cost write-offs and contract termination costs related to strategic changes to our businesses are included within "Programming charges" on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

*Property and Equipment*—Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	10 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term or useful life
Equipment and other (including finance leases)	3 to 20 years

Costs associated with repairs and maintenance of property and equipment are expensed as incurred.

*Impairment of Long-Lived Assets*—We assess long-lived assets and intangible assets, other than goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives, for impairment whenever there is an indication that the carrying amount of the asset group may not be recoverable. Recoverability of these asset groups is determined by comparing the forecasted undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by these asset groups to their net carrying value. If the carrying value is not recoverable, the amount of impairment charge, if any, is measured by the difference between the net carrying value and the estimated fair value of the assets.

*Investments*—Investments over which we have a significant influence, without a controlling interest, are accounted for under the equity method. Equity investments for which we have no significant influence are measured at fair value where a readily determinable fair value exists. Equity investments that do not have a readily determinable fair value are measured at cost less impairment, if any, and adjusted for observable price changes. Gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value of equity investments are recorded in “Gain (loss) from investments” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. We monitor our investments for impairment and reduce the carrying value of the investment if we determine that an impairment charge is required based on qualitative and quantitative information. Our investments are included in “Other assets” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

*Goodwill and Intangible Assets*—Goodwill is allocated to various reporting units, which are at or one level below our operating segments. Intangible assets with finite lives, which primarily consist of trade names, licenses, and customer agreements are generally amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, which range from 5 to 40 years. Goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives, which consist primarily of FCC licenses, are not amortized but are tested for impairment on an annual basis and between annual tests if events occur or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value below its carrying amount. If the carrying value of goodwill or the indefinite-lived intangible asset exceeds its fair value, an impairment charge is recognized (see Note 5).

*Guarantees*—At the inception of a guarantee, we recognize a liability for the fair value of an obligation assumed by issuing the guarantee. The related liability is subsequently reduced as utilized or extinguished and increased if there is a probable loss associated with the guarantee which exceeds the value of the recorded liability.

*Treasury Stock*—Treasury stock is accounted for using the cost method. Retirements of treasury stock are reflected as a reduction to additional paid-in capital.

*Fair Value Measurements*—Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The framework for measuring fair value provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring fair value. Level 1 is based on publicly quoted prices for the asset or liability in active markets. Level 2 is based on inputs that are observable other than quoted market prices in active markets, such as quoted prices for the asset or liability in inactive markets or quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities. Level 3 is based on unobservable inputs reflecting our own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

liability. Certain assets and liabilities, including foreign currency hedges and deferred compensation liabilities, are measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Other assets and liabilities, including television and film production costs, lease assets, goodwill, intangible assets, and equity-method investments are recorded at fair value only if an impairment charge is recognized. Impairment charges, if applicable, are generally determined using discounted cash flows, which is a Level 3 valuation technique.

*Derivative Financial Instruments*—Derivative financial instruments are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. For derivatives designated as hedges of the fair value of assets or liabilities, the changes in fair value of both the derivatives and the hedged items are recorded in “Other items, net” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the changes in fair value of the derivatives is recorded in “Accumulated other comprehensive loss” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and subsequently recognized in net earnings when the hedged items are recognized.

*Pension and Postretirement Benefits*—The service cost component of net benefit cost for our pension and postretirement benefits is recorded on the same line items on the Consolidated Statements of Operations as other compensation costs of the related employees. All of the other components of net benefit cost are presented separately from the service cost component and below the subtotal of operating income in “Other items, net” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

*Other Liabilities*—Other liabilities consist primarily of the noncurrent portion of residual liabilities of previously disposed businesses, long-term income tax liabilities, deferred compensation and other employee benefit accruals.

*Revenues*

Revenue is recognized when control of a good or service is transferred to a customer. Control is considered to be transferred when the customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of that good or service.

*Advertising Revenues*—Advertising revenues are recognized when the advertising spots are aired on television or streamed or displayed on digital platforms. Advertising spots are typically sold as part of advertising campaigns consisting of multiple commercial units. If a contract includes a guarantee to deliver a targeted audience rating or number of impressions, the delivery of the advertising spots that achieve the guarantee represents the performance obligation to be satisfied over time and revenues are recognized based on the proportion of the audience rating or impressions delivered to the total guaranteed in the contract. Audience ratings and impressions are determined based on data provided by independent third-party companies. To the extent the amounts billed exceed the amount of revenue recognized, such excess is deferred until the guaranteed audience ratings or impressions are delivered. For contracts that do not include impressions guarantees, the individual advertising spots are the performance obligation and consideration is allocated among the individual advertising spots based on relative standalone selling price. Advertising contracts, which are generally short-term, are billed monthly, with payments due shortly after the invoice date.

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

*Affiliate and Subscription Revenues*—Affiliate and subscription revenues are principally comprised of affiliate fees received from distributors for carriage of our cable networks (“cable affiliate fees”) and our owned television stations (“retransmission fees”); affiliate fees received from television stations for their affiliation with the CBS Television Network (“reverse compensation”); and subscription fees for our subscription streaming services. Costs incurred for advertising, marketing and other services provided to us by cable, satellite and other distributors that are in exchange for a distinct service are recorded as expenses. If a distinct service is not received, such costs are recorded as a reduction to revenues.

The performance obligation for our affiliate agreements is a license to our programming provided through the continuous delivery of live linear feeds and, for agreements with certain distributors, also includes a license to programming for video-on-demand viewing. Affiliate revenues are recognized over the term of the agreement as we satisfy our performance obligation by continuously providing our customer with the right to use our programming. For agreements that provide for a variable fee, revenues are determined each month based on an agreed upon contractual rate applied to the number of subscribers to our customer’s service. For agreements that provide for a fixed fee, revenues are recognized based on the relative fair value of the content provided over the term of the agreement. These agreements primarily include agreements with television stations affiliated with the CBS Television Network (“network affiliates”) for which fair value is determined based on the fair value of the network affiliate’s service and the value of our programming. For affiliate revenues, payments are generally due monthly. Subscription revenues to our streaming services are recognized evenly over the subscription period.

*Theatrical Revenues*—Theatrical revenue is earned from the theatrical distribution of our films during the exhibition period. Under these arrangements, revenues are recognized based on sales to the end customer.

*Licensing and Other Revenues*—Licensing and other revenues are principally comprised of fees from the licensing of the rights to exhibit our internally-produced television and film programming on various platforms in the secondary market after its initial exhibition on our owned or third-party platforms; license fees from content produced or distributed for third parties; home entertainment revenues, which include revenues from the viewing of our content on a transactional basis through transactional video-on-demand (TVOD) and electronic sell-through services, and the sale and distribution of our content through DVDs and Blu-ray discs to wholesale and retail partners; fees from the use of our trademarks and brands for consumer products, recreation and live events; and revenues from studio rentals and production services.

For licenses of exhibition rights for internally-produced programming, each individual episode or film delivered represents a separate performance obligation and revenues are recognized when the episode or film is made available to the licensee for exhibition and the license period has begun. For license agreements that include delivery of content on one or more dates for a fixed fee, consideration is allocated based on the relative standalone selling price of each episode or film. Estimation of standalone selling prices requires judgment, which can impact the timing of recognizing revenues. Agreements to license programming are often long term, with collection terms ranging from one to five years.

When payment is due from a customer more than one year before or after revenue is recognized, we consider the contract to contain a significant financing component and the transaction price is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money. We do not adjust the transaction price for the time value of money if payment is expected within one year of recognizing revenues.

We also license our programming to distributors of transactional video-on-demand and similar services. Under these arrangements, our performance obligation is the delivery of our content to such distributors who then license our content to the end customer. Our revenues are determined each month based on a contractual rate applied to

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

the number of licenses to the distributors' end customers. Similarly, revenues earned from electronic sell-through services are recognized as each program is downloaded by the end customer.

Revenues associated with the licensing of our brands for consumer products, recreation and live events are generally determined based on contractual royalty rates applied to sales reported by the licensees. For consumer products and recreation arrangements that include minimum guaranteed consideration, revenue is recognized as sales occur by the licensee, if the sales-based consideration is expected to exceed the minimum guarantee, or ratably if it is not expected to exceed the minimum guarantee. For live events, we recognize revenue when the event is held.

Revenues from the sales of DVDs and Blu-ray discs to wholesalers and retailers are recognized upon the later of the physical delivery to the customer or the date that any sales restrictions on the retailers are lifted.

We earn revenues from the distribution of content on behalf of third parties. We also have arrangements for the distribution or sale of our content by third parties. Under such arrangements, we determine whether revenues should be recognized based on the gross amount of consideration received from the customer or the net amount of revenue we retain after payment to the third party producer or distributor, based on an assessment of which party controls the good or service being transferred.

*Revenue Allowances*—DVDs and Blu-ray discs are generally sold with a right of return. We record a provision for sales returns and allowances at the time of sale based upon an estimate of future returns, rebates and other incentives. In determining this provision, we consider sources of qualitative and quantitative evidence including forecast sales data, customers' rights of return, sales levels for units already shipped, historical return rates for similar products, current economic trends, the competitive environment, promotions and our sales strategies. Reserves for sales returns and allowances of \$40 million and \$70 million at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are recorded in "Other current liabilities" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Reserves for accounts receivable reflect our expected credit losses, which are estimated based on historical experience, as well as current and expected economic conditions and industry trends. Our allowance for credit losses was \$120 million and \$111 million at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The provision for doubtful accounts charged to expense was \$26 million in 2023, \$40 million in 2022 and \$8 million in 2021. The expense in 2022 principally includes a charge for amounts due from customers in Russia, Belarus and Ukraine following Russia's invasion of Ukraine in the first quarter of 2022 (see Note 6).

*Contract Liabilities*—A contract liability is recorded when consideration is received from a customer prior to fully satisfying a performance obligation in a contract. Our contract liabilities primarily consist of cash received related to advertising arrangements for which the required audience rating or impressions have not been delivered; consumer products arrangements with minimum guarantees; and content licensing arrangements under which the content has not yet been made available to the customer. These contract liabilities will be recognized as revenues when control of the related product or service is transferred to the customer. Contract liabilities are included within "Deferred revenues" and "Other liabilities" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

*Collaborative Arrangements*—Collaborative arrangements primarily consist of joint efforts with third parties to produce and distribute programming such as television series and live sporting events, including the agreement between us and Turner Broadcasting System, Inc. to telecast the *NCAA Division I Men's Basketball Championship* (the "NCAA Tournament"), which runs through 2032. In connection with this agreement for the NCAA Tournament, advertisements aired on the CBS Television Network are recorded as revenues and our share of the program rights fees and other operating costs are recorded as operating expenses.

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

We also enter into collaborative arrangements with other studios to jointly finance and distribute film and television programming, under which each partner is responsible for distribution of the program in specific territories or distribution windows. Under these arrangements, our share of costs for co-productions are initially capitalized as programming inventory and amortized over the estimated economic life of the program. In such arrangements where we have distribution rights, all proceeds generated from such distribution are recorded as revenues and any participation profits due to third party collaborators are recorded as participation expenses. In co-production arrangements where third party collaborators have distribution rights, our net participating profits are recorded as revenues.

Amounts attributable to transactions arising from collaborative arrangements between participants were not material to the consolidated financial statements for any period presented.

*Leases*—Our leases are principally comprised of operating leases for office space, equipment, satellite transponders and studio facilities. We determine that a contract contains a lease if we obtain substantially all of the economic benefits of, and the right to direct the use of, an asset identified in the contract. For leases with terms greater than 12 months, we record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability representing the present value of future lease payments. The discount rate used to measure the lease asset and liability is determined at the beginning of the lease term using the rate implicit in the lease, if readily determinable, or our collateralized incremental borrowing rate. For those contracts that include fixed rental payments for both the use of the asset (“lease costs”) as well as for other occupancy or service costs relating to the asset (“non-lease costs”), we generally include both the lease costs and non-lease costs in the measurement of the lease asset and liability. We also own buildings and production facilities where we lease space to lessees.

Our leases generally have remaining terms of up to 15 years and often contain renewal options to extend the lease for periods of generally up to 10 years. For leases that contain renewal options, we include the renewal period in the lease term if it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised. Lease expense and income for our operating leases are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, with the exception of variable lease costs, which are expensed as incurred, and leases of assets used in the production of programming, which are capitalized in programming assets and amortized over the projected useful life of the related programming.

*Advertising*—Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. We incurred total advertising expenses of \$2.90 billion in 2023, \$2.69 billion in 2022 and \$2.14 billion in 2021.

*Interest*—Costs associated with the refinancing or issuance of debt, as well as debt discounts or premiums, are recorded as interest over the term of the related debt.

*Income Taxes*—The provision for/benefit from income taxes includes federal, state, local, and foreign taxes. We recognize the tax on global intangible low-taxed income, a U.S. tax on certain income earned by our foreign subsidiaries, within the provision for income taxes as a period cost when incurred. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be reversed. We evaluate the realizability of deferred tax assets and establish a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are classified as noncurrent on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

For tax positions taken in a previously filed tax return or expected to be taken in a future tax return, we evaluate each position to determine whether it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained upon

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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examination, based on the technical merits of the position. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is subject to a measurement assessment to determine the amount of benefit to be recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and the appropriate reserve to establish, if any. If a tax position does not meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, a tax reserve is established and no benefit is recognized. A number of years may elapse before a tax return containing tax matters for which a reserve has been established is audited and finally resolved. We recognize interest and penalty charges related to the reserve for uncertain tax positions as income tax expense.

*Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions*—Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries with a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar are translated into U.S. Dollars at foreign exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, while results of operations are translated at average foreign exchange rates for the respective periods. The resulting translation gains and losses are included as a separate component of stockholders’ equity in “Accumulated other comprehensive loss” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Argentina has been designated as a highly inflationary economy during all periods presented. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency will result in remeasurement gains and losses, which are included in “Other items, net” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

*Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share*—Basic net earnings (loss) per share (“EPS”) is based upon net earnings (loss) available to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Net earnings (loss) available to common stockholders is calculated as net earnings (loss) from continuing operations or net earnings (loss), as applicable, adjusted to include dividends on our 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock (“Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock”), which was issued in March 2021 (see Note 14).

Weighted average shares for diluted EPS reflects the effect of the assumed exercise of stock options and vesting of restricted share units (“RSUs”) or performance share units (“PSUs”) only in the periods in which such effect would have been dilutive. Diluted EPS also reflects the effect of the assumed conversion of preferred stock, if dilutive, which includes the issuance of common shares in the weighted average number of shares and excludes the above-mentioned preferred stock dividend adjustment to net earnings (loss) available to common stockholders.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, all of our stock options and RSUs, which totaled 19 million, were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because their inclusion would have been antidilutive since we reported a net loss. Stock options and RSUs totaling 11 million and 6 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were excluded from the calculations of diluted EPS because their inclusion would have been antidilutive. Also excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, was the effect of the assumed conversion of our 10 million shares of Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock into shares of common stock because the impact would have been antidilutive. The table below presents a reconciliation of weighted average shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b> <b>(in millions)</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Weighted average shares for basic EPS	652	649	641
Dilutive effect of shares issuable under stock-based compensation plans	—	1	5
Conversion of Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock	—	—	9
<b>Weighted average shares for diluted EPS</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>655</b>

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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Additionally, because the impact of the assumed conversion of the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock would have been antidilutive, net earnings (loss) from continuing operations and net earnings (loss) used in our calculation of diluted EPS for each of the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 include the preferred stock dividends recorded during the period. The table below presents a reconciliation of net earnings (loss) from continuing operations and net earnings (loss) to the amounts used in the calculations of basic and diluted EPS.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
<b>Amounts attributable to Paramount:</b>			
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (1,284)	\$ 725	\$ 4,381
Preferred stock dividends	(58)	(58)	(44)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations for basic EPS calculation	(1,342)	667	4,337
Preferred stock dividend adjustment	—	—	44
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations for diluted EPS calculation	\$ (1,342)	\$ 667	\$ 4,381
<b>Amounts attributable to Paramount:</b>			
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (608)	\$ 1,104	\$ 4,543
Preferred stock dividends	(58)	(58)	(44)
Net earnings (loss) for basic EPS calculation	(666)	1,046	4,499
Preferred stock dividend adjustment	—	—	44
Net earnings (loss) for diluted EPS calculation	\$ (666)	\$ 1,046	\$ 4,543

*Stock-based Compensation*—We measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of the award. The cost is recognized over the vesting period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award.

**Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted**

*Segment Reporting*

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued updated guidance for segment reporting, which requires the disclosure of significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) and included within the reported measure of segment profit or loss (“segment measure”), as well as the disclosure of the other segment items comprising the difference between segment revenues less these significant segment expenses and the segment measure. The update also requires an entity to disclose the title and position of the CODM and to describe how the CODM utilizes the segment measure to assess segment performance and allocate resources. In addition, the update aligns the interim disclosure requirements for segment profit or loss and assets with the annual requirements. The update is effective for us for the year ended December 31, 2024, and for interim periods beginning with the quarter ended March 31, 2025, with early adoption permitted.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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*Income Taxes*

In December 2023, the FASB issued guidance enhancing annual income tax disclosures. Under this guidance, certain enhancements to the effective tax rate reconciliation disclosure are required, including the inclusion of both percentages and amounts, specific categories, and additional information for reconciling items meeting a quantitative threshold defined by the guidance. Additionally, disclosures of income taxes paid and income tax expense must be disaggregated by federal, state and foreign taxes, with income taxes paid further disaggregated for individual jurisdictions that represent 5 percent or more of total income taxes paid. The guidance is effective for us starting with the year ended December 31, 2025, with early adoption permitted. The amendment will be applied on a prospective basis, with the option to apply the guidance retrospectively.

**2) DISPOSITIONS AND ACQUISITIONS**

*Dispositions*

*Simon & Schuster*

On October 30, 2023, we completed the sale of Simon & Schuster to affiliates of Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. for \$1.62 billion. As a result, we recognized a pretax gain during the fourth quarter of 2023 of \$695 million.

The following tables set forth details of net earnings from discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, which primarily relates to Simon & Schuster.

<b>Year Ended December 31, 2023</b>	<b>Simon &amp; Schuster</b>	<b>Other <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenues	\$ 958	\$ —	\$ 958
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	580	(12)	568
Selling, general and administrative	149	—	149
Restructuring charges	2	—	2
Total costs and expenses	731	(12)	719
Operating income	227	12	239
Other items, net	(9)	—	(9)
Earnings from discontinued operations	218	12	230
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	12	(3)	9
Earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	230	9	239
Gain on sale (net of tax of \$258 million) <sup>(b)</sup>	437	—	437
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 667	\$ 9	\$ 676

<b>Year Ended December 31, 2022</b>	<b>Simon &amp; Schuster</b>	<b>Other <sup>(a)</sup></b>	<b>Total</b>
Revenues	\$ 1,177	\$ —	\$ 1,177
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	746	(30)	716
Selling, general and administrative	180	—	180
Restructuring charges	3	—	3
Total costs and expenses	929	(30)	899
Operating income	248	30	278
Termination fee, net of advisory fees <sup>(c)</sup>	190	—	190
Other items, net	(12)	—	(12)
Earnings from discontinued operations	426	30	456
Provision for income taxes	(70)	(7)	(77)
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 356	\$ 23	\$ 379

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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Year Ended December 31, 2021	Simon & Schuster	Other <sup>(a)</sup>	Total
Revenues	\$ 993	\$ —	\$ 993
Costs and expenses:			
Operating	618	(16)	602
Selling, general and administrative	158	—	158
Depreciation and amortization	3	—	3
Restructuring charges	1	—	1
Total costs and expenses	780	(16)	764
Operating income	213	16	229
Other items, net	(10)	—	(10)
Earnings from discontinued operations	203	16	219
Provision for income taxes	(46)	(11)	(57)
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 157	\$ 5	\$ 162

- (a) Primarily relates to indemnification obligations for leases associated with the previously discontinued operations of Famous Players Inc. (“Famous Players”).
- (b) The tax provision on the gain on sale differs from the amount that would be expected at the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate primarily because the goodwill was not deductible for tax purposes.
- (c) In accordance with the terms of a previous agreement to sell Simon & Schuster, we received a \$200 million termination payment after the U.S. Department of Justice prevailed in its suit to block the sale.

The following table presents the major classes of assets and liabilities of our discontinued operations prior to the sale of Simon & Schuster.

At December 31,	2022
Receivables, net	\$ 558
Other current assets	229
Goodwill	434
Property and equipment, net	53
Operating lease assets	204
Other assets	111
Total Assets	\$ 1,589
Royalties payable	\$ 161
Other current liabilities	388
Operating lease liabilities	182
Other liabilities	18
Total Liabilities	\$ 749

*Other*

In September 2022, in connection with our funding commitments under our streaming joint venture with Comcast Corporation, SkyShowtime, we made a noncash contribution of certain assets of Paramount+ in the Nordics to the joint venture, which resulted in a gain of \$41 million. Also in 2022, we recorded gains on dispositions totaling \$15 million, comprised of a gain from the sale of international intangible assets and a working capital adjustment to the gain from the fourth quarter 2021 sale of CBS Studio Center, which is described below.

During October 2021, we completed the sale of 51 West 52nd Street, an office tower that was formerly the headquarters of CBS, to Harbor Group International, LLC, for \$760 million, resulting in a gain of \$523 million.

In December 2021, we completed the sale of CBS Studio Center to a partnership formed by Hackman Capital Partners, LLC and Square Mile Capital Management, LLC for \$1.85 billion. At closing, we executed a 10-year

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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lease-back of the portion of a building on the property that is used by our Los Angeles television stations. The lease-back began at the time of the sale and includes an option to terminate one floor without penalty beginning on the fifth anniversary. The sale resulted in a gain of \$1.70 billion.

In addition, during 2021 we recognized a net gain of \$117 million, principally relating to the sale of a noncore trademark licensing operation.

*Acquisitions*

During 2021, we made payments totaling \$54 million, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition of Chilevisión, a free-to-air television channel, and a controlling interest in Fox TeleColombia & Estudios TeleMexico, a Spanish language content producer. The results of these companies are included in the *TV Media* segment from the dates of acquisition. The operating results of these acquisitions were not material to our consolidated financial statements in the year of acquisition.

**3) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

At December 31,	2023	2022
Land	\$ 373	\$ 371
Buildings	881	863
Equipment and other	3,916	4,242
	5,170	5,476
Less: Accumulated depreciation	3,504	3,714
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,666	\$ 1,762

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Depreciation expense	\$ 383	\$ 337	\$ 344

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

4) PROGRAMMING AND OTHER INVENTORY

The following table presents our programming and other inventory at December 31, 2023 and 2022, grouped by type and predominant monetization strategy.

At December 31,	2023	2022
<b>Film Group Monetization:</b>		
Acquired program rights, including prepaid sports rights	\$ 3,318	\$ 3,238
Internally-produced television and film programming:		
Released	6,666	7,154
In process and other	2,028	3,299
<b>Individual Monetization:</b>		
Acquired libraries	348	394
Films:		
Released	624	694
Completed, not yet released	179	129
In process and other	1,211	1,317
Internally-produced television programming:		
Released	496	624
In process and other	361	726
Home entertainment	34	45
Total programming and other inventory	15,265	17,620
Less current portion	1,414	1,342
Total noncurrent programming and other inventory	\$ 13,851	\$ 16,278

The following table presents amortization of our television and film programming and production costs, which is included within “Operating expenses” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Acquired program rights	\$ 5,331	\$ 5,018	\$ 5,143
Internally-produced television and film programming, and acquired libraries:			
Individual monetization	\$ 2,065	\$ 2,104	\$ 3,245
Film group monetization	\$ 5,097	\$ 5,187	\$ 3,248

*Programming Charges*

During 2023, in connection with the integration of Showtime into Paramount+ across both streaming and linear platforms, we performed a comprehensive strategic review of the combined content portfolio of Showtime and Paramount+. Additionally, we commenced a review of our international content portfolio in connection with initiatives to rationalize and right-size our international operations to align with our streaming strategy, and close or globalize certain of our international channels. As a result, we changed the strategy for certain content, which led to content being removed from our platforms or abandoned, the write-off of development costs, distribution changes, and termination of programming agreements. Accordingly, we recorded programming charges on the Consolidated Statement of Operations relating to these actions during the first half of 2023. These charges, which totaled \$2.37 billion, were comprised of \$1.97 billion for the impairment of content to its estimated fair value, as well as \$402 million for development cost write-offs and contract termination costs. For content that was removed from our platforms or abandoned, the estimated fair value was determined using assumptions for secondary market licensing revenues, if any.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

In connection with our continued review of our international content strategy, during the first quarter of 2024 we made a strategic decision to focus on content with mass global appeal. As part of this, we are rationalizing original content on Paramount+, especially internationally, and improving the efficiency of our linear network programming. As a result, we have reviewed our expansive global content portfolio and are removing select content from our platforms. In addition, we have decided not to move forward with certain titles and therefore are abandoning some development projects and terminating certain programming agreements. Accordingly, we expect to recognize additional programming charges that we currently expect to be in the range of approximately \$700 million to \$900 million during the first quarter of 2024. As we continue to evaluate our content portfolio, we may incur additional programming charges later in 2024.

The following table presents the estimated expected amortization over each of the next three years of released programming inventory on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023. This information does not include the expected effects of the 2024 programming charges discussed above.

	2024	2025	2026
Acquired program rights	\$ 2,391	\$ 659	\$ 160
Internally-produced television and film programming, and acquired libraries:			
Individual monetization	\$ 755	\$ 192	\$ 126
Film group monetization	\$ 3,067	\$ 1,690	\$ 1,031

During the year ending December 31, 2024, we expect to amortize approximately \$143 million of our completed, not yet released film inventory, which is monetized on an individual basis.

**5) GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

We perform fair value-based impairment tests of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives, comprised primarily of television FCC licenses, on an annual basis, and also between annual tests if an event occurs or if circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit or an indefinite-lived intangible asset below its carrying value.

Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level, which is an operating segment, or one level below. At December 31, 2023, we had five reporting units. FCC licenses are tested for impairment at the geographic market level. We consider each geographic market, which is comprised of all of our television stations within that geographic market, to be a single unit of accounting because the FCC licenses at this level represent their highest and best use. At December 31, 2023, we had 14 television markets with FCC license book values, which totaled \$2.31 billion.

For our annual impairment test, we perform qualitative assessments for the reporting units and television markets with FCC licenses that we estimate have fair values that significantly exceed their respective carrying values. In making this determination, we also consider the duration of time since a quantitative test was performed. For the 2023 annual impairment test, we performed qualitative assessments for six of our television markets and all of our reporting units. Considering the aggregation of all relevant factors, including the significant headroom in our most recent tests, we concluded that it is not more likely than not that the fair values of our reporting units and the fair value of FCC licenses within each of these markets are less than their respective carrying values. Therefore, performing a quantitative impairment test for these reporting units and FCC licenses was unnecessary.

For the 2023 annual test for FCC licenses, we performed a quantitative impairment test for the remaining eight markets. The quantitative impairment test of FCC licenses calculates an estimated fair value using the Greenfield Discounted Cash Flow Method, which values a hypothetical start-up station in the relevant market by adding

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

discounted cash flows over a five-year build-up period to a residual value. The assumptions for the build-up period include industry projections of overall market revenues; the start-up station's operating costs and capital expenditures, which are based on both industry and internal data; and average market share. The discount rate is determined based on the industry and market-based risk of achieving the projected cash flows, and the residual value is calculated using a long-term growth rate, which is based on projected long-range inflation and industry projections. The discount rate and the long-term growth rate were 9% and 1%, respectively.

The impairment tests indicated that the estimated fair values of FCC licenses in five of the markets were below their respective carrying values. Accordingly, we recorded an impairment charge of \$83 million to write down the carrying values of these FCC licenses to their aggregate estimated fair value of \$887 million. The impairment charge, which is recorded within the *TV Media* segment, was primarily due to increased market volatility and higher interest rates in the fourth quarter of 2023 compared to the prior quarters of 2023 and the fourth quarter of 2022, which resulted in a higher discount rate.

The estimated fair values of FCC licenses in the three remaining markets, which had an aggregate carrying value of \$357 million were within 10% of their carrying values.

The following tables present the changes in the book value of goodwill by segment for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

	Balance at December 31, 2022	Acquisitions / (Dispositions)	Foreign Currency	Balance at December 31, 2023
<b>TV Media:</b>				
Goodwill	\$ 24,505	\$ (12)	\$ 29	\$ 24,522
Accumulated impairment losses	(13,354)	—	—	(13,354)
Goodwill, net of impairment	11,151	(12)	29	11,168
<b>Direct-to-Consumer</b>				
Goodwill	2,728	—	—	2,728
Accumulated impairment losses	—	—	—	—
Goodwill, net of impairment	2,728	—	—	2,728
<b>Filmed Entertainment:</b>				
Goodwill	2,620	—	—	2,620
Accumulated impairment losses	—	—	—	—
Goodwill, net of impairment	2,620	—	—	2,620
<b>Total:</b>				
Goodwill	29,853	(12)	29	29,870
Accumulated impairment losses	(13,354)	—	—	(13,354)
Goodwill, net of impairment	\$ 16,499	\$ (12)	\$ 29	\$ 16,516

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Acquisitions / (Dispositions)	Foreign Currency	Balance at December 31, 2022
<b>TV Media:</b>				
Goodwill	\$ 24,590	\$ —	\$ (85)	\$ 24,505
Accumulated impairment losses	(13,354)	—	—	(13,354)
Goodwill, net of impairment	11,236	—	(85)	11,151
<b>Direct-to-Consumer:</b>				
Goodwill	2,728	—	—	2,728
Accumulated impairment losses	—	—	—	—
Goodwill, net of impairment	2,728	—	—	2,728
<b>Filmed Entertainment:</b>				
Goodwill	2,620	—	—	2,620
Accumulated impairment losses	—	—	—	—
Goodwill, net of impairment	2,620	—	—	2,620
<b>Total:</b>				
Goodwill	29,938	—	(85)	29,853
Accumulated impairment losses	(13,354)	—	—	(13,354)
Goodwill, net of impairment	\$ 16,584	\$ —	\$ (85)	\$ 16,499

Our intangible assets were as follows:

At December 31, 2023	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangible assets subject to amortization:			
Trade names	\$ 242	\$ (154)	\$ 88
Licenses	129	(62)	67
Customer agreements	124	(102)	22
Other intangible assets	239	(192)	47
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	734	(510)	224
FCC licenses	2,306	—	2,306
International broadcast licenses	25	—	25
Other intangible assets	34	—	34
Total intangible assets	\$ 3,099	\$ (510)	\$ 2,589

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

At December 31, 2022	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangible assets subject to amortization:			
Trade names	\$ 252	\$ (153)	\$ 99
Licenses	128	(55)	73
Customer agreements	123	(101)	22
Other intangible assets	234	(181)	53
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	737	(490)	247
FCC licenses	2,389	—	2,389
International broadcast licenses	24	—	24
Other intangible assets	34	—	34
Total intangible assets	\$ 3,184	\$ (490)	\$ 2,694

Amortization expense was as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Amortization expense	\$ 35	\$ 41	\$ 46

We expect our aggregate annual amortization expense for existing intangible assets subject to amortization for each of the years, 2024 through 2028, to be as follows:

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Future amortization expense	\$ 27	\$ 25	\$ 23	\$ 22	\$ 21

## 6) RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER CORPORATE MATTERS

During the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, we recorded the following restructuring charges and other corporate matters.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Severance <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 67	\$ 260	\$ 65
Exit costs	35	68	35
Restructuring charges	102	328	100
Other corporate matters	(133)	257	—
Restructuring and other corporate matters	\$ (31)	\$ 585	\$ 100

(a) Severance costs include the accelerated vesting of stock-based compensation.

### *Restructuring Charges*

Since the merger of Viacom Inc. (“Viacom”) with and into CBS Corporation (“CBS”) (the “Merger”), we implemented a series of initiatives designed to integrate and transform our operations, including changes in management structure. These initiatives led to restructuring actions, and as a result, we recorded restructuring charges for severance of \$67 million, \$260 million, and \$65 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. The actions that gave rise to the severance costs included our 2022 operating segment realignment, the integration of Showtime into Paramount+, and the restructuring of our international operations. In addition, during the fourth quarter of 2023, certain eligible employees voluntarily elected to participate in a plan under which they will receive one-time severance benefits, resulting in \$13 million of severance costs.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

In the years following the Merger, we also consolidated our real estate portfolio to reduce our real estate footprint and create cost synergies. In connection with this consolidation, we identified lease assets that we determined we would not use and instead sublease or terminate early, which resulted in lease impairment charges of \$35 million, \$68 million, and \$35 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the lease assets that we plan to sublease, the impairment charges were the result of a decline in market conditions since the inception of these leases and reflect the difference between the estimated fair values, which were determined based on the expected discounted future cash flows of the lease assets, and the carrying values.

The following is a rollforward of our restructuring liability, which is recorded in “Other current liabilities” and “Other liabilities” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The restructuring liability at December 31, 2023, which principally relates to severance payments, is expected to be substantially paid by the end of 2024.

	Balance at December 31, 2022	2023 Activity		Balance at December 31, 2023
		Charges <sup>(a)</sup>	Payments	
TV Media	\$ 251	\$ 42	\$ (131)	\$ 162
Direct-to-Consumer	8	3	(5)	6
Filmed Entertainment	29	5	(20)	14
Corporate	14	12	(16)	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 302</b>	<b>\$ 62</b>	<b>\$ (172)</b>	<b>\$ 192</b>

	Balance at December 31, 2021	2022 Activity		Balance at December 31, 2022
		Charges <sup>(a)</sup>	Payments	
TV Media	\$ 122	\$ 221	\$ (92)	\$ 251
Direct-to-Consumer	—	8	—	8
Filmed Entertainment	34	17	(22)	29
Corporate	34	—	(20)	14
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 190</b>	<b>\$ 246</b>	<b>\$ (134)</b>	<b>\$ 302</b>

(a) For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, excludes stock-based compensation expense of \$5 million and \$14 million, respectively, and lease asset impairments of \$35 million and \$68 million, respectively.

*Other Corporate Matters*

In 2023, we recorded a net benefit of \$133 million in other corporate matters, principally consisting of a gain of \$120 million from a settlement received in the fourth quarter of 2023 in connection with the final dismissal of the CBS Litigation, as well as insurance recoveries relating to the Viacom Litigation (each as defined and further described under *Legal Matters—Stockholder Matters—Litigation Relating to the Merger* in Note 19). These benefits are partially offset by a charge of \$23 million to increase our accrual for asbestos matters as discussed under *Legal Matters—Claims Related to Former Businesses—Asbestos* in Note 19.

In 2022, we recorded charges for other corporate matters of \$257 million, consisting of \$211 million associated with stockholder legal matters, principally relating to the Merger, including a charge for the settlement of \$122.5 million in connection with the final dismissal of the Viacom Litigation. The charges also included \$46 million recorded following Russia’s invasion of Ukraine, principally to reserve against amounts due from counterparties in Russia, Belarus and Ukraine.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

7) RELATED PARTIES

*National Amusements, Inc.*

National Amusements, Inc. (“NAI”) is the controlling stockholder of the Company. At December 31, 2023, NAI directly or indirectly owned approximately 77.4% of our voting Class A Common Stock, and approximately 9.7% of our Class A Common Stock and non-voting Class B Common Stock on a combined basis. NAI is controlled by the Sumner M. Redstone National Amusements Part B General Trust (the “General Trust”), which owns 80% of the voting interest of NAI. NA Administration, LLC is the corporate trustee of the General Trust and is governed by a seven-member board of directors, which acts by majority vote (subject to certain exceptions), including with respect to the NAI shares held by the General Trust. Shari E. Redstone, Chairperson, CEO and President of NAI and non-executive Chair of our Board of Directors, is one of the seven directors of NA Administration, LLC and one of two directors who are beneficiaries of the General Trust. No member of our management or other member of our Board of Directors is a director of NA Administration, LLC.

*Other Related Parties*

In the ordinary course of business, we are involved in transactions with our equity-method investees, primarily for the licensing of television and film programming. The following tables present the amounts recorded in our consolidated financial statements related to these transactions.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Revenues	\$ 322	\$ 358	\$ 237
Operating expenses	\$ 24	\$ 24	\$ 21
<b>At December 31,</b>			
Receivables, net	\$ 193	\$ 180	
Other assets (Receivables, noncurrent)	\$ 101	\$ 18	

Through the normal course of business, we are involved in other transactions with related parties that have not been material in any of the periods presented.

8) REVENUES

The table below presents our revenues disaggregated into categories based on the nature of such revenues. See Note 18 for revenues by segment disaggregated into these categories.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b>Revenues by Type:</b>			
Advertising	\$ 9,989	\$ 10,890	\$ 11,412
Affiliate and subscription	13,018	11,551	10,442
Theatrical	813	1,223	241
Licensing and other	5,832	6,490	6,491
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 29,652</b>	<b>\$ 30,154</b>	<b>\$ 28,586</b>

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

#### *Receivables*

Included in “Other assets” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets are noncurrent receivables of \$1.39 billion and \$1.61 billion at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Noncurrent receivables primarily relate to revenues recognized under long-term content licensing arrangements. Revenues from the licensing of content are recognized at the beginning of the license period in which programs are made available to the licensee for exhibition, while the related cash is generally collected over the term of the license period.

Our receivables do not represent significant concentrations of credit risk at December 31, 2023 or 2022, due to the wide variety of customers, markets and geographic areas to which our products and services are sold.

#### *Contract Liabilities*

Contract liabilities are included within “Deferred revenues” and “Other liabilities” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and were \$0.8 billion, \$1.06 billion and \$1.20 billion at December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. We recognized revenues of \$0.9 billion for each of the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 that were included in the opening balance of deferred revenues for the respective year.

#### *Unrecognized Revenues Under Contract*

At December 31, 2023, unrecognized revenues attributable to unsatisfied performance obligations under our long-term contracts were approximately \$8 billion, of which \$4 billion is expected to be recognized in 2024, \$2 billion in 2025, \$1 billion in 2026, and \$1 billion thereafter. These amounts only include contracts subject to a guaranteed fixed amount or the guaranteed minimum under variable contracts, primarily consisting of television and film licensing contracts and affiliate agreements that are subject to a fixed or guaranteed minimum fee. Such amounts change on a regular basis as we renew existing agreements or enter into new agreements. In addition, the timing of satisfying certain of the performance obligations under these long-term contracts is uncertain and, therefore, is also subject to change. Unrecognized revenues under contracts disclosed above do not include (i) contracts with an original expected term of one year or less, mainly consisting of advertising contracts (ii) contracts for which variable consideration is determined based on the customer’s subsequent sale or usage, mainly consisting of affiliate agreements and (iii) long-term licensing agreements for multiple programs for which variable consideration is determined based on the value of the programs delivered to the customer and our right to invoice corresponds with the value delivered.

#### *Performance Obligations Satisfied in Previous Periods*

Under certain revenue arrangements, the amount and timing of our revenue recognition is determined based on our licensees’ subsequent sale to its end customers. As a result, under such arrangements, we often satisfy our performance obligation of delivery of our content in advance of revenue recognition. We recognized revenues of \$0.4 billion for each of the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, from arrangements for the licensing of our content, including from distributors of transactional video-on-demand and electronic sell-through services and other licensing arrangements, as well as from the theatrical distribution of our films, for which our performance obligation was satisfied in a prior period.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

9) DEBT

Our debt consists of the following:

At December 31,	2023	2022
7.875% Debentures due 2023	\$ —	\$ 139
7.125% Senior Notes due 2023	—	35
4.75% Senior Notes due 2025	125	552
4.0% Senior Notes due 2026	345	795
3.45% Senior Notes due 2026	86	124
2.90% Senior Notes due 2027	581	694
3.375% Senior Notes due 2028	497	496
3.70% Senior Notes due 2028	495	494
4.20% Senior Notes due 2029	496	495
7.875% Senior Debentures due 2030	830	830
4.95% Senior Notes due 2031	1,229	1,226
4.20% Senior Notes due 2032	977	975
5.50% Senior Debentures due 2033	428	427
4.85% Senior Debentures due 2034	87	87
6.875% Senior Debentures due 2036	1,071	1,071
6.75% Senior Debentures due 2037	75	75
5.90% Senior Notes due 2040	298	298
4.50% Senior Debentures due 2042	45	45
4.85% Senior Notes due 2042	489	488
4.375% Senior Debentures due 2043	1,138	1,130
4.875% Senior Debentures due 2043	18	18
5.85% Senior Debentures due 2043	1,234	1,233
5.25% Senior Debentures due 2044	345	345
4.90% Senior Notes due 2044	541	541
4.60% Senior Notes due 2045	591	590
4.95% Senior Notes due 2050	948	946
6.25% Junior Subordinated Debentures due 2057	643	643
6.375% Junior Subordinated Debentures due 2062	989	989
Other bank borrowings	—	55
Obligations under finance leases	1	10
Total debt <sup>(a)</sup>	14,602	15,846
Less current portion of long-term debt	1	239
Total long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 14,601	\$ 15,607

(a) At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the senior and junior subordinated debt balances included (i) a net unamortized discount of \$419 million and \$442 million, respectively, and (ii) unamortized deferred financing costs of \$81 million and \$89 million, respectively. The face value of our total debt was \$15.10 billion at December 31, 2023 and \$16.38 billion at December 31, 2022.

*Senior Debt*

During the fourth quarter of 2023, we repurchased \$1.04 billion of our outstanding senior notes due between 2025 and 2027 through a tender offer, for an aggregate repurchase price of \$1.00 billion. These repurchases resulted in a pre-tax gain on extinguishment of debt of \$29 million. In 2023, we also repaid our \$139 million of 7.875% debentures and \$35 million of 7.125% senior notes, each at maturity.

In 2022, we redeemed senior notes totaling \$2.39 billion, prior to maturity, for an aggregate redemption price of \$2.49 billion and redeemed, at par, our \$520 million of 5.875% junior subordinated debentures due February 2057. These redemptions resulted in a total pre-tax loss on extinguishment of debt of \$120 million.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**  
**(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)**

In 2021, we redeemed senior notes totaling \$1.99 billion, prior to maturity, for an aggregate redemption price of \$2.11 billion resulting in a pre-tax loss on extinguishment of debt of \$128 million.

Our outstanding senior notes and debentures provide for certain covenant packages typical for an investment grade company. There is an acceleration trigger for \$9.67 billion of the senior notes and debentures that requires us to make a redemption offer at 101% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest in the event of ratings downgrades to below investment grade by all three ratings agencies (Moody's Investors Service, Inc., S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings, Ltd.) due to a change of control.

*Junior Debt*

In 2022, we issued \$1.00 billion of 6.375% junior subordinated debentures due 2062. The interest rate on these debentures will reset on March 30, 2027, and every five years thereafter to a fixed rate equal to the 5-year Treasury Rate (as defined pursuant to the terms of the debentures) plus a spread of 3.999% from March 30, 2027, 4.249% from March 30, 2032 and 4.999% from March 30, 2047. These debentures can be called by us at par plus a make whole premium any time before March 30, 2027, or at par on March 30, 2027 or on any interest payment date thereafter.

Our \$643 million of 6.25% junior subordinated debentures due February 2057 accrue interest at the stated fixed rate until February 28, 2027, on which date the rate will switch to a floating rate. Under the terms of the debentures the floating rate is based on three-month LIBOR plus 3.899%, reset quarterly, however, with the phasing out of LIBOR and the passage of the Adjustable Interest Rate (LIBOR) Act, signed into law on March 15, 2022, it is expected that the 6.25% junior subordinated debentures due 2057 will, upon switching to a floating rate, bear interest at a replacement rate based on three-month CME Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR). These debentures can be called by us at par at any time after the expiration of the fixed-rate period.

Our junior subordinated debentures also provide for certain covenant packages. In the event of ratings downgrades by all three rating agencies due to a change of control, there is a provision in the junior subordinated debentures that requires us to either elect to redeem the debentures at 101% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest or, if we elect not to redeem the debentures, the interest rate will be increased by 5 percentage points.

*Long-Term Debt Maturities*

At December 31, 2023, our scheduled maturities of long-term debt at face value, which excludes payments for the related interest and finance leases, were as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2026</b>	<b>2027</b>	<b>2028</b>	<b>2029 and Thereafter</b>
Long-term debt	\$ —	\$ 126	\$ 433	\$ 584	\$ 1,000	\$ 12,958

*Commercial Paper*

At both December 31, 2023 and 2022, we had no outstanding commercial paper borrowings.

*Credit Facility*

During 2023, we amended and extended our \$3.50 billion revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), which now matures in January 2027 (the "2023 Amendment"). The Credit Facility is used for general corporate purposes and to support commercial paper borrowings, if any. We may, at our option, also borrow in certain foreign currencies up to specified limits under the Credit Facility. Borrowing rates under the Credit Facility are

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

determined at the time of each borrowing and are generally based on either the prime rate in the U.S. or an applicable benchmark rate plus a margin (based on our senior unsecured debt rating), depending on the type and tenor of the loans entered into. Under the 2023 Amendment, we replaced LIBOR as the benchmark rate for loans denominated in U.S. dollars with Term SOFR. The benchmark rate for loans denominated in euros, sterling and yen is based on EURIBOR, SONIA and TIBOR, respectively. The Credit Facility also includes a provision that the occurrence of a change of control of Paramount will be an event of default that would give the lenders the right to accelerate any outstanding loans and terminate their commitments. At December 31, 2023, we had no borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility and the availability under the Credit Facility was \$3.50 billion.

The Credit Facility has one principal financial covenant which sets a maximum Consolidated Total Leverage Ratio (“Leverage Ratio”) at the end of each quarter, which prior to the 2023 Amendment was 4.5x. Under the 2023 Amendment, the maximum Leverage Ratio was increased to 5.75x for each quarter through and including the quarter ending September 30, 2024, and will then decrease to 5.5x for the quarters ending December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025, with decreases of 0.25x for each subsequent quarter until it reaches 4.5x for the quarter ending March 31, 2026. The Leverage Ratio reflects the ratio of our Consolidated Indebtedness, net of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at the end of a quarter, to our Consolidated EBITDA (each as defined in the amended credit agreement) for the trailing twelve-month period. Under the 2023 Amendment, the definition of the Leverage Ratio was also modified to set the maximum amount of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents that can be netted against Consolidated Indebtedness to \$1.50 billion for quarters ending on or after September 30, 2024. In addition, under the 2023 Amendment, Simon & Schuster was treated as a continuing operation for the purposes of calculating Consolidated EBITDA until its disposition in October 2023. We met the covenant as of December 31, 2023.

#### *Other Bank Borrowings*

At December 31, 2023, we had no outstanding bank borrowings under Miramax’s \$50 million credit facility, which matures in November 2024. This facility replaced the previous \$300 million credit facility that matured in April 2023. At December 31, 2022, we had \$55 million of bank borrowings under the previous facility with a weighted average interest rate of 7.09%.

## 10) LEASES

#### *Lessee Contracts*

We have operating leases primarily for office space, equipment, satellite transponders and studio facilities. We also have finance leases for equipment, which were not material for the periods presented. Lease costs are generally fixed, with certain contracts containing variable payments for non-lease costs based on usage and escalations in the lessors’ annual costs.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the following amounts were recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets relating to our operating leases.

	2023	2022
<b>Right-of-Use Assets</b>		
Operating lease assets	\$ 1,183	\$ 1,391
<b>Lease Liabilities</b>		
Other current liabilities	\$ 258	\$ 292
Operating lease liabilities	1,256	1,428
<b>Total lease liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 1,514</b>	<b>\$ 1,720</b>

	2023	2022
Weighted average remaining lease term	7 years	7 years
Weighted average discount rate	3.9 %	3.6 %

The following table presents our lease cost relating to our operating leases.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Operating lease cost <sup>(a) (b)</sup>	\$ 332	\$ 373	\$ 374
Short-term lease cost <sup>(b) (c)</sup>	229	306	283
Variable lease cost <sup>(b) (d)</sup>	76	77	62
Sublease income	(7)	(12)	(20)
<b>Total lease cost</b>	<b>\$ 630</b>	<b>\$ 744</b>	<b>\$ 699</b>

- (a) Includes fixed lease costs and non-lease costs (consisting of other occupancy and service costs relating to the use of an asset) associated with long-term operating leases.
- (b) Includes costs capitalized in programming assets during the period for leased assets used in the production of programming.
- (c) Short-term leases, which are not recorded in right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, have a term of 12 months or less and exclude month-to-month leases.
- (d) Primarily includes non-lease costs (consisting of other occupancy and service costs relating to the use of an asset) and costs for equipment leases that vary based on usage.

The following table presents supplemental cash flow information for our operating leases.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Payments for amounts included in operating lease liabilities (operating cash flows)	\$ 368	\$ 394	\$ 399
Noncash additions to operating lease assets	\$ 123	\$ 170	\$ 377

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

The expected future payments relating to our operating lease liabilities at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

2024	\$	309
2025		296
2026		253
2027		208
2028		184
2029 and thereafter		490
Total minimum payments		1,740
Less amounts representing interest		226
Present value of minimum payments	\$	1,514

As of December 31, 2023, we had no material leases that were executed but not yet commenced.

*Lessor Contracts*

For the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, we recorded total lease income of \$34 million, \$65 million and \$145 million, respectively, which relates to operating leases of our owned production facilities and office buildings. Lease payments received under these agreements consist of fixed payments for the rental of space and certain building operating costs, as well as variable payments based on usage of production facilities and services, and escalating costs of building operations. Lease income in 2023 was negatively impacted by temporary production shutdowns due to labor strikes. In 2021, lease income included amounts from a production facility and an office building before they were sold in the fourth quarter (see Note 2). Our future fixed lease income is not expected to be material.

**11) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The carrying value of our financial instruments approximates fair value, except for notes and debentures. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying value of our outstanding notes and debentures was \$14.60 billion and \$15.78 billion, respectively, and the fair value, which is determined based on quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy) was \$13.6 billion and \$13.9 billion, respectively.

*Investments*

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, included in “Other assets” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets are equity-method investments of \$96 million and \$375 million, respectively, and equity investments without a readily determinable fair value for which we have no significant influence of \$612 million and \$70 million, respectively. In April 2023, our ownership of Viacom18 was diluted from 49% to 13% following investment by other parties. Accordingly, we no longer account for it under the equity method and instead account for it as an investment without a readily determinable fair value. Upon dilution, the difference between the carrying value of our 49% interest and the fair value of our 13% interest, as indicated by the additional investments, resulted in a noncash gain of \$168 million, which was recorded in “Gain (loss) from investments” on the Consolidated Statement of Operations in 2023.

At December 31, 2023, our equity-method investments include a 50% interest in SkyShowtime, a joint venture formed in 2022, which launched a new subscription streaming service in certain European territories, as well as interests in several international television joint ventures. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2021, “Equity in loss of investee companies, net of tax” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations included impairment charges of \$16 million and \$34 million, respectively, relating to television joint ventures.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

In 2022, we sold a 37.5% interest in The CW to Nexstar Media Inc. and received a noncash distribution of \$139 million, comprised of certain licensing receivables earned by The CW prior to the sale. This transaction, which reduced our ownership in The CW to 12.5%, resulted in a loss of \$4 million, which principally consists of transaction costs. This loss, along with an impairment of an investment of \$5 million, is recorded in “Gain (loss) from investments” on the Consolidated Statement of Operations in 2022.

For 2021, “Gain (loss) from investments” of \$47 million on the Consolidated Statement of Operations primarily includes a gain of \$37 million on the sale of an investment without a readily determinable fair value and a gain of \$9 million from an increase in the fair value of a marketable security, which was sold in the third quarter of 2021.

*Foreign Exchange Contracts*

We use derivative financial instruments primarily to manage our exposure to market risks from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. We do not use derivative instruments unless there is an underlying exposure and, therefore, we do not hold or enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes.

Foreign exchange forward contracts have principally been used to hedge projected cash flows in currencies such as the British pound, the euro, the Canadian dollar and the Australian dollar, generally for periods up to 24 months. We designate foreign exchange forward contracts used to hedge committed and forecasted foreign currency transactions as cash flow hedges. Additionally, we enter into non-designated forward contracts to hedge non-U.S. dollar denominated cash flows.

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the notional amount of all foreign currency contracts was \$2.72 billion and \$3.06 billion, respectively. For 2023, \$2.20 billion related to future production costs and \$523 million related to our foreign currency balances and other expected foreign currency cash flows. For 2022, \$2.40 billion related to future production costs and \$655 million related to our foreign currency balances and other expected foreign currency cash flows.

Gains (losses) recognized on derivative financial instruments were as follows:

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Financial Statement Account</b>
Non-designated foreign exchange contracts	\$ (10)	\$ 51	Other items, net

We continually monitor our positions with, and credit quality of, the financial institutions that are counterparties to our financial instruments. We are exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. However, we do not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparties.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

12) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The table below presents our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2023 and 2022. These assets and liabilities have been categorized according to the three-level fair value hierarchy established by the FASB, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. Level 1 is based on publicly quoted prices for the asset or liability in active markets. Level 2 is based on inputs that are observable other than quoted market prices in active markets, such as quoted prices for the asset or liability in inactive markets or quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities. Level 3 is based on unobservable inputs reflecting our own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. All of our assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis use Level 2 inputs. The fair value of foreign currency hedges is determined based on the present value of future cash flows using observable inputs including foreign currency exchange rates. The fair value of deferred compensation liabilities is determined based on the fair value of the investments elected by employees.

At December 31,	2023	2022
<b>Assets:</b>		
Foreign currency hedges	\$ 40	\$ 39
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 40</b>	<b>\$ 39</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Deferred compensation	\$ 366	\$ 336
Foreign currency hedges	30	83
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 396</b>	<b>\$ 419</b>

The estimated fair values of our impaired content and FCC licenses (see Notes 4 and 5, respectively) were determined using Level 3 inputs.

13) VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

In the normal course of business, we enter into joint ventures or make investments with business partners that support our underlying business strategy and provide us the ability to enter new markets to expand the reach of our brands, develop new programming and/or distribute our existing content. In certain instances, an entity in which we make an investment may qualify as a VIE. In determining whether we are the primary beneficiary of a VIE, we assess whether we have the power to direct matters that most significantly impact the activities of the VIE, and have the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

The following tables present the amounts recorded in our consolidated financial statements related to our consolidated VIEs.

At December 31,	2023	2022
Total assets	\$ 1,886	\$ 1,961
Total liabilities	\$ 232	\$ 328

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Revenues	\$ 598	\$ 524	\$ 576
Operating income (loss)	\$ (107)	\$ (56)	\$ 43

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

#### 14) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

In general, the Company's Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock have the same economic rights; however, holders of the Company's Class B Common Stock do not have any voting rights, except as required by law. Holders of the Company's Class A Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share with respect to all matters on which the holders of the Company's Common Stock are entitled to vote.

##### *Stock Offerings*

On March 26, 2021, we completed offerings of 20 million shares of our Class B Common Stock at a price to the public of \$85 per share and 10 million shares of 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock at a price to the public and liquidation preference of \$100 per share. The net proceeds from the Class B Common Stock offering and the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock offering were approximately \$1.67 billion and \$983 million, respectively, in each case after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and estimated offering expenses. As of December 31, 2023, the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock had an aggregate liquidation preference of \$1 billion.

##### *Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock*

Unless earlier converted, each share of Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock will automatically and mandatorily convert on the mandatory conversion date, expected to be April 1, 2024, into between 1.0013 and 1.1765 shares of our Class B Common Stock, subject to customary antidilution adjustments. The number of shares of Class B Common Stock issuable upon conversion will be determined based on the average of the volume-weighted average price per share of our Class B Common Stock over the 20 consecutive trading day period commencing on, and including, the 21st scheduled trading day immediately preceding April 1, 2024. Holders of the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock ("Holders") have the right to convert all or any portion of their shares of Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock at any time prior to April 1, 2024 at the minimum conversion rate of 1.0013 shares of our Class B Common Stock. In addition, the conversion rate applicable to such an early conversion may, in certain circumstances, be increased to compensate Holders for certain unpaid accumulated dividends. However, if a fundamental change (as defined in the Certificate of Designations governing the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock) occurs on or prior to April 1, 2024, then Holders will, in certain circumstances, be entitled to convert all or a portion of their shares of Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock at an increased conversion rate for a specified period of time and receive an amount to compensate them for unpaid accumulated dividends and any remaining future scheduled dividend payments. In 2023 and 2022, conversions of Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock into Class B Common Stock were minimal.

The Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock is not redeemable. However, at our option, we may purchase or otherwise acquire (including in an exchange transaction) the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock from time to time in the open market, by tender or exchange offer or otherwise, without the consent of, or notice to, Holders. Holders have no voting rights, with certain exceptions.

If declared, dividends on the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock are payable quarterly through April 1, 2024. Dividends on the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock accumulate from the most recent dividend payment date, and will be payable on a cumulative basis when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors, or an authorized committee thereof, at an annual rate of 5.75% of the liquidation preference of \$100 per share, payable in cash or, subject to certain limitations, by delivery of shares of Class B Common Stock or through any combination of cash and shares of Class B Common Stock, at our election. If we have not declared any portion of the accumulated and unpaid dividends by April 1, 2024, the conversion rate will be adjusted so that Holders receive an additional number of shares of our Class B Common Stock, with certain limitations.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

*Dividends*

The following table presents dividends declared per share and total dividends for our Class A and Class B Common Stock and our Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b><u>Class A and Class B Common Stock</u></b>			
Dividends declared per common share <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ .39	\$ .96	\$ .96
Total common stock dividends	\$ 261	\$ 635	\$ 625
<b><u>Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock</u></b>			
Dividends declared per preferred share <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 5.75	\$ 5.75	\$ 4.4243
Total preferred stock dividends	\$ 58	\$ 58	\$ 44

(a) We declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$.24 per share on our Class A and Class B Common Stock during the first quarter of 2023 and each of the quarters of 2022 and 2021. Beginning with the second quarter of 2023 and for the remaining quarters of 2023, we declared a quarterly cash dividend on our Class A and Class B Common Stock of \$.05 per share.

(b) During the second quarter of 2021, we declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$1.5493 per share on our Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock, representing a dividend period from March 26, 2021 through July 1, 2021. For all subsequent quarters, we declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$1.4375 per share on our Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock.

*Treasury Stock*

At December 31, 2023, we had \$2.36 billion of authorization remaining under our share repurchase program. We did not repurchase any shares of our common stock in the three years ended December 31, 2023.

*Common Stock Conversion Rights*

Holders of Class A Common Stock have the right to convert their shares to Class B Common Stock as long as there are at least 5,000 shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding. In 2023 and 2022, conversions of Class A Common Stock into Class B Common Stock were minimal. In 2021, conversions of Class A Common Stock into Class B Common Stock were 11.6 million.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

*Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)*

The following table presents the changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

	Continuing Operations		Discontinued Operations	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
	Cumulative Translation Adjustments	Net Actuarial Loss and Prior Service Cost	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) <sup>(a)</sup>	
At December 31, 2020	\$ (303)	\$ (1,509)	\$ (20)	\$ (1,832)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(142)	5	(3)	(140)
Reclassifications to net earnings	—	70 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	70
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(142)	75	(3)	(70)
At December 31, 2021	(445)	(1,434)	(23)	(1,902)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(235)	273	(7)	31
Reclassifications to net earnings	—	64 <sup>(b)</sup>	—	64
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(235)	337	(7)	95
At December 31, 2022	(680)	(1,097)	(30)	(1,807)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	132	(7)	(5)	120
Reclassifications to net loss	44 <sup>(c)</sup>	52 <sup>(b)</sup>	35 <sup>(d)</sup>	131
Other comprehensive income	176	45	30	251
At December 31, 2023	\$ (504)	\$ (1,052)	\$ —	\$ (1,556)

(a) Reflects cumulative translation adjustments.

(b) Reflects amortization of net actuarial losses, which for 2021 includes the accelerated recognition of a portion of the unamortized actuarial losses due to the volume of lump sum benefit payments in one of our pension plans (see Note 17).

(c) Reflects amounts realized within “Gain (loss) from investments” on the Consolidated Statement of Operations in connection with the dilution of our interest in Viacom18 (see Note 11).

(d) Reflects amounts realized within “Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax” on the Consolidated Statement of Operations in connection with the sale of Simon & Schuster (see Note 2).

The net actuarial loss and prior service cost related to pension and other postretirement benefit plans included in other comprehensive income (loss) is net of a tax benefit for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 of \$14 million, \$108 million and \$25 million, respectively.

**15) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

We have long-term equity-based incentive plans (the “Plans”) under which stock options, RSUs and PSUs are issued. The purpose of the Plans is to benefit and advance the interests of our company by attracting, retaining and motivating participants and to compensate participants for their contributions to the financial success of our company. The Plans provide for awards of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted and unrestricted shares, RSUs, dividend equivalents, performance awards and other equity-related awards. RSUs and PSUs accrue dividends each time we declare a quarterly cash dividend, which are paid upon vesting when the shares are delivered and are forfeited if the award does not vest. Upon exercise of stock options or vesting of RSUs and PSUs, we issue new shares from our existing authorization. At December 31, 2023, there were 24 million shares available for future grant under the Plans. Stock-based compensation awards were also granted under Viacom’s equity incentive plans until December 31, 2020. Upon exercise of outstanding stock options or vesting of RSUs and PSUs previously granted under Viacom’s equity incentive plans, shares may be issued from Viacom’s previous authorization or from treasury stock.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
RSUs and PSUs	\$ 172	\$ 155	\$ 163
Stock options	—	3	9
Expense included in operating and SG&A	172	158	172
Expense included in restructuring and other corporate matters <sup>(a)</sup>	5	14	20
Stock-based compensation expense, before income taxes	177	172	192
Related tax benefit	(35)	(35)	(41)
Stock-based compensation expense, net of tax benefit	\$ 142	\$ 137	\$ 151

(a) Reflects accelerations as a result of restructuring activities.

Included in net earnings from discontinued operations was stock-based compensation expense of \$2 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 and \$3 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

*RSUs and PSUs*

Compensation expense for RSUs is determined based upon the market price of the shares underlying the awards on the date of grant and expensed over the vesting period, which is generally a one- to four-year service period. Forfeitures for RSUs are estimated on the date of grant based on historical forfeiture rates and adjusted based on actual forfeitures. On an annual basis, we revise the estimated forfeiture rate, as necessary.

For PSU awards with a market condition, the number of shares to be issued upon vesting is based on the total shareholder return of the Company's Class B Common Stock measured against the companies comprising the S&P 500 Index or a defined peer group over a designated measurement period. Certain other PSU awards are based on the achievement of established internal operating goals. The fair value of PSU awards with a market condition is determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model, and is expensed over the required employee service period. Compensation expense for these PSUs is not adjusted for the actual number of shares issued based on the outcome of the market condition for completed performance periods. The fair value of PSU awards with internal performance conditions is based on the market price of the shares on the date of grant, and is expensed based on the probable outcome of internal performance metrics and subsequently adjusted to reflect the actual shares issued based on the outcome of the performance metrics for completed performance periods. For all PSU awards, if the required service period is not completed, the award is forfeited, and compensation expense is adjusted. The fair value of PSU awards granted during each of the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$43 million and for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$3 million.

The weighted average grant date fair value of RSUs and PSUs granted was \$22.83, \$31.58 and \$35.80 in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. The total market value of RSUs and PSUs that vested during 2023, 2022, and 2021 was \$74 million, \$77 million and \$260 million, respectively. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested RSUs and PSUs at December 31, 2023 was \$256 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.01 years.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes our RSU and PSU share activity:

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
<b>Non-vested at December 31, 2022</b>	11,115,371	\$ 33.02
Granted <sup>(a)</sup>	10,435,617	\$ 22.83
Vested	(4,426,844)	\$ 33.74
Forfeited	(1,619,883)	\$ 29.01
<b>Non-vested at December 31, 2023</b>	15,504,261	\$ 26.38

(a) Grant activity includes 1.4 million of PSUs at target for 2023.

*Stock Options*

Compensation expense for stock options is determined based on the grant date fair value of the award calculated using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model. Stock options generally vest over a three- to four-year service period and expire eight years from the date of grant. Forfeitures are estimated on the date of grant based on historical forfeiture rates. We adjust the compensation expense based on actual forfeitures.

There were no stock option grants during any of the periods presented.

At December 31, 2023, all stock options are vested and there is no remaining unrecognized compensation cost.

The following table summarizes our stock option activity under the Plans.

	Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
<b>Outstanding and Exercisable at December 31, 2022</b>	5,096,947	\$ 60.18
Expired	(1,551,541)	\$ 72.72
<b>Outstanding and Exercisable at December 31, 2023</b>	3,545,406	\$ 54.70

The following table summarizes other information relating to stock option exercises during the year ended December 31, 2021. There were no stock option exercises during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Year Ended December 31,	2021
Cash received from stock option exercises	\$ 408
Tax benefit of stock option exercises	\$ 29
Intrinsic value of stock option exercises	\$ 128

At December 31, 2023, stock options outstanding and exercisable have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.78 years. There was no intrinsic value for options outstanding and exercisable, based on our closing stock price of \$14.79 at December 31, 2023.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**  
**(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)**

**16) INCOME TAXES**

The U.S. and foreign components of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in loss of investee companies were as follows:

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
United States	\$ (2,039)	\$ 324	\$ 4,106
Foreign	786	942	1,100
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ (1,253)</b>	<b>\$ 1,266</b>	<b>\$ 5,206</b>

The components of the (benefit from) provision for income taxes were as follows:

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Current:			
Federal	\$ 70	\$ 75	\$ 179
State and local	84	64	138
Foreign	135	194	239
<b>Total current</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>556</b>
Deferred:			
Federal	(556)	(57)	249
State and local	(110)	(14)	49
Foreign	16	(35)	(208)
<b>Total deferred</b>	<b>(650)</b>	<b>(106)</b>	<b>90</b>
<b>(Benefit from) provision for income taxes</b>	<b>\$ (361)</b>	<b>\$ 227</b>	<b>\$ 646</b>

In addition, included in net earnings from discontinued operations was an income tax provision of \$249 million, \$77 million and \$57 million for 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

The equity in loss of investee companies is shown net of tax on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The tax benefit relating to losses from equity investments was \$10 million in 2023, \$33 million in 2022 and \$49 million in 2021, which represented an effective tax rate of 2.7%, 13.9% and 35.0% for 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

The difference between income taxes expected at the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate of 21% and the (benefit from) provision for income taxes is summarized as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Taxes on income at U.S. federal statutory rate	\$ (263)	\$ 266	\$ 1,093
State and local taxes, net of federal tax benefit	(13)	44	190
Effect of foreign operations	(97)	(20)	(141)
Noncontrolling interests	(6)	(20)	(13)
U.K. statutory rate change	—	—	(260)
Reorganization of foreign operations <sup>(a)</sup>	(4)	(72)	(229)
Tax deficiency (excess benefit) from stock-based compensation	18	13	(8)
Other, net	4	16	14
<b>(Benefit from) provision for income taxes</b>	<b>\$ (361)</b>	<b>\$ 227</b>	<b>\$ 646</b>

(a) For 2022, reflects a deferred tax benefit resulting from the transfer of intangible assets between our subsidiaries in connection with a reorganization of our international operations. The related deferred tax asset is primarily expected to be realized over a 25-year period. For 2021, reflects a tax benefit from the recognition of a capital loss associated with a change in the tax entity classification of a foreign subsidiary.

The following table summarizes the components of deferred income tax assets and liabilities.

At December 31,	2023	2022
Deferred income tax assets:		
Reserves and other accrued liabilities	\$ 294	\$ 430
Pension, postretirement and other employee benefits	518	534
Lease liability	400	425
Tax credit and loss carryforwards	423	397
Interest limitation carryforward	63	93
Capitalized costs	155	49
Intangible assets	20	—
Other	10	11
Total deferred income tax assets	1,883	1,939
Valuation allowance	(498)	(488)
Deferred income tax assets, net	1,385	1,451
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Intangible assets	—	(643)
Lease asset	(326)	(344)
Property, equipment and other assets	(140)	(180)
Investments	(99)	(20)
Financing obligations	(67)	(69)
Other	(14)	(30)
Total deferred income tax liabilities	(646)	(1,286)
Deferred income tax assets, net	\$ 739	\$ 165

In addition to the amounts reflected in the table above at December 31, 2022, included in “Assets of discontinued operations” on the Consolidated Balance Sheets are net deferred income tax assets of \$55 million.

At December 31, 2023, we had deferred income tax assets for federal foreign tax credit carryforwards of \$38 million and net operating loss carryforwards for federal, state and local, and foreign jurisdictions of \$259 million,

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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the majority of which expire in various years from 2024 through 2038. The deferred tax asset for the U.S. interest limitation carryforward of \$63 million at December 31, 2023 has an indefinite carryforward period.

The 2023 and 2022 deferred income tax assets were reduced by a valuation allowance of \$498 million and \$488 million, respectively, principally relating to income tax benefits from capital losses and net operating losses in foreign jurisdictions which are not expected to be realized.

Generally, the future remittance of foreign undistributed earnings will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes and as a result, for substantially all of our foreign subsidiaries, we do not intend to assert indefinite reinvestment of both cash held outside of the U.S. and future cash earnings. However, a future repatriation of cash could be subject to state and local income taxes, foreign income taxes, tax on foreign currency translation gains and losses, and withholding taxes. Accordingly, as of December 31, 2023, we recorded deferred income tax liabilities associated with future repatriations of \$11 million on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Additional income taxes have not been provided for outside basis differences inherent in these entities, which could be recognized upon sale or other transaction, as these amounts continue to be indefinitely invested in foreign operations. The determination of the U.S. federal deferred income tax liability for such outside basis difference is not practicable.

The following table sets forth the change in the reserve for uncertain tax positions, excluding related accrued interest and penalties.

<b>At January 1, 2021</b>	\$	308
Additions for current year tax positions		23
Additions for prior year tax positions		32
Reductions for prior year tax positions		(45)
Cash settlements		(6)
Statute of limitations lapses		(11)
<b>At December 31, 2021</b>		301
Additions for current year tax positions		16
Additions for prior year tax positions		3
Reductions for prior year tax positions		(13)
Cash settlements		(2)
Statute of limitations lapses		(2)
<b>At December 31, 2022</b>		303
Additions for current year tax positions		15
Additions for prior year tax positions		20
Reductions for prior year tax positions		(46)
Cash settlements		(2)
Statute of limitations lapses		(4)
<b>At December 31, 2023</b>	\$	286

The reserve for uncertain tax positions of \$286 million at December 31, 2023 includes \$253 million which would affect our effective income tax rate, if and when recognized in future years. We recognized interest and penalties of \$26 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 and \$14 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Liabilities for accrued interest and penalties totaling \$87 million and \$67 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are included within "Other current liabilities" and "Other liabilities" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns with the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) and various state and local and foreign jurisdictions. For periods prior to the Merger, Viacom and CBS filed separate tax returns. For CBS, during the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company and the IRS settled the income tax audit for the 2017 and 2018 tax years with the exception of one item. This item is currently being resolved through the Mutual Agreement Procedure process. For Viacom, we are currently under examination by the IRS for the 2016 through 2019 tax years. For tax returns filed as a merged company, we are currently under examination by the IRS for the 2019 tax year. Various tax years are also currently under examination by state and local and foreign tax authorities. With respect to open tax years in all jurisdictions, we currently do not believe that it is reasonably possible that the reserve for uncertain tax positions will significantly change within the next 12 months; however, it is difficult to predict the final outcome or timing of resolution of any particular tax matter and events could cause our current expectation to change in the future.

#### 17) PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries sponsor qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans, principally non-contributory, covering eligible employees. Our pension plans consist of both funded and unfunded plans, and our domestic plans are frozen to future benefit accruals. The majority of participants in these plans are retired employees or former employees of previously divested businesses. Plan benefits are based primarily on an employee’s years of service and pay for each year that the employee participated in the plan. We fund our pension plans in accordance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”), the Pension Protection Act of 2006, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and other applicable law, rules and regulations. Plan assets consist principally of corporate bonds, equity securities, common collective trust funds, U.S. government securities and short-term investments. The Company’s Common Stock represented approximately 1.0% and 1.2% of the fair value of plan assets at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In addition, the Company sponsors health and welfare plans that provide postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their covered dependents. Eligibility is based in part on certain age and service requirements at the time of their retirement. Most of the plans are contributory and contain cost-sharing features such as deductibles and coinsurance which are adjusted annually, as well as caps on the annual dollar amount we will contribute toward the cost of coverage. Claims and premiums for which we are responsible are paid with our own funds.

The pension plan disclosures herein include information related to our domestic pension and postretirement benefit plans only, unless otherwise noted. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Consolidated Balance Sheets also include a liability of \$44 million and \$45 million, respectively, in “Pension and postretirement benefit obligations” relating to our non-U.S. pension plans and certain other retirement severance plans.

We use a December 31 measurement date for all pension and other postretirement benefit plans.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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The following table sets forth the change in benefit obligation for our pension and postretirement benefit plans.

	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
<b>Change in benefit obligation:</b>				
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 3,661	\$ 4,909	\$ 222	\$ 276
Service cost	—	—	1	1
Interest cost	207	150	12	8
Actuarial loss (gain)	137	(1,089)	(11)	(29)
Benefits paid	(294)	(309)	(40)	(43)
Participants' contributions	—	—	6	6
Retiree Medicare drug subsidy	—	—	3	3
Benefit obligation, end of year	\$ 3,711	\$ 3,661	\$ 193	\$ 222

The actuarial loss of \$137 million, included in the change in benefit obligation for pension benefits in 2023, was driven by a 30 basis point decrease in the discount rate from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023.

The following table sets forth the change in plan assets for our pension and postretirement benefit plans.

	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
<b>Change in plan assets:</b>				
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of year	\$ 2,363	\$ 3,191	\$ —	\$ —
Actual return (loss) on plan assets	243	(592)	—	—
Employer contributions	195	73	31	34
Benefits paid	(294)	(309)	(40)	(43)
Participants' contributions	—	—	6	6
Retiree Medicare drug subsidy	—	—	3	3
Fair value of plan assets, end of year	\$ 2,507	\$ 2,363	\$ —	\$ —

The funded status of pension and postretirement benefit obligations and the related amounts recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

At December 31,	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Funded status at end of year	\$ (1,204)	\$ (1,298)	\$ (193)	\$ (222)
<b>Amounts recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheets:</b>				
Current liabilities	\$ (74)	\$ (73)	\$ (30)	\$ (34)
Noncurrent liabilities	(1,130)	(1,225)	(163)	(188)
Net amounts recognized	\$ (1,204)	\$ (1,298)	\$ (193)	\$ (222)

Our qualified pension plans were underfunded by \$378 million and \$485 million at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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The following amounts were recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

At December 31,	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net actuarial (loss) gain	\$ (1,585)	\$ (1,646)	\$ 150	\$ 157
Net prior service cost	(1)	(1)	—	—
	(1,586)	(1,647)	150	157
Deferred income taxes	424	438	(15)	(17)
Net amount recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (1,162)	\$ (1,209)	\$ 135	\$ 140

The accumulated benefit obligation for all defined benefit pension plans was \$3.71 billion and \$3.66 billion at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Information for the pension plans with an accumulated benefit obligation in excess of plan assets is set forth below.

At December 31,	2023	2022
Projected and accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 3,711	\$ 3,661
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 2,507	\$ 2,363

The following tables present the components of net periodic cost (benefit) and amounts recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Year Ended December 31,	Pension Benefits			Postretirement Benefits		
	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021
<b>Components of net periodic cost:</b>						
Service cost	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Interest cost	207	150	145	12	8	8
Expected return on plan assets	(128)	(172)	(188)	—	—	—
Amortization of actuarial losses (gains)	83	97	93	(18)	(15)	(15)
Settlements <sup>(a)</sup>	—	—	10	—	—	—
Net periodic cost (benefit) <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 162	\$ 75	\$ 60	\$ (5)	\$ (6)	\$ (6)

(a) Reflects the accelerated recognition of a portion of the unamortized actuarial losses due to the volume of lump sum benefit payments in one of our pension plans.

(b) Includes amounts reflected in net earnings from discontinued operations of \$7 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 and \$3 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The service cost component of net periodic cost is presented on the Consolidated Statements of Operations within operating income. All other components of net periodic cost are presented below operating income, in “Other items, net.”

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
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Year Ended December 31,	Pension Benefits			Postretirement Benefits		
	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>						
Actuarial (loss) gain	\$ (22)	\$ 325	\$ (27)	\$ 11	\$ 29	\$ 18
Share of equity investee	—	1	1	—	—	—
Settlements	—	—	10	—	—	—
Amortization of actuarial losses (gains)	83	97	93	(18)	(15)	(15)
	61	423	77	(7)	14	3
Deferred income taxes	(14)	(103)	(19)	2	(3)	(1)
Recognized in other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	\$ 47	\$ 320	\$ 58	\$ (5)	\$ 11	\$ 2

	Pension Benefits			Postretirement Benefits		
	2023	2022	2021	2023	2022	2021
<b>Weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations at December 31:</b>						
Discount rate	5.6 %	5.9 %	3.2 %	5.7 %	6.0 %	3.0 %
Rate of compensation increase	— %	— %	— %	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic costs for the year ended December 31:</b>						
Discount rate	5.9 %	3.2 %	2.9 %	6.0 %	3.0 %	2.6 %
Expected long-term return on plan assets	5.7 %	5.6 %	5.9 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash balance interest crediting rate	5.0 %	5.0 %	5.0 %	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rate of compensation increase	— %	— %	— %	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - not applicable

The discount rates are determined primarily based on the yield of a portfolio of high quality bonds, providing cash flows necessary to meet the pension plans' expected future benefit payments, as determined for the projected benefit obligations. The expected return on plan assets assumption is derived using the current and expected asset allocation of the pension plan assets and considering historical as well as expected returns on various classes of plan assets.

The following additional assumptions were used in accounting for postretirement benefits.

	2023	2022
Projected health care cost trend rate (pre-65)	6.5 %	6.8 %
Projected health care cost trend rate (post-65)	6.5 %	6.8 %
Ultimate trend rate	5.0 %	5.0 %
Year ultimate trend rate is achieved	2030	2030

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Plan Assets

The Paramount Global Investments Committee (the “Committee”) determines the strategy for the investment of pension plan assets. The Committee establishes target asset allocations for our pension plan trusts based upon an analysis of the timing and amount of projected benefit payments, projected company contributions, the expected returns and risk of the asset classes and the correlation of those returns. The target asset allocation for the Company’s domestic pension plans is to invest between 60% - 68% in liability hedging assets, 22% - 30% in equity securities, 3% - 10% in real estate and real assets and the remainder in cash, cash equivalents, Paramount stock and other investments. At December 31, 2023, the trusts were invested approximately 61% in liability hedging assets, 25% in equity securities, 6% in real estate and real assets, and the remainder in cash, cash equivalents, Paramount stock and other investments. Liability hedging assets consist of a diversified portfolio of fixed income instruments that are substantially investment grade, with a duration that approximates the duration of the liabilities covered by the trust. All equity portfolios are diversified between U.S. and non-U.S. equities and include large and small capitalization equities. The asset allocations are reviewed regularly.

The following tables set forth our pension plan assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2023 and 2022. These assets have been categorized according to the three-level fair value hierarchy established by the FASB which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. See Note 12 for a description of the levels within this hierarchy. There are no investments categorized as Level 3.

At December 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Cash and cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ —	\$ 69	\$ 69
Fixed income securities:			
U.S. treasury securities	107	—	107
Government-related securities	—	129	129
Corporate bonds <sup>(b)</sup>	—	1,164	1,164
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	—	128	128
Equity securities:			
U.S. large capitalization	89	—	89
U.S. small capitalization	18	—	18
Exchange Trade Fund (ETF)	27	—	27
Other	—	8	8
<b>Total assets in fair value hierarchy</b>	<b>\$ 241</b>	<b>\$ 1,498</b>	<b>\$ 1,739</b>
Common collective funds measured at net asset value <sup>(c)(d)</sup>			676
Limited partnerships measured at net asset value <sup>(c)</sup>			10
Mutual funds measured at net asset value <sup>(c)</sup>			82
<b>Investments, at fair value</b>			<b>\$ 2,507</b>

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At December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Cash and cash equivalents <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ —	\$ 3	\$ 3
Fixed income securities:			
U.S. treasury securities	108	—	108
Government-related securities	—	133	133
Corporate bonds <sup>(b)</sup>	—	1,144	1,144
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	—	101	101
Equity securities:			
U.S. large capitalization	48	—	48
U.S. small capitalization	63	—	63
<b>Total assets in fair value hierarchy</b>	<b>\$ 219</b>	<b>\$ 1,381</b>	<b>\$ 1,600</b>
Common collective funds measured at net asset value <sup>(c)(d)</sup>			660
Limited partnerships measured at net asset value <sup>(c)</sup>			11
Mutual funds measured at net asset value <sup>(c)</sup>			92
<b>Investments, at fair value</b>			<b>\$ 2,363</b>

(a) Assets categorized as Level 2 reflect investments in money market funds.

(b) Securities of diverse sectors and industries, substantially all investment grade.

(c) In accordance with FASB guidance, investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

(d) Underlying investments consist mainly of U.S. large capitalization and international equity securities.

Money market investments are carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these investments. Investments in equity securities are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices on national security exchanges. The fair value of investments in common collective funds and mutual funds is determined using the net asset value (“NAV”) provided by the administrator of the fund as a practical expedient. The NAV is determined by each fund’s trustee based upon the fair value of the underlying assets owned by the fund, less liabilities, divided by the number of outstanding units. The fair value of U.S. treasury securities is determined based on quoted market prices in active markets. The fair value of government related securities and corporate bonds is determined based on quoted market prices on national security exchanges, when available, or using valuation models which incorporate certain other observable inputs including recent trading activity for comparable securities and broker quoted prices. The fair value of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities is based upon valuation models which incorporate available dealer quotes, projected cash flows and market information. The fair value of limited partnerships has been estimated using the NAV of the ownership interest. The NAV is determined using quarterly financial statements issued by the partnership which determine the value based on the fair value of the underlying investments.

### Future Benefit Payments

Estimated future benefit payments are as follows:

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029-2033
Pension	\$ 322	\$ 317	\$ 314	\$ 308	\$ 307	\$ 1,375
Postretirement	\$ 31	\$ 28	\$ 26	\$ 23	\$ 21	\$ 74
Retiree Medicare drug subsidy	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 10

In 2024, we expect to make \$13 million in contributions to our qualified pension plans for minimum funding requirements under ERISA and \$76 million to our non-qualified pension plans to satisfy benefit payments due

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under these plans. Also in 2024, we expect to contribute approximately \$31 million to our other postretirement benefit plans to satisfy our portion of benefit payments due under these plans.

**Multiemployer Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans**

We contribute to a number of multiemployer defined benefit pension plans under the terms of collective bargaining agreements that cover our union-represented employees including talent, writers, directors, producers and other employees, primarily in the entertainment industry. The other employers participating in these multiemployer plans are primarily in the entertainment and other related industries. The risks of participating in multiemployer plans are different from single-employer plans as assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers and if a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers. In addition, if we choose to stop participating in some of its multiemployer plans we may be required to pay those plans a withdrawal liability based on the underfunded status of the plan. We recognize the net periodic cost for multiemployer pension and postretirement benefit plans based on the required contributions to the plans.

The financial health of a multiemployer plan is indicated by the zone status, as defined by the Pension Protection Act of 2006. Plans in the red zone are in critical status; those in the yellow zone are in endangered status; and those in the green zone are neither critical nor endangered.

The table below presents information concerning our participation in multiemployer defined benefit pension plans.

Pension Plan	Employer Identification Number/Pension Plan Number	Pension Protection Act Zone Status <sup>(a)</sup>		Company Contributions			Expiration Date of Collective Bargaining Agreement
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2021	
AFTRA Retirement Plan <sup>(b)</sup>	13-6414972-001	Green	Green	\$ 18	\$ 16	\$ 17	6/30/2026
Directors Guild of America - Producer <sup>(b)</sup>	95-2892780-001	Green	Green	17	19	23	6/30/2026
Producer-Writers Guild of America <sup>(b)</sup>	95-2216351-001	Green	Green	24	30	26	5/1/2026
Screen Actors Guild - Producers <sup>(b)</sup>	95-2110997-001	Green	Green	27	30	45	6/30/2026
Motion Picture Industry	95-1810805-001	Green	Green	48	63	66	(c)
I.A.T.S.E. Local No. 33 Pension Trust Fund	95-6377503-001	Green	Green	2	5	10	12/31/2025
Other Plans				15	14	16	
<b>Total contributions</b>				<b>\$ 151</b>	<b>\$ 177</b>	<b>\$ 203</b>	

(a) The zone status for each individual plan listed was certified by each plan's actuary as of the beginning of the plan years for 2023 and 2022. The plan year is the twelve months ending December 31 for each plan listed above except AFTRA Retirement Plan which has a plan year ending November 30.

(b) The Company was listed in these plan's most recent Form 5500 as providing more than 5% of total contributions for the plan.

(c) The expiration dates range from July 31, 2024 through March 2, 2025.

As a result of the above noted zone status there were no funding improvements or rehabilitation plans implemented, as defined by ERISA, nor any surcharges imposed for any of the individual plans listed.

We also contribute to multiemployer plans that provide postretirement healthcare and other benefits to certain employees under collective bargaining agreements. The contributions to these plans were \$172 million, \$192 million and \$184 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

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**Defined Contribution Plans**

We sponsor defined contribution plans for the benefit of employees meeting eligibility requirements. Employer contributions to such plans were \$151 million, \$137 million and \$106 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

**18) SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The tables below set forth our financial information by reportable segment. Our operating segments, which are the same as our reportable segments, have been determined in accordance with our internal management structure, which is organized based upon products and services.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Advertising	\$ 8,188	\$ 9,350	\$ 10,105
Affiliate and subscription	8,085	8,180	8,413
Licensing and other	3,812	4,202	4,216
<b>TV Media</b>	<b>20,085</b>	<b>21,732</b>	<b>22,734</b>
Advertising	1,795	1,533	1,298
Subscription	4,933	3,371	2,029
Licensing	8	—	—
<b>Direct-to-Consumer</b>	<b>6,736</b>	<b>4,904</b>	<b>3,327</b>
Advertising	24	23	18
Theatrical	813	1,223	241
Licensing and other	2,120	2,460	2,428
<b>Filmed Entertainment</b>	<b>2,957</b>	<b>3,706</b>	<b>2,687</b>
Eliminations	(126)	(188)	(162)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 29,652</b>	<b>\$ 30,154</b>	<b>\$ 28,586</b>

Revenues generated between segments are principally from intersegment arrangements for the distribution of content, rental of studio space, and advertising, as well as licensing revenues earned from third parties who license our content to our internal platforms either through a sub-license or co-production arrangement. These transactions are recorded at market value as if the sales were to third parties and are eliminated in consolidation. For content that is licensed between segments, content costs are allocated across segments based on the relative value of the distribution windows within each segment. Accordingly, no intersegment licensing revenues or profits are recorded by the licensor segment.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
<b>Intercompany Revenues:</b>			
TV Media	\$ 63	\$ 66	\$ 87
Direct-to-Consumer	1	—	2
Filmed Entertainment	62	122	73
<b>Total Intercompany Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 126</b>	<b>\$ 188</b>	<b>\$ 162</b>

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We present operating income excluding depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation, restructuring charges, other corporate matters, programming charges, impairment charges and gains or losses on dispositions, each where applicable (“Adjusted OIBDA”), as the primary measure of profit and loss for our operating segments in accordance with FASB guidance for segment reporting since it is the primary method used by our management. Stock-based compensation is excluded from our segment measure of profit and loss because it is set and approved by our Board of Directors in consultation with corporate executive management.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
<b>Adjusted OIBDA:</b>			
TV Media	\$ 4,791	\$ 5,451	\$ 5,892
Direct-to-Consumer	(1,663)	(1,819)	(992)
Filmed Entertainment	(119)	272	207
Corporate/Eliminations	(447)	(470)	(491)
Stock-based compensation <sup>(a)</sup>	(172)	(158)	(172)
Depreciation and amortization	(418)	(378)	(390)
Programming charges	(2,371)	—	—
Impairment charges	(83)	(27)	—
Restructuring and other corporate matters	31	(585)	(100)
Net gains on dispositions	—	56	2,343
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	<b>(451)</b>	<b>2,342</b>	<b>6,297</b>
Interest expense	(920)	(931)	(986)
Interest income	137	108	53
Gain (loss) from investments	168	(9)	47
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt	29	(120)	(128)
Other items, net	(216)	(124)	(77)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in loss of investee companies	(1,253)	1,266	5,206
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	361	(227)	(646)
Equity in loss of investee companies, net of tax	(360)	(204)	(91)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(1,252)	835	4,469
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	676	379	162
Net earnings (loss) (Paramount and noncontrolling interests)	(576)	1,214	4,631
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(32)	(110)	(88)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Paramount	\$ (608)	\$ 1,104	\$ 4,543

(a) Stock-based compensation expense of \$5 million for 2023, \$14 million for 2022 and \$20 million for 2021 is included in “Restructuring and other corporate matters”.

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
<b>Revenues: <sup>(a)</sup></b>			
United States	\$ 23,962	\$ 24,412	\$ 23,320
International	5,690	5,742	5,266
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 29,652</b>	<b>\$ 30,154</b>	<b>\$ 28,586</b>

(a) Revenue classifications are based on customers’ locations.

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

At December 31,	2023	2022
<b>Long-lived Assets:</b> <sup>(a)</sup>		
United States	\$ 15,249	\$ 18,231
International	1,451	1,458
<b>Total Long-lived Assets</b>	<b>\$ 16,700</b>	<b>\$ 19,689</b>

(a) Reflects total assets less current assets, investments, goodwill, intangible assets, noncurrent receivables and noncurrent deferred tax assets.

We do not disclose our assets by segment because they are not used to evaluate our operating performance or in determining the allocation of resources.

**19) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

*Commitments*

Our long-term commitments not recorded on the balance sheet primarily consist of programming and talent commitments and purchase obligations for goods and services resulting from our normal course of business.

*Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements*

Our long-term programming and talent commitments not recorded on the balance sheet, estimated to aggregate to \$31.34 billion as of December 31, 2023, include \$28.56 billion for sports programming rights and \$2.78 billion relating to the production and licensing of television and film programming, including talent contracts. We also have long-term committed purchase obligations which include agreements to purchase goods or services in the future that totaled \$1.08 billion as of December 31, 2023. These commitments are payable as follows:

	Payments Due by Period						2029 and Thereafter
	Total	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements</b>							
Programming and talent commitments	\$ 31,338	\$ 3,491	\$ 3,565	\$ 3,350	\$ 3,085	\$ 3,448	\$ 14,399
Purchase obligations	\$ 1,077	\$ 432	\$ 375	\$ 191	\$ 27	\$ 13	\$ 10

*On-Balance Sheet Arrangements*

At December 31, 2023, we also had long-term contractual obligations for programming liabilities, participations, and residuals, as well as a tax liability resulting from federal tax legislation enacted in December 2017, that are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The tax liability reflects the long-term portion of the tax on the Company's historical accumulated foreign earnings and profits, which is payable to the IRS in 2025. These long-term contractual obligations are payable as follows:

Payments Due by Period						
Total	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029 and Thereafter	
\$ 1,704	\$ 1,228	\$ 321	\$ 86	\$ 43	\$ 26	

We also have long-term lease commitments for office space, equipment, transponders and studio facilities, which are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023. See Note 10 for details of our operating lease commitments.

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

#### **Guarantees**

##### *Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds*

At December 31, 2023, we had outstanding letters of credit and surety bonds of \$213 million that were not recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet, as well as a \$1.9 billion standby letter of credit facility, under which no letters of credit were issued. In January 2024, in accordance with the contractual requirements of one of our commitments, a \$1.9 billion letter of credit was issued under this facility. The amount outstanding under the letter of credit will decrease throughout 2024 as we make payments under the related contractual commitment. Letters of credit and surety bonds are primarily used as security against non-performance in the normal course of business under contractual requirements of certain of our commitments. The standby letter of credit facility, which matures in May 2026, is subject to the same principal financial covenant as the Credit Facility (see Note 9).

##### *CBS Television City*

In connection with the sale of the CBS Television City property and sound stage operation (“CBS Television City”) in 2019, we guaranteed a specified level of cash flows to be generated by the business during the first five years following the completion of the sale. Included in “Other current liabilities” on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023 is a liability totaling \$26 million, reflecting the present value of the remaining estimated amount payable under the guarantee obligation.

##### *Lease Guarantees*

We have certain indemnification obligations with respect to leases primarily associated with the previously discontinued operations of Famous Players. These lease commitments totaled \$8 million at December 31, 2023, and are presented within “Other liabilities” on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The amount of lease commitments varies over time depending on the expiration or termination of individual underlying leases, or the related indemnification obligation, and foreign exchange rates, among other things. We may also have exposure for certain other expenses related to the leases, such as property taxes and common area maintenance. We believe our accrual is sufficient to meet any future obligations based on our consideration of available financial information, the lessees’ historical performance in meeting their lease obligations and the underlying economic factors impacting the lessees’ business models.

##### *Other*

In the course of our business, we both provide and receive indemnities which are intended to allocate certain risks associated with business transactions. Similarly, we may remain contingently liable for various obligations of a business that has been divested in the event that a third party does not live up to its obligations under an indemnification obligation. We record a liability for our indemnification obligations and other contingent liabilities when probable and reasonably estimable.

#### **Legal Matters**

##### **General**

On an ongoing basis, we vigorously defend ourselves in numerous lawsuits and proceedings and respond to various investigations and inquiries from federal, state, local and international authorities (collectively, “Litigation”). Litigation may be brought against us without merit, is inherently uncertain and always difficult to predict. However, based on our understanding and evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances, we believe that the following matters are not likely, in the aggregate, to result in a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

#### *Stockholder Matters*

##### *Litigation Relating to the Merger*

Beginning in February 2020, three purported CBS stockholders filed separate derivative and/or putative class action lawsuits in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the “Delaware Chancery Court”). In March 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court consolidated the three lawsuits and appointed Bucks County Employees Retirement Fund and International Union of Operating Engineers of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware as co-lead plaintiffs for the consolidated action captioned *In re CBS Corporation Stockholder Class Action and Derivative Litigation* (the “CBS Litigation”). In April 2020, the lead plaintiffs filed a Verified Consolidated Class Action and Derivative Complaint (as used in this paragraph, the “Complaint”) against Shari E. Redstone, National Amusements, Inc., Sumner M. Redstone National Amusements Trust, additional members of the CBS Board of Directors (including Candace K. Beinecke, Barbara M. Byrne, Gary L. Countryman, Linda M. Griego, Robert N. Klieger, Martha L. Minow, Susan Schuman, Frederick O. Terrell and Strauss Zelnick), former CBS President and Acting Chief Executive Officer Joseph Ianniello and the Company as nominal defendant. The Complaint alleged breaches of fiduciary duties in connection with the negotiation and approval of an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of August 13, 2019, between CBS and Viacom (as amended, the “Merger Agreement”). The Complaint also alleged waste and unjust enrichment in connection with certain aspects of Mr. Ianniello’s compensation awards. The Complaint sought unspecified damages, costs and expenses, as well as other relief. In December 2022, the Delaware Chancery Court dismissed the fiduciary duty claim against Mr. Klieger.

In May 2023, the parties to the CBS Litigation entered into a settlement agreement that provided for, among other things, the final dismissal of the CBS Litigation in exchange for a settlement payment to the Company in the amount of \$167.5 million, less administrative costs and plaintiffs’ counsels’ fees and expenses. In September 2023, the Delaware Chancery Court approved the settlement and dismissed the CBS Litigation with prejudice. In October 2023, the Company received the settlement payment in the amount of \$120 million, which reflects the settlement of \$167.5 million after a deduction was made for administrative costs and plaintiffs’ counsels’ fees and expenses, and accordingly, we recognized a gain of \$120 million during the fourth quarter of 2023.

Beginning in November 2019, four purported Viacom stockholders filed separate putative class action lawsuits in the Delaware Chancery Court. In January 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court consolidated the four lawsuits. In February 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court appointed California Public Employees’ Retirement System (“CalPERS”) as lead plaintiff for the consolidated action. Subsequently, in February 2020, CalPERS, together with Park Employees’ and Retirement Board Employees’ Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago and Louis M. Wilen, filed a First Amended Verified Class Action Complaint (as used in this paragraph, the “Complaint”) against NAI, NAI Entertainment Holdings LLC, Shari E. Redstone, the members of the special transaction committee of the Viacom Board of Directors (comprised of Thomas J. May, Judith A. McHale, Ronald L. Nelson and Nicole Seligman) and our President and Chief Executive Officer and director, Robert M. Bakish (as used in this paragraph, the “Viacom Litigation”). The Complaint alleged breaches of fiduciary duties to Viacom stockholders in connection with the negotiation and approval of the Merger Agreement. The Complaint sought unspecified damages, costs and expenses, as well as other relief. In December 2020, the Delaware Chancery Court dismissed the claims against Mr. Bakish, while allowing the claims against the remaining defendants to proceed. In March 2023, the parties to the Viacom Litigation entered into a settlement agreement that provided for, among other things, the final dismissal of the Viacom Litigation in exchange for a settlement payment in the amount of \$122.5 million, which has been fully paid. In July 2023, the Delaware Chancery Court granted approval of the settlement and dismissed the Viacom Litigation with prejudice.

## PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

#### *Litigation Related to Stock Offerings*

In August 2021, Camelot Event Driven Fund filed a putative securities class action lawsuit in New York Supreme Court, County of New York, and in November 2021, an amended complaint was filed that, among other changes, added an additional named plaintiff (as used in this paragraph, the “Complaint”). The Complaint is on behalf of investors who purchased shares of the Company’s Class B Common Stock and 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock pursuant to public securities offerings completed in March 2021, and was filed against the Company, certain senior executives, members of our Board of Directors, and the underwriters involved in the offerings. The Complaint asserts violations of federal securities law and alleges that the offering documents contained material misstatements and omissions, including through an alleged failure to adequately disclose certain total return swap transactions involving Archegos Capital Management referenced to our securities and related alleged risks to the Company’s stock price. In December 2021, the plaintiffs filed a stipulation seeking the voluntary dismissal without prejudice of the outside director defendants from the lawsuit, which the Court subsequently ordered. On the same date, the defendants filed motions to dismiss the lawsuit, which were heard in January 2023. In February 2023, the Court dismissed all claims against the Company while allowing the claims against the underwriters to proceed. The plaintiffs and underwriter defendants have appealed the ruling.

#### *Litigation Related to Television Station Owners*

In September 2019, the Company was added as a defendant in a multi-district putative class action lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois. The lawsuit was filed by parties that claim to have purchased broadcast television spot advertising beginning about January 2014 on television stations owned by one or more of the defendant television station owners and alleges the sharing of allegedly competitively sensitive information among such television stations in alleged violation of the Sherman Antitrust Act. The action, which names the Company among fourteen total defendants, seeks monetary damages, attorneys’ fees, costs and interest as well as injunctions against the allegedly unlawful conduct. We reached an agreement with the plaintiffs to settle the lawsuit. The settlement, which includes no admission of liability or wrongdoing by the Company, was subject to Court approval. In August 2023, the Court granted preliminary approval of the settlement, and in December 2023, the Court granted final approval of the settlement.

#### *Claims Related to Former Businesses*

##### *Asbestos*

We are a defendant in lawsuits claiming various personal injuries related to asbestos and other materials, which allegedly occurred as a result of exposure caused by various products manufactured by Westinghouse, a predecessor, generally prior to the early 1970s. Westinghouse was neither a producer nor a manufacturer of asbestos. We are typically named as one of a large number of defendants in both state and federal cases. In the majority of asbestos lawsuits, the plaintiffs have not identified which of our products is the basis of a claim. Claims against us in which a product has been identified most commonly relate to allegations of exposure to asbestos-containing insulating material used in conjunction with turbines and electrical equipment.

Claims are frequently filed and/or settled in groups, which may make the amount and timing of settlements, and the number of pending claims, subject to significant fluctuation from period to period. We do not report as pending those claims on inactive, stayed, deferred or similar dockets that some jurisdictions have established for claimants who allege minimal or no impairment. As of December 31, 2023, we had pending approximately 19,970 asbestos claims, as compared with approximately 21,580 as of December 31, 2022 and 27,770 as of December 31, 2021. During 2023, we received approximately 2,790 new claims and closed or moved to an inactive docket approximately 4,400 claims. We report claims as closed when we become aware that a dismissal

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

order has been entered by a court or when we have reached agreement with the claimants on the material terms of a settlement. Settlement costs depend on the seriousness of the injuries that form the basis of the claims, the quality of evidence supporting the claims and other factors. Our total costs for the years 2023 and 2022 for settlement and defense of asbestos claims after insurance recoveries and net of tax were approximately \$54 million and \$57 million, respectively. Our costs for settlement and defense of asbestos claims may vary year to year and insurance proceeds are not always recovered in the same period as the insured portion of the expenses.

Filings include claims for individuals suffering from mesothelioma, a rare cancer, the risk of which is allegedly increased by exposure to asbestos; lung cancer, a cancer which may be caused by various factors, one of which is alleged to be asbestos exposure; other cancers, and conditions that are substantially less serious, including claims brought on behalf of individuals who are asymptomatic as to an allegedly asbestos-related disease. A significant number of pending claims against us are non-cancer claims. It is difficult to predict long-term future asbestos liabilities, as events and circumstances may impact the estimate. We record an accrual for a loss contingency when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and when the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The reasonably estimable period for our long-term asbestos liability is 10 years, which we determined in consultation with a third-party firm with expertise in estimating asbestos liability and is due to the inherent uncertainties in the tort litigation system. Our estimated asbestos liability is based upon many factors, including the number of outstanding claims, estimated average cost per claim, the breakdown of claims by disease type, historic claim filings, costs per claim of resolution and the filing of new claims, and is assessed in consultation with the third-party firm. Based on an assessment of these factors during the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased the accrual for asbestos matters by \$23 million, which was recorded as a charge in “Restructuring and other corporate matters” on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The increased accrual was primarily the result of a lower-than-expected rate of decline in new claims. Changes in circumstances in future periods could cause our actual liabilities to be higher or lower than our current accrual. We will continue to evaluate our estimates and update our accrual as needed.

*Other*

From time to time, we receive claims from federal and state environmental regulatory agencies and other entities asserting that we are or may be liable for environmental cleanup costs and related damages principally relating to our historical and predecessor operations. In addition, from time to time we receive personal injury claims including toxic tort and product liability claims (other than asbestos) arising from our historical operations and predecessors. While we believe that our accruals for these matters are adequate, there can be no assurance that circumstances will not change in future periods and, as a result, our actual liabilities may be higher or lower than our accrual.

**20) SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The following table presents the components of “Other items, net” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Pension and postretirement benefit costs	\$ (153)	\$ (65)	\$ (43)
Foreign exchange losses	(66)	(58)	(26)
Pension settlement charge (Note 17)	—	—	(10)
Other	3	(1)	2
<b>Other items, net</b>	<b>\$ (216)</b>	<b>\$ (124)</b>	<b>\$ (77)</b>

PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)  
(Tabular dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

*Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest*

On October 31, 2022 we acquired the remaining 40% interest in Nickelodeon UK Limited (“Nick UK”), bringing our ownership to 100%. Prior to this transaction, we were subject to a redeemable put option with respect to Nick UK, which was classified as “Redeemable noncontrolling interest” on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2021. The activity reflected within redeemable noncontrolling interest for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is presented below.

Year Ended December 31,	2022	2021
<b>Beginning balance</b>	\$ 107	\$ 197
Net earnings	4	14
Distributions	(6)	(5)
Translation adjustment	(20)	(5)
Redemption value adjustment	17	(94)
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	(102)	—
<b>Ending balance</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 107</b>

*Supplemental Cash Flow Information*

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021
Cash paid for interest	\$ 901	\$ 920	\$ 970
Cash paid for income taxes:			
Continuing operations	\$ 22	\$ 61	\$ 291
Discontinued operations	85	12	43
<b>Total cash paid for income taxes</b>	<b>\$ 107</b>	<b>\$ 73</b>	<b>\$ 334</b>

**Item 9.**      *Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.*

None.

**Item 9A.**     *Controls and Procedures.*

Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“Exchange Act”)) were effective, based on the evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) of the Exchange Act. No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during our fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management’s report on internal control over financial reporting and the report of our independent registered public accounting firm thereon are set forth in Item 8, on pages II-37 and II-38, of this report.

**Item 9B.**     *Other Information.*

None.

**Item 9C.**     *Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.*

Not applicable.

## PART III

### **Item 10. *Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.***

The information required by this item with respect to the Company's directors will be contained in the Proxy Statement for the Company's 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Proxy Statement") under the headings "Our Board of Directors" and "Item 1 — Election of Directors," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

The information required by this item with respect to the Company's executive officers is contained in Part I of this Form 10-K under the caption "Our Executive Officers."

### **Item 11. *Executive Compensation.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Our Board of Directors," "Director Compensation," "Executive Compensation," "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" and "Compensation Committee Report," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 12. *Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 13. *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Related Person Transactions" and "Our Board of Directors," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 14. *Principal Accounting Fees and Services.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the heading "Fees for Services Provided by the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

## PART IV

### **Item 15.**     *Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.*

(a)

#### *1. Financial Statements.*

The financial statements of Paramount filed as part of this report on Form 10-K are listed on the Index on page II-36.

#### *2. Financial Statement Schedules.*

The financial statement schedule required to be filed by Item 8 of this Form 10-K is listed on the Index on page II-36.

#### *3. Exhibits.*

The exhibits listed in Item 15(b) of this Part IV are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Form 10-K. The Index to Exhibits begins on page E-1.

### **Item 16.**     *Form 10-K Summary.*

None.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**SCHEDULE II—VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS**  
(Tabular dollars in millions)

Col. A	Col. B	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E
Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Expenses and Other Accounts	Deductions	Balance at End of Period
<b>Allowance for doubtful accounts:</b>				
Year ended December 31, 2023	\$ 111	\$ 26	\$ 17	\$ 120
Year ended December 31, 2022	\$ 80	\$ 40	\$ 9	\$ 111
Year ended December 31, 2021	\$ 85	\$ 8	\$ 13	\$ 80
<b>Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets:</b>				
Year ended December 31, 2023	\$ 488	\$ 20	\$ 10	\$ 498
Year ended December 31, 2022	\$ 581	\$ 15	\$ 108	\$ 488
Year ended December 31, 2021	\$ 593	\$ 63	\$ 75	\$ 581
<b>Reserves for inventory obsolescence:</b>				
Year ended December 31, 2023	\$ 44	\$ 7	\$ 19	\$ 32
Year ended December 31, 2022	\$ 47	\$ —	\$ 3	\$ 44
Year ended December 31, 2021	\$ 58	\$ —	\$ 11	\$ 47

**INDEX TO EXHIBITS**  
**ITEM 15(b)**

Effective December 31, 2005, Viacom Inc. was separated into two publicly-traded companies, the Company and a new Viacom Inc., and the Company was renamed CBS Corporation. Effective December 4, 2019, new Viacom Inc. merged with and into CBS Corporation with CBS Corporation continuing as the surviving company, and the combined company changed its name to ViacomCBS Inc. Effective February 16, 2022, ViacomCBS Inc. was renamed Paramount Global.

Exhibit No.	Description of Document
(3)	<b>Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws</b>
(a)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Paramount Global, effective as of February 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 3.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Paramount Global filed February 16, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).
(b)	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Paramount Global, effective as of December 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 3.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Paramount Global filed December 21, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).
(c)	Certificate of Designations of the 5.75% Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock, Series A (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 3.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of ViacomCBS Inc. filed March 26, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).
(4)	<b>Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures</b>
(a)	Specimen Certificate of the Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock (included in Exhibit 3(c) above).
(b)	Description of the Registrant's Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4(b)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ViacomCBS Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).
(c)	Amended and Restated Senior Indenture, dated as of November 3, 2008 ("2008 Indenture"), among CBS Corporation, CBS Operations Inc., and The Bank of New York Mellon, as senior trustee (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of CBS Corporation filed November 3, 2008) (Registration No. 333-154962) (File No. 001-09553).
(d)	First Supplemental Indenture to 2008 Indenture, dated as of April 5, 2010, among CBS Corporation, CBS Operations Inc., and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as senior trustee (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.3</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of CBS Corporation filed April 5, 2010) (File No. 001-09553).
(e)	Indenture, dated as of April 12, 2006, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed April 17, 2006) (File No. 001-32686).
(f)	Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 4, 2019, by and among CBS Corporation, Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, a New York banking corporation, as trustee (in such capacity, the "Trustee"), to the Indenture, dated as of April 12, 2006, between Viacom Inc. and the Trustee (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of ViacomCBS Inc. filed December 4, 2019) (File No. 001-09553).
(g)	Indenture, dated as of March 27, 2020, between ViacomCBS Inc. and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.3</a> to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 of ViacomCBS Inc. filed March 27, 2020) (File No. 001-09553).
	The other instruments defining the rights of holders of the long-term debt securities of Paramount Global and its subsidiaries are omitted pursuant to paragraph (b)(4)(iii)(A) of Item 601 of Regulation S-K. Paramount Global hereby agrees to furnish copies of these instruments to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
(10)	<b>Material Contracts</b>
(a)	ViacomCBS Inc. 2009 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated as of May 25, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Annex A</a> to the Definitive Proxy Statement of ViacomCBS Inc. filed April 2, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).*
(b)	Forms of Certificate and Terms and Conditions for equity awards under ViacomCBS Inc. 2009 Long-Term Incentive Plan:
(i)	Stock Options (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(c)(ii)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of CBS Corporation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011) (File No. 001-09553).*
(ii)	Performance Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(b)(iv)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ViacomCBS Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020) (File No. 001-09553).*
(iii)	Performance Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended March 31, 2023) (File No. 001-09553)*

\*Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

Exhibit No.	Description of Document
(iv)	Restricted Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(b)(v)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ViacomCBS Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020) (File No. 001-09553).*
(v)	Restricted Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(b)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended March 31, 2023) (File No. 001-09553)*
(c)	Paramount Global Short-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated as of February 13, 2023 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(c)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paramount Global for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(d)	Paramount Global Excess 401(k) Plan for Designated Senior Executives - Part A, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(b)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ViacomCBS Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2021) (File No. 001-09553), as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective as of February 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.5</a> to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 of Paramount Global filed October 7, 2022) (Registration No. 333-154962).*
(e)	Paramount Global Excess 401(k) Plan for Designated Senior Executives - Part B, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(c)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ViacomCBS Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2021) (File No. 001-09553), as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective as of February 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.5</a> to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 of Paramount Global filed October 7, 2022) (File No. 001-09553), as further amended by Amendment No. 2, effective as of January 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(c)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paramount Global for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(f)	Paramount Global Bonus Deferral Plan for Designated Senior Executives - Part A, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(e)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ViacomCBS Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2021) (File No. 001-09553), as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective as of February 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.10</a> to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 of Paramount Global filed October 7, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(g)	Paramount Global Bonus Deferral Plan for Designated Senior Executives - Part B, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(f)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ViacomCBS Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2021) (File No. 001-09553), as amended by Amendment No. 1, effective as of February 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.10</a> to the Registration Statement on Form S-8 of Paramount Global filed October 7, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(h)	Viacom Inc. 2016 Long-Term Management Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit A</a> to the Definitive Proxy Statement of Viacom Inc. filed January 23, 2015) (File No. 001-32686).*
(i)	Forms of Terms and Conditions to the Certificates for equity awards under the Viacom Inc. 2016 Long-Term Management Incentive Plan: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Stock Options (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.3</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).*</li> <li>(ii) Performance Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(g)(iv)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ViacomCBS Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020) (File No. 001-09553).*</li> <li>(iii) Restricted Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(g)(v)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ViacomCBS Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020) (File No. 001-09553).*</li> </ul>
(j)	Viacom Excess Pension Plan, as amended and restated as of January 1, 2023 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(j)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paramount Global for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(k)	Viacom Excess 401(k) Plan for Designated Senior Executives, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ViacomCBS Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).*
(l)	Viacom Bonus Deferral Plan for Designated Senior Executives, as amended and restated as of October 1, 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(d)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ViacomCBS Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).*
(m)	Summary of Paramount Global Compensation for Outside Directors, as of December 16, 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(m)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paramount Global for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(n)	Form of Director Indemnification Agreement (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of CBS Corporation filed September 18, 2009) (File No. 001-09553).*
(o)	CBS Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan for Outside Directors, as amended and restated as of January 29, 2015 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(k)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of CBS Corporation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014) (File No. 001-09553).*

\*Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

Exhibit No.	Description of Document
(p)	CBS Corporation 2005 RSU Plan for Outside Directors, as amended and restated as of January 29, 2015 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(m)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of CBS Corporation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014) (File No. 001-09553).*
(q)	CBS Corporation 2015 Equity Plan for Outside Directors, effective as of May 21, 2015 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of CBS Corporation for the quarter ended June 30, 2015) (File No. 001-09553).*
(r)	Viacom Inc. 2011 RSU Plan for Outside Directors, as amended and restated as of January 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit B</a> to the Definitive Proxy Statement of Viacom Inc. filed January 23, 2015) (File No. 001-32686), as further amended and restated as of May 18, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Quarterly Report of Viacom Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).*
(s)	Employment Agreement, dated as of August 13, 2019, between Viacom Inc. and Robert M. Bakish (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.4</a> to CBS Corporation's Registration Statement No. 333-234238 on Form S-4 filed October 17, 2019) (File No. 333-234238).*
(t)	Letter Agreement, dated as of August 13, 2019, between Viacom Inc. and Robert M. Bakish (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.5</a> to CBS Corporation's Registration Statement No. 333-234238 on Form S-4 filed October 17, 2019) (File No. 333-234238).*
(u)	Employment Agreement, dated as of June 28, 2023, between Paramount Global and Naveen Chopra (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended June 30, 2023) (File No. 001-09553).*
(v)	Employment Agreement, dated as of March 15, 2022, between Paramount Global and Christa A. D'Alimonte (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended March 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(w)	Employment Agreement, dated as of April 11, 2022, between Paramount Global and DeDe Lea (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(b)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended March 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(x)	Employment Agreement, dated as of April 11, 2022, between Paramount Global and Nancy Phillips (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(c)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended March 31, 2022) (File No. 001-09553).*
(y)	Paramount Global Executive Change in Control Severance Protection Plan, effective as of November 16, 2023 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Paramount Global filed November 17, 2023) (File No. 001-09553).*
(z)	Form of Participant Letter Agreement under Paramount Global Executive Change in Control Severance Protection Plan (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Paramount Global filed November 17, 2023) (File No. 001-09553).*
(aa)	Matching Gifts Program for Directors (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(aa)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of CBS Corporation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018) (File No. 001-09553).*
(bb)	Amended and Restated \$3.5 Billion Credit Agreement, dated as of January 23, 2020 (the "Credit Agreement"), among ViacomCBS Inc.; the Subsidiary Borrowers party thereto; the Lenders named therein; JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent; Citibank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Syndication Agents; and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Mizuho Bank, Ltd. and Morgan Stanley MUFG Loan Partners, LLC, as Documentation Agents (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of ViacomCBS Inc. filed January 23, 2020) (File No. 001-09553).
(cc)	Amendment No. 1 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 9, 2021, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of ViacomCBS Inc. filed December 14, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).
(dd)	Amendment No. 2 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of February 14, 2022, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(hh)</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ViacomCBS Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021) (File No. 001-09553).
(ee)	Amendment No. 3 to the Credit Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2023, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Paramount Global filed March 9, 2023) (File No. 001-09553).
(ff)	Settlement and Release Agreement, effective as of September 9, 2018 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of CBS Corporation filed September 10, 2018) (File No. 001-09553).
(gg)	Amendment No. 1 to the Settlement and Release Agreement, dated as of August 13, 2019, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.3</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of CBS Corporation filed August 19, 2019) (File No. 001-09553).

\*Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

Exhibit No.	Description of Document
(hh)	Support Agreement, dated as of August 13, 2019, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of CBS Corporation filed August 19, 2019) (File No. 001-09553).
(ii)	Governance Agreement, dated as of August 13, 2019, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of CBS Corporation filed August 19, 2019) (File No. 001-09553).
(jj)	Insurance Procurement and Indemnification Agreement, dated as of July 25, 2023, by and among the parties listed therein (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10(a)</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paramount Global for the quarter ended September 30, 2023) (File No. 001-09553).*
(21)	<b>Subsidiaries of Paramount Global</b> ( <a href="#">filed herewith</a> ).
(23)	<b>Consents of Experts and Counsel</b>
(a)	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ( <a href="#">filed herewith</a> ).
(24)	<b>Powers of Attorney</b> ( <a href="#">filed herewith</a> ).
(31)	<b>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications</b>
(a)	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Paramount Global pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ( <a href="#">filed herewith</a> ).
(b)	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Paramount Global, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ( <a href="#">filed herewith</a> ).
(32)	<b>Section 1350 Certifications</b>
(a)	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Paramount Global furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ( <a href="#">furnished herewith</a> ).
(b)	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Paramount Global furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ( <a href="#">furnished herewith</a> ).
(97)	<b>Paramount Global Clawback Policy</b> ( <a href="#">filed herewith</a> ).
(101)	<b>Interactive Data File</b> 101. INS XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document. 101. SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema. 101. CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase. 101. DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase. 101. LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase. 101. PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.
(104)	<b>Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).</b>

\*Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.



<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
* _____ Dawn Ostroff	Director	February 28, 2024
* _____ Charles E. Phillips, Jr.	Director	February 28, 2024
* _____ Shari Redstone	Non-Executive Chair	February 28, 2024
* _____ Susan Schuman	Director	February 28, 2024
* _____ Nicole Seligman	Director	February 28, 2024
* _____ Frederick O. Terrell	Director	February 28, 2024
*By: <u>          /s/ Christa A. D'Alimonte</u> Christa A. D'Alimonte <i>Attorney-in-Fact</i> <i>for Directors</i>		February 28, 2024

**Subsidiaries of Paramount Global**  
**(as of January 31, 2024)**

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
13 Investments LLC	Louisiana
13 Productions LLC	Louisiana
14 Hours Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
1928778 Ontario Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
2POP, LLC	California
300 New LLC	Delaware
365Gay LLC	Delaware
37th Floor Productions Inc.	Delaware
38th Floor Productions Inc.	Delaware
5555 Communications Inc.	Delaware
90210 Productions, Inc.	California
A G Films Canada Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
A.S. Payroll Company, Inc.	California
Aardvark Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Aaron Spelling Productions, Inc.	California
AC INVERSORA S.A.	Argentina
Acorn Pipe Line Company	Texas
Acorn Properties, Inc.	Texas
Acorn Trading Company	Texas
Acquisition Group West LLC	Delaware
Addax Music Co., Inc.	Delaware
Adoy LLC	Delaware
After School Productions Inc.	Delaware
AfterL.com LLC	Delaware
Ages Electronics, Inc.	Delaware
Ages Entertainment Software LLC	Delaware
Air Realty Corporation	Delaware
Air Realty LLC	Delaware
All About Productions LLC	Delaware
All Media Inc.	Delaware
ALTSIM Inc.	Delaware
Amadea Film Productions, Inc.	Texas
Amazing Race Productions Inc.	Delaware
Ananey Communication Limited	Israel
Animated Productions Inc.	Delaware
Antilles Oil Company, Inc.	Puerto Rico
Armacost Music LLC	Delaware
Around the Block Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Artercraft Productions Inc.	Delaware
Aspenfair Music, Inc.	California
ATCO I S.A.	Argentina
Atlanta Television Station WUPA Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
<b>Atlántida Comunicaciones S.A.</b>	Argentina
<b>Atom Digital Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Atom Entertainment, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>ATV ACME, LLC</b>	California
<b>Audioscrobler Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>August Street Films Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Avery Productions LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Awesomeness BP, LLC</b>	California
<b>Awesomeness Distribution, LLC</b>	California
<b>Awesomeness Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Awesomeness Music Publishing, LLC</b>	California
<b>Awesomeness, LLC</b>	California
<b>AwesomenessTV Holdings, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Awestruck, LLC</b>	California
<b>AXN, LLC</b>	California
<b>Babunga Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Bahamas Underwriters Services Limited</b>	Bahamas
<b>BAPP Acquisition Corporation</b>	Delaware
<b>Barrington Songs LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Bay County Energy Systems, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Bay Resource Management, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Beijing Yalian Online Network Technology Co. Ltd.</b>	China
<b>Belhaven Limited</b>	Bahamas
<b>Benjamin Button Productions LLC</b>	Louisiana
<b>BET Acquisition Corp.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Arabesque, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Comic View II, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Consumer Services, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Creations, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Development Company</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Documentaries, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Event Productions, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Holdings LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Innovations Publishing, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Interactive, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET International, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Live from LA, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Music Soundz, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Oh Drama!, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Pictures II Development &amp; Production, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Pictures II Distribution, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Pictures II, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Productions II, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Productions IV, LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>BET Productions V, Inc.</b>	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
BET Productions, LLC	Delaware
BET Satellite Services, Inc.	Delaware
BET Services, Inc.	District of Columbia
BET ST LLC	Delaware
BET Streaming LLC	Delaware
BET Studios LLC	Delaware
BET Studios Partner Inc.	Delaware
Beta Theatres Inc.	Delaware
BETCH SKETCH, LLC	California
BETN Theatre Ventures, LLC	Delaware
BET-SVOD Holdings Inc.	Delaware
Beverly Productions Canada Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
Beverlyfax Music, Inc.	California
Big Frame, LLC	Delaware
BIG JOHN, LLC	California
Big Shows Inc.	Delaware
Big Ticket Music Inc.	Delaware
Big Ticket Pictures Inc.	Delaware
Big Ticket Productions Inc.	Delaware
Big Ticket Television Inc.	Delaware
Bikini Bottom Holdings Inc.	Delaware
Bikini Bottom Productions Limited Liability Company	New York
Black Entertainment Television LLC	District of Columbia
Blackout Productions Inc.	Delaware
Bling Productions Inc.	Delaware
Blue Cow Inc.	Delaware
Blue Sea Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Blue/White Productions, Inc.	Delaware
BN Productions Inc.	Delaware
Bob's Post House, LLC	California
BODYBAG, LLC	California
Bombay Hook LLC	Delaware
Bonneville Wind Corporation	Utah
Boxing Acquisition Inc.	Delaware
Branded Productions Inc.	California
Breakdown Productions LA LLC	Louisiana
Breakdown Productions Inc.	Delaware
Brentwood Pictures Inc.	Delaware
Bronson Avenue LLC	Delaware
Bronson Gate Film Management GmbH	Germany
Brotherhood Productions Inc.	Rhode Island
Bruin Music Company	Delaware
Buster Productions Inc.	Delaware
C-28 FCC Licensee Subsidiary, LLC	Delaware
Caper Productions LLC	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Capital Equipment Leasing Limited	United Kingdom
Caprice Pty Ltd.	Australia
Caroline Films Productions, Inc.	California
Cayman Overseas Reinsurance Association Ltd.	Cayman Islands
CBS (PDI) Distribution Inc.	Delaware
CBS 247 Inc.	Delaware
CBS Acquisition Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Advertiser Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS AJV Inc.	Delaware
CBS All Access International UK Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Asia Inc.	Delaware
CBS ATSC3 Protection Inc.	Delaware
CBS Broadcast International Asia Inc.	New York
CBS Broadcast International of Canada Limited	Canada (Ontario)
CBS Broadcast Services Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Broadcasting Inc.	New York
CBS Broadcasting West Inc.	Delaware
CBS Canada Co.	Canada (Nova Scotia)
CBS Canadian Film and Television Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
CBS Channel 10/55 Inc.	Delaware
CBS Communications Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS Communications Technology Group Inc.	Delaware
CBS Consumer Products Inc.	Delaware
CBS Corporate Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS Cultural Communications Inc.	Delaware
CBS Cultural Development (Beijing) Co., Limited	China
CBS Cultural Development (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Hong Kong
CBS CW Network Partner LLC	Delaware
CBS DBS Inc.	Delaware
CBS DEC Inc.	Delaware
CBS Domains Inc.	Virginia
CBS EcoMedia Inc.	Delaware
CBS EMEA Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Employee Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS Enterprises (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Executive Services Corporation	Delaware
CBS Experiences Inc.	Delaware
CBS Film Funding Company Inc.	Delaware
CBS Films Distribution Inc.	Delaware
CBS Films Inc.	Delaware
CBS Films Productions Inc.	Delaware
CBS Finance 1 UK Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Finance 2 UK Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Finance Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
CBS First Run Development Company Inc.	Delaware

<u>Subsidiary Name</u>	<u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u>
CBS First Run Limited	Delaware
CBS General Entertainment Australia Inc.	Delaware
CBS Holdings (Mexico) Inc.	Delaware
CBS Hollywood Partner Inc.	Delaware
CBS Home Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
CBS IDA Inc.	Delaware
CBS Interactive Inc.	Delaware
CBS Interactive Media Inc.	Delaware
CBS International (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
CBS International GmbH	Germany
CBS International Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
CBS International Holdings UK Limited	United Kingdom
CBS International Inc.	Delaware
CBS International Sales Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
CBS International Television (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
CBS International Television Australia Pty Limited	Australia
CBS International Television Japan GK	Japan
CBS IRB Acquisition Inc.	Delaware
CBS Japan Inc.	New York
CBS K-Band Inc.	Delaware
CBS Last FM Holding Inc.	Delaware
CBS LITV LLC	Delaware
CBS Mass Media Corporation	Delaware
CBS MaxPreps Inc.	California
CBS Media Realty Corporation	New York
CBS Music LLC	Delaware
CBS Network Ten B.V.	Netherlands
CBS News Inc.	Delaware
CBS Offshore Networks Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Operations Investments Inc.	Delaware
CBS Operations Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS Outdoor Investments Inc.	Delaware
CBS Outdoor Metro Services Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Overseas Inc.	New York
CBS Overseas Productions Two Inc.	Delaware
CBS Phoenix Inc.	Delaware
CBS Pictures Overseas Inc.	Delaware
CBS PNW Sports Inc.	Delaware
CBS Pop Partner Inc.	Delaware
CBS Productions UK Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Publishing UK Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Receivables Funding II Corporation	Delaware
CBS Receivables Funding III Corporation	Delaware
CBS Records Inc.	Delaware
CBS Retail Stores Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
CBS Satellite News Inc.	Delaware
CBS Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS Shopping Inc.	Delaware
CBS Sports Inc.	Delaware
CBS Stages Canada Co.	Canada (Nova Scotia)
CBS Stations Group of Texas LLC	Delaware
CBS Stock Holdings I Inc.	Delaware
CBS Studios Distribution UK Limited	United Kingdom
CBS Studios Inc.	Delaware
CBS Studios Networks Inc.	New York
CBS Studios Overseas Productions Inc.	Delaware
CBS Studios Productions LLC	Delaware
CBS Subsidiary Management Corp.	Delaware
CBS Survivor Productions, Inc.	Delaware
CBS Technology Corporation	Delaware
CBS Television Licenses LLC	Delaware
CBS Television Service Inc.	Delaware
CBS Television Stations Inc.	Delaware
CBS Temp Services Inc.	Delaware
CBS TVG Inc.	Delaware
CBS UAC Corporation	Delaware
CBS UK	United Kingdom
CBS UK Channels Limited	United Kingdom
CBS UK Finance LP	United Kingdom
CBS UK Productions Limited	United Kingdom
CBS VFX Canada ULC	Canada (B.C.)
CBS World Wide Ltd.	New York
CBS Worldwide Distribution Inc.	Delaware
CBS/CTS Airport Network Inc.	Delaware
CBS/CTS, Inc.	Delaware
CBS/Wilmerding of PA Inc.	Delaware
CBS-LUX Holding LLC	Delaware
CBS-SAC Music Inc.	Delaware
CBT Sports, LLC	Delaware
CC Direct Inc.	Delaware
CCG Ventures Inc.	Delaware
Central Productions LLC	Delaware
Centurion Satellite Broadcast Inc.	Delaware
Championship Productions Inc.	Delaware
Channel 28 Television Station, Inc.	Delaware
Channel 34 Television Station LLC	Delaware
Channel 5 Broadcasting Limited	United Kingdom
Channel Services GmbH	Switzerland
Channel Services Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
Charter Crude Oil Company	Texas

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Charter Futures Trading Company	Texas
Charter Media Company	Delaware
Charter Oil (Bahamas) Limited	Bahamas
Charter Oil Company	Florida
Charter Oil Services, Inc.	Texas
Charter Oil Specialties Limited	Bahamas
Chartreuse Pty Limited	Australia
Chazo Productions Inc.	Delaware
Cinematic Arts B.V.	Netherlands
CIOC LLC	Delaware
CIOC Remediation Trust	Delaware
CJD, LLC	California
Classless Inc.	Delaware
Clicker Media Inc.	Delaware
Cloverleaf Productions Inc.	Delaware
CMT Productions Inc.	Delaware
CN Pilot Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
CNET Investments, Inc.	Delaware
Columbia Broadcasting System (Barbados) SRL	Barbados
Columbia Broadcasting System Holdings UK Limited	United Kingdom
Columbia Broadcasting System International (Barbados) SRL	Barbados
Columbia Television, Inc.	New York
Columbus Circle Films LLC	Delaware
Comanche Moon Productions Inc.	New Mexico
Comedy Partners	New York
Comicbook.Com, LLC	Tennessee
Commerce Street Productions Inc.	Delaware
Commissioner.Com, Inc.	New York
Compelling Music LLC	California
Concord Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Country Music Television, Inc.	Tennessee
Country Network Enterprises, Inc.	Delaware
Country Services Inc.	Delaware
country.com, Inc.	Delaware
Cradle of Life Productions LLC	Delaware
Creative Mix Inc.	Delaware
Crew You, Inc.	New York
Cross Step Productions Inc.	Delaware
CSTV Networks, Inc.	Delaware
CSTV Online, Inc.	Delaware
CSTV Regional, LLC	Delaware
CSTV-A LLC	Delaware
CSTV-B LLC	Delaware
CVV (Japan) B.V.	Netherlands
DABL Network LLC	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Danielle Productions LLC	Delaware
Danni Productions LLC	Louisiana
Davis Circle Productions Inc.	Delaware
Daza Productions Inc.	Delaware
DEAD X, LLC	California
Delaware Resource Beneficiary, Inc.	Delaware
Delaware Resource Lessee Trust	Delaware
Delaware Resource Management, Inc.	Delaware
Desilu Productions Inc.	Delaware
Detroit Television Station WKBD Inc.	Virginia
DIGICO Inc.	Delaware
Digital Video Ops Inc.	Delaware
Direct Court Productions, Inc.	Delaware
DM Holding Inc.	Delaware
DMS Holdco Inc.	Delaware
Dotspotter, Inc.	Delaware
DT Investor Inc.	Delaware
DTE Films LLC	Delaware
Dutchess Resource Management, Inc.	Delaware
DW (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
DW Distribution L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Dramatic Television L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Films L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Finance L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Funding, LLC	Delaware
DW Holdco LLC	Delaware
DW International Distribution L.L.C.	Delaware
DW International Productions L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Internet L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Music Publishing L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Music Publishing Nashville L.L.C.	Delaware
DW One Corp.	Delaware
DW Project Development L.L.C.	Delaware
DW SKG TV L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Studios L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Studios Productions L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Television Animation L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Television L.L.C.	Delaware
DW TV Finance I L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Two Corp.	Delaware
DWTT Productions Limited	New Zealand
Dynamic Soap, Inc.	California
Eagle Direct, Inc.	Delaware
Eighth Century Corporation	Delaware
Elevate Productions Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Elevenco Pty Limited	Australia
ELIANIMAL, LLC	California
Elite Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Elysium Productions Inc.	Delaware
Emily Productions LLC	Delaware
Energy Development Associates, Inc.	Delaware
ENFISUR S.A.	Argentina
EPI Music LLC	California
Erica Film Productions, Inc.	California
ET Media Group Inc.	Delaware
Evergreen Programs LLC	New York
EWB Corporation	Delaware
Express Lane Productions Inc.	Delaware
Eye Animation Productions Inc.	Delaware
Eye Creative Media Group Inc.	Delaware
Eye Explorations Inc.	Delaware
Eye International Studios Inc.	Delaware
Eye Podcast Productions Inc.	Delaware
Eye Productions Inc.	Delaware
Failure To Launch Productions LLC	Louisiana
Fall, LLC	California
Famous Orange Productions Inc.	Delaware
Famous Players International B.V.	Netherlands
Festival Inc.	Delaware
FHT Media Holdings LLC	Delaware
Fifty-Sixth Century Antrim Iron Company, Inc.	Delaware
Film Intex Corporation	Delaware
Films Paramount SARL	France
Films Ventures (Fiji) Inc.	Delaware
First Cut Productions Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
First Hotel Investment Corporation	Delaware
Forty-Fourth Century Corporation	Delaware
Four Crowns, Inc.	Delaware
French Street Management LLC	Delaware
Front Street Management Inc.	Delaware
Futa B.V.	Netherlands
Future General Corporation	Delaware
G&W Leasing Company	Delaware
G&W Natural Resources Company, Inc.	Delaware
Game One SAS	France
Games Animation Inc.	Delaware
Games Exchange Inc.	Delaware
Games Productions Inc.	Delaware
Gateway Fleet Company	Pennsylvania
Gazella New Media Experience LP	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
<b>GC Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>GFB Productions Inc.</b>	Canada (Ontario)
<b>Gladiator Productions L.L.C.</b>	Delaware
<b>Glendale Property Corp.</b>	Delaware
<b>Global Film Distributors B.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Glory Productions, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Gloucester Titanium Company, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>GNS Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>GolfWeb</b>	California
<b>Gorgen, Inc.</b>	California
<b>Government Issue LLC</b>	Louisiana
<b>Gower Avenue Films Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Grace Productions LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Grad Night, LLC</b>	California
<b>Grammar Productions, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Gramofair Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Grand Bahama Petroleum Company Limited</b>	Bahamas
<b>Grande Alliance Co. Ltd.</b>	Cayman Islands
<b>Granite Productions, Inc.</b>	California
<b>Granville Canadian Productions Inc.</b>	Canada (Ontario)
<b>Granville LA LLC</b>	Louisiana
<b>Granville Pictures Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Gravity Productions Inc.</b>	Canada (B.C.)
<b>Guidance, LLC</b>	California
<b>Gulf &amp; Western Indonesia, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Gulf &amp; Western Limited</b>	Bahamas
<b>Hamilton Projects, Inc.</b>	New York
<b>Hard Caliche LLC</b>	New Mexico
<b>Hello Doggie, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Hey Yeah Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>High Command Productions Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>House of Yes Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>HR Acquisition Corp.</b>	Delaware
<b>Hudson Street Productions, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>HUSD, LLC</b>	California
<b>Image Edit, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Imagine Radio, Inc.</b>	California
<b>Inside Edition Inc.</b>	New York
<b>Interstitial Programs Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Invisions Productions B.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Irvine Games, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Irvine Games USA, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Joseph Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Jumbo Ticket Songs Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Jupiter Spring Productions Limited</b>	United Kingdom

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Just U Productions, Inc.	California
K.W.M., Inc.	Delaware
KAPCAN1 Productions Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
Kapital Entertainment, LLC	Delaware
Kapital Productions, LLC	Delaware
KapLA LLC	Louisiana
Katled Systems, Inc.	Delaware
Kilo Mining Corporation	Pennsylvania
King Street Productions Inc.	Delaware
King World Corporation	Delaware
King World Development Inc.	California
King World Direct Inc.	Delaware
King World Media Sales Inc.	Delaware
King World Merchandising, Inc.	Delaware
King World Productions, Inc.	Delaware
King World Studios West Inc.	California
King World/CC Inc.	New York
Kristina Productions Inc.	Delaware
KUTV Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
KVMM LLC	Delaware
KW Development Inc.	California
KWP Studios, Inc.	California
KWP/RR Inc.	New York
KWTS Productions Inc.	California
Ladies Man Productions USA Inc.	Delaware
Large Ticket Songs Inc.	Delaware
Last Holiday Productions LLC	Louisiana
Last.FM Acquisition Limited	United Kingdom
Last.FM Limited	United Kingdom
Late Night Cartoons Inc.	Delaware
Laurel Entertainment LLC	Delaware
LAXG, LLC	California
Light Meter, LLC	California
Liliana Productions Inc.	Delaware
Linbaba's Story Pty Ltd	Australia
Lincoln Point Productions Inc.	Delaware
Lisarb Holding B.V.	Netherlands
List Productions, LLC	California
Little Boston Company Inc.	Delaware
Long Branch Productions LLC	Louisiana
Long Road Productions	Illinois
Los Angeles Television Station KCAL LLC	Delaware
Louisiana CMT LLC	Louisiana
Louisiana RPI LLC	Louisiana
Low Key Productions Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
LS Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
LT Holdings Inc.	Delaware
M4Mobile, LLC	California
Maarten Investerings Partnership	New York
MAD MOMS, LLC	California
MAD Production Trucking Company	Delaware
Magic Molehill Productions, Inc.	California
Magical Jade Productions Inc.	Delaware
Magical Motion Pictures Inc.	Delaware
Magicam, Inc.	Delaware
Marathon Holdings Inc.	Delaware
Mattalex LLC	Delaware
Mattalex Two LLC	Delaware
Mayday Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
MDP Productions, LLC	Delaware
MDR, LLC	California
Meadowland Parkway Associates	New Jersey
Melange Pictures LLC	Delaware
Melrose Productions, Inc.	California
Meredith Productions LLC	Delaware
Merlot Film Productions, Inc.	California
Merritt Inc.	Delaware
Miami Television Station WBFS Inc.	Delaware
Michaela Productions Inc.	Delaware
MMA Holdco LLC	Delaware
MonkeyWurks LLC	Delaware
MoonMan Productions Inc.	Delaware
MTV Animation Inc.	Delaware
MTV Asia	Cayman Islands
MTV Asia Development Company Inc.	Delaware
MTV Asia Ventures (India) Pte. Limited	Mauritius
MTV Asia Ventures Co.	Cayman Islands
MTV DMS Inc.	Delaware
MTV Games Inc.	Delaware
MTV Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
MTV India	Cayman Islands
MTV Networks Argentina LLC	Delaware
MTV Networks Argentina S.R.L.	Argentina
MTV Networks Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
MTV Networks Company	Delaware
MTV Networks de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
MTV Networks Enterprises Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Europe Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Europe LLC	Delaware
MTV Networks Global Services Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
MTV Networks Holdings SARL	France
MTV Networks Latin America Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Music Productions Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Sarl	France
MTV Networks, Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal
MTV NZ Limited	New Zealand
MTV Ownership (Portugal), LDA	Portugal
MTV Russia Holdings Inc.	Delaware
MTV S.A.	Cayman Islands
MTV Songs Inc.	Delaware
MTV Taiwan LDC	Cayman Islands
MTVBVI Inc.	Delaware
MTVN Direct Inc.	Delaware
MTVN Online Partner I Inc.	Delaware
MTVN Social Gaming Inc.	Delaware
Music By Nickelodeon, Inc.	Delaware
Music by Video Inc.	Delaware
MVP.Com Sports, Inc.	Delaware
N.V. Broadcasting (Canada) Inc.	Canada (Federal)
Narrabeen Productions Inc.	Delaware
Netherlands Management Services LLC	Delaware
Netherlands Overseas LLC	Delaware
Network Ten (Sydney) Pty Limited	Australia
Network Ten (Adelaide) Pty Limited	Australia
Network Ten (Brisbane) Pty Limited	Australia
Network Ten (Melbourne) Pty Limited	Australia
Network Ten (Perth) Pty Limited	Australia
Network Ten All Access Pty Ltd.	Australia
Network Ten Pty Limited	Australia
Networks CTS Inc.	Delaware
Neutronium Inc.	Delaware
New 38th Floor Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Coral Ltd.	Cayman Islands
New Country Services Inc.	Delaware
New Creative Mix Inc.	Delaware
New Games Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Group Productions Inc.	Delaware
New International Mix Inc.	Delaware
New Nickelodeon Animation Studios Inc.	Delaware
New Not Before 10AM Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Open Door Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Pop Culture Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Providence Assurance Company Limited	Bahamas
New Remote Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Viacom Velocity LLC	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Newdon Productions	Illinois
Nick at Nite's TV Land Retromercials Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Animation Studios Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Asia Holdings Pte Ltd	Singapore
Nickelodeon Brasil Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Direct Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Global Network Ventures Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Huggings U.K. Limited	United Kingdom
Nickelodeon India Pvt Ltd	India
Nickelodeon International Limited	United Kingdom
Nickelodeon Magazines Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Movies Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Notes Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Online Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon U.K. Limited	United Kingdom
Nickelodeon UK Holdings LLC	Delaware
Nickelodeon Virtual Worlds LLC	Delaware
Nicki Film Productions, Inc.	California
Night Falls Productions Inc.	Delaware
NM Classics Inc.	Delaware
No Gloves Sports LLC	Delaware
Noggin LLC	Delaware
North Shore Productions Inc.	California
Not Before 10am Productions Inc.	Delaware
NP Domains, Inc.	Delaware
NTA Films, Inc.	New York
NTM, LLC	California
Nutz Productions International, Inc.	Delaware
NV International, Inc.	Georgia
O Good Songs Company	California
O'Connor Combustor Corporation	California
OHBWAY Investco Inc.	Delaware
OM/TV Productions Inc.	Delaware
On Broadband Networks LLC	Delaware
On Second Thought Productions Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
On-Site Productions Inc.	Delaware
OOO VIMN Holdings Vostok	Russian Federation
OOO VIMN Media Vostok	Russian Federation
Open Door Productions Inc.	Delaware
Orange Ball Networks Subsidiary PRC LLC	Delaware
ORB, LLC	California
Our Home Productions Inc.	Delaware
Ourchart.Com LLC	Delaware
Outdoor Entertainment, Inc.	Tennessee
Outlet Networks Inc.	Delaware

<u>Subsidiary Name</u>	<u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u>
Override Pictures LLC	Delaware
Palmetto Park Louisiana Productions LLC	Louisiana
Palmetto Park RI Productions Inc.	Rhode Island
Paramount British Pictures Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount China B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Digital Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Entertainment Brasil Ltda.	Brazil
Paramount Entertainment Canada ULC	Canada (B.C.)
Paramount Films of China, Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Films of India, Ltd.	Delaware
Paramount Films of Southeast Asia Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Global Canada Holdings Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Global Italia S.r.l.	Italy
Paramount Global Japan K.K.	Japan
Paramount Global Korea Limited	Republic of Korea
Paramount Global Political Action Committee Corporation	New York
Paramount Global Productions GmbH	Germany
Paramount Global UK Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount Home Entertainment (Australasia) Pty Limited	Australia
Paramount Home Entertainment (Brazil) Limitada	Brazil
Paramount Home Entertainment (France) S.A.S.	France
Paramount Home Entertainment (Germany) GmbH	Germany
Paramount Home Entertainment (Mexico) S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Paramount Home Entertainment (Mexico) Services S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Paramount Home Entertainment (UK)	United Kingdom
Paramount Home Entertainment Distribution Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Home Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Home Entertainment International (Holdings) B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Home Entertainment International B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Home Entertainment International Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount Images Inc.	Delaware
Paramount International (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Japan G.K.	Japan
Paramount LAPTV Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Latin America SRL	Argentina
Paramount Licensing Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Movie and TV Program Planning (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	China
Paramount Network Espana, S.L.U.	Spain
Paramount NMOC LLC	Delaware
Paramount Overseas Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Pictures Asia Pacific Limited	Taiwan
Paramount Pictures Australia Pty.	Australia
Paramount Pictures Brasil Distribuidora de Filmes Ltda	Brazil
Paramount Pictures Corporation	Delaware
Paramount Pictures Corporation (Canada) Inc.	Canada (Ontario)

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Paramount Pictures France Sarl	France
Paramount Pictures Germany GmbH	Germany
Paramount Pictures Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
Paramount Pictures International Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount Pictures Louisiana Production Investments II LLC	Louisiana
Paramount Pictures Louisiana Production Investments III LLC	Louisiana
Paramount Pictures Louisiana Production Investments LLC	Louisiana
Paramount Pictures Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Paramount Pictures NZ	New Zealand
Paramount Pictures Services UK	United Kingdom
Paramount Pictures UK	United Kingdom
Paramount Poland sp. z.o.o.	Poland
Paramount Production Support Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Productions Service Corporation	Delaware
Paramount Spain S.L.U.	Spain
Paramount Streaming Services Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Sweden AB	Sweden
Paramount Worldwide Productions Inc.	Delaware
ParaUSD Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Park Court Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Part-Time Productions Inc.	Delaware
PatMa Productions, LLC	Delaware
Paws, Incorporated	Indiana
PCCGW Company, Inc.	Delaware
PCI Canada Inc.	Delaware
PCI Network Partner II Inc.	Delaware
PCI Network Partner Inc.	Delaware
Peanut Worm Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pen Productions, LLC	California
Peppercorn Productions, Inc.	Tennessee
Permutation Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pet II Productions Inc.	Delaware
Philadelphia Television Station WPSG Inc.	Delaware
Pittsburgh Television Station WPCW Inc.	Delaware
Pluto Inc.	Delaware
Pluto TV Europe GmbH	Germany
PMV Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pop Channel Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pop Culture Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pop Media Group, LLC	Delaware
Pop Media Networks, LLC	Delaware
Pop Media Productions, LLC	Delaware
Pop Media Properties, LLC	Delaware
Pop Media Services, LLC	Delaware
Pop Music, LLC	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Pop Toons Inc.	Delaware
Porta dos Fundos Produtora e Distribuidora Audiovisual S.A.	Brazil
Possible Productions Inc.	Delaware
Possum Point Incorporated	Delaware
Pottle Productions, Inc.	California
PPC Film Management GmbH	Germany
PPG Holding 5 B.V.	Netherlands
PPG Holding 95 B.V.	Netherlands
Premiere House, Inc.	Delaware
Preye Inc.	California
Prime Directive Productions Inc.	Delaware
Project Drew, LLC	California
Prospect Company Ltd.	Cayman Islands
Proxy Music LLC	California
Quemahoning Coal Processing Company	Pennsylvania
R.G.L. Realty Limited	United Kingdom
Raquel Productions Inc.	Delaware
Real TV Music Inc.	Delaware
Recovery Ventures Inc.	Delaware
Red de Televisión Chilevisión S.A.	Chile
Red Devs LLC	Delaware
RED MIRROR, LLC	California
Remote Productions Inc.	Delaware
Republic Distribution LLC	Delaware
Republic Entertainment LLC	Delaware
Republic Pictures Enterprises LLC	Delaware
Republic Pictures Productions LLC	California
RH Productions Inc.	California
Rosy Haze Productions Pty Limited	Australia
RTV News Inc.	Delaware
RTV News Music Inc.	Delaware
Sacramento Television Stations Inc.	Delaware
Sagia Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
Salton Sea Songs LLC	Delaware
Salvation Productions Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
Sammarnick Insurance Corporation	New York
San Francisco Television Station KBCW Inc.	Virginia
SBX Acquisition Corp.	Delaware
Scott Mattson Farms, Inc.	Florida
Screenlife Licensing, LLC	Nevada
Screenlife, LLC	Washington
See Yourself Productions Inc.	Delaware
Servicios Para Empresas de Entretenimiento, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Sexy Beast Productions Limited	United Kingdom
SF Films Inc.	Canada (Ontario)

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
SFI Song Company	Delaware
SHAUNTENT, LLC	California
Ship House, Inc.	Florida
SHOtunes Music LLC	Delaware
Shovel Buddies, LLC	California
Show Pants LLC	Delaware
Show Works Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Digital Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Harmonies LLC	Delaware
Showtime Live Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Marketing Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Melodies Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Networks Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Networks Inc. (U.K.)	Delaware
Showtime Networks Satellite Programming Company	California
Showtime Online Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Pictures Development Company	Delaware
Showtime Satellite Networks Inc.	Delaware
Showtime Songs Inc.	Delaware
Showtime/Sundance Holding Company Inc.	Delaware
SIFO One Inc.	Delaware
SIFO Two Inc.	Delaware
SKG Louisiana L.L.C.	Louisiana
SKG Music L.L.C.	Delaware
SKG Music Nashville Inc.	Delaware
SKG Music Publishing L.L.C.	Delaware
SKG Productions L.L.C.	Louisiana
SKG Studios Canada Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
SN Digital LLC	Delaware
SNI/SI Networks L.L.C.	Delaware
SnowGlobe LLC	Delaware
Soapmusic Company	Delaware
Social Project LLC	Delaware
Solar Service Company	Delaware
SongFair Inc.	Delaware
South Park Digital Studios LLC	Delaware
Spelling Daytime Songs, Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Daytime Television, Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Entertainment Group LLC	Delaware
Spelling Entertainment LLC	Delaware
Spelling Films Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Films Music Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Pictures Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Satellite Networks, Inc.	California
Spelling Television Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Spike Cable Networks Inc.	Delaware
Spike Digital Entertainment LLC	Delaware
Sportsline.com, Inc.	Delaware
Springy Productions Pty. Limited	Australia
St. Francis Ltd.	Cayman Islands
St. Ives Company Ltd.	Cayman Islands
STAND IN, L.L.C.	Louisiana
Starfish Productions Inc.	Florida
Stargate Acquisition Corp. One	Delaware
Start TV LLC	Delaware
Stat Crew Software, Inc.	Ohio
Stepdude Productions LLC	Louisiana
Stranglehold Productions, Inc.	California
Streak Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
Stuart Street, LLC	California
Study Hall Films Inc.	Delaware
Sunday Best, LLC	Louisiana
Sunset Beach Productions Inc.	Delaware
Superstar Productions USA Inc.	Delaware
SURRENDER, LLC	California
Survivor Productions, LLC	Delaware
Swift Justice Productions Inc.	Delaware
T&R Payroll Company	Delaware
Talent Court Productions, Inc.	Delaware
TAM3, LLC	California
TATB, LLC	California
Taylor Forge Memphis, Inc.	Delaware
TB Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
TDI Worldwide Investments Inc.	Delaware
Television & Telecasters (Properties) Pty Limited	Australia
Televisión Federal S.A.	Argentina
Television Station KTXA Inc.	Virginia
Television Station WTCN LLC	Delaware
Ten Network Holdings Pty Limited	Australia
Tentpole Productions, LLC	California
TEVEFE COMERCIALIZACIÓN S.A.	Argentina
TG Film, LLC	California
The Box Italy LLC	Delaware
The Box Worldwide LLC	Delaware
The CW Television Stations Inc.	Delaware
The Gramps Company Inc.	Delaware
The Late Show Inc.	Delaware
The Love Sickness, LLC	California
The Matlock Company	Delaware
The MTVi Group, Inc.	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
The New Jersey Zinc Exploration Company	Delaware
The Paramount UK Partnership (trading as Comedy Central)	United Kingdom
The Saucon Valley Iron and Railroad Company	Pennsylvania
The Ten Group Pty Limited	Australia
Thespians, LLC	California
They Productions Inc.	Delaware
Things of the Wild Songs Inc.	Delaware
Thinner Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Third Century Company	Delaware
Thirteenth Century Corporation	Delaware
Thunder, Inc.	Delaware
Timber Purchase Company	Florida
Timeline Films Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
TIS Productions Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
TIS Productions Holdings S. de R.L.	Panama
TIS Productions Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
TNN Classic Sessions, Inc.	Delaware
TNN Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Toe-to-Toe Productions Inc.	Delaware
Torand Payroll Company	Delaware
Torand Productions Inc.	Delaware
Trans-American Resources, Inc.	Delaware
TSM Services, Inc.	Delaware
TSM, LLC	California
Tube Mill, Inc.	Alabama
Tunes by Nickelodeon Inc.	Delaware
Turnip Productions LLC	Delaware
TV Scoop Inc.	Delaware
Twofer, LLC	California
UE Site Acquisition LLC	Delaware
Ultra Productions Inc.	Canada (Ontario)
Untitled Productions II LLC	Delaware
Untitled Science LLC	Delaware
UPN	Delaware
UPN Holding Company, Inc.	California
UPN Properties, Inc.	California
Uptown Productions Inc.	Delaware
Ureal Productions Inc.	Delaware
URGE PrePaid Cards Inc.	Virginia
VBC Pilot Productions Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
VDS, LLC	California
VE Development Company	Delaware
VE Drive Inc.	Delaware
VE Television Inc.	Delaware
VGS Management Services Inc.	Delaware

<u>Subsidiary Name</u>	<u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u>
<b>VI Services Corporation</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Alto Overseas C.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Viacom Animation of Korea Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Asia (Beijing) Advertising and Media Co. Ltd.</b>	China
<b>Viacom Asia Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom ATV Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom August Songs Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Blue Sky Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Brand Solutions Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom Caledonia LP</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom Camden Lock Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Camden Lock Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom Canadian Productions Holdings Inc.</b>	Canada (Ontario)
<b>Viacom Capital LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Digital Studios LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Domains Limited</b>	Canada (B.C.)
<b>Viacom Finance B.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Viacom Galaxy Tunes Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Genesis Music Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Global Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom Global Services Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Hearty Ha!Ha! LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Holdings Germany LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Holdings Italia S.r.l.</b>	Italy
<b>Viacom Interactive Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom International Administration Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom International Film Finance Holdings Limited</b>	Jersey
<b>Viacom International Film Finance Limited</b>	Jersey
<b>Viacom International Hungary Kft.</b>	Hungary
<b>Viacom International Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom International Media Networks (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.</b>	Malaysia
<b>Viacom International Media Networks Africa (Pty) Limited</b>	South Africa
<b>Viacom International Media Networks España, S.L.</b>	Spain
<b>Viacom International Media Networks Middle East FZ-LLC</b>	United Arab Emirates
<b>Viacom International Media Networks Nigeria Limited</b>	Nigeria
<b>Viacom International Media Networks U.K. Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom International Services Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom International Studios Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Limited</b>	New Zealand
<b>Viacom Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom Media Argentina S.A.</b>	Argentina
<b>Viacom Music Touring Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Netherlands Coöperatief U.A.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Viacom Netherlands Management LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Networks Europe Inc.</b>	Delaware

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
<b>Viacom Networks Italia Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>Viacom Networks Japan G.K.</b>	Japan
<b>Viacom Notes Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Origins Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Overseas Holdings C.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Viacom Realty Corporation</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom RMP International LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom RMP LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom SG Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Songs Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Special Events LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Sterling Finance C.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Viacom Subsidiary Management Corp.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Telecommunications LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Theater Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom TN Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Tunes Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom TV Investco Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Viacom Ventures B.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>Viacom Ventures Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>ViacomCBS Blockchain Partner Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>ViacomCBS Chilevisión Holding I SpA</b>	Chile
<b>ViacomCBS Chilevisión Holding II SpA</b>	Chile
<b>ViacomCBS Digital DTC International LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>ViacomCBS Integration Holdings LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>ViacomCBS Interactive Holdings Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>ViacomCBS International Distribution Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>ViacomCBS International Studios Productions Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>ViacomCBS Networks International Czech s.r.o</b>	Czech Republic
<b>ViacomCBS Realty Corporation</b>	Delaware
<b>VidCon International LLC</b>	Montana
<b>VidCon LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Vidoo Video Solutions Ltd.</b>	Israel
<b>VIMN Argentina Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>VIMN Australia Pty Limited</b>	Australia
<b>VIMN Brasil Participações Ltda.</b>	Brazil
<b>VIMN CP Services (UK) Limited</b>	United Kingdom
<b>VIMN CP Services, ULC</b>	Canada (B.C.)
<b>VIMN CP Serviços (Brasil) Ltda.</b>	Brazil
<b>VIMN Finance Holding (UK) Ltd</b>	United Kingdom
<b>VIMN Finance Jersey Limited</b>	Jersey
<b>VIMN Germany GmbH</b>	Germany
<b>VIMN Netherlands B.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>VIMN Netherlands Holding B.V.</b>	Netherlands
<b>VIMN Nordic AB</b>	Sweden

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
VIMN Poland sp. z o.o.	Poland
VIMN Polska B.V.	Netherlands
VIMN Russia C.V.	Netherlands
VIMN Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
VIMN Switzerland AG	Switzerland
Viper Productions Inc.	Canada (B.C.)
VISI Services, Inc.	Delaware
Visions Productions, Inc.	New York
VIVA Media GmbH	Germany
VJK Inc.	Delaware
VMN Digital Inc.	Delaware
VMN Noord LLC	Delaware
VMPG LLC	Delaware
VNM Inc.	Delaware
VP Direct Inc.	Delaware
VP Programs Inc.	California
VPIX Inc.	Delaware
VSC Compositions LLC	New York
VSC Music LLC	New York
Waste Resource Energy, Inc.	Delaware
WBCE Corp.	New York
WCC FSC I, Inc.	Delaware
WCC Project Corp.	Delaware
Westgate Pictures Inc.	Delaware
White Mountain Productions Limited	United Kingdom
WhoSay, Inc.	Delaware
Wildness, LLC	California
Wilmerding Aircraft Leasing Inc.	Delaware
Wilmerding Asset Management Inc.	Delaware
Wilmerding Canada Holdings L.L.C.	Delaware
Wilmerding CBS Holding Company, Inc.	Delaware
Wilmerding Electric Corporation	Delaware
Wilmerding Environmental Management Company of Ohio, Inc.	Delaware
Wilmerding Hanford Company	Delaware
Wilmerding Holdings Corporation	Delaware
Wilmerding Idaho Nuclear Company, Inc.	Delaware
Wilmerding International Holdings UK Limited	United Kingdom
Wilmerding Investment Corporation	Delaware
Wilmerding Licensing Corporation	Pennsylvania
Wilmerding Reinvestment Company, L.L.C.	Delaware
Wilmerding World Investment Corporation	Delaware
Wilshire Court Productions LLC	Delaware
Wilshire Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Wilshire/Hauser Company	Delaware
Woburn Insurance Limited	Bermuda

<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
<b>Wordsmith, LLC</b>	California
<b>World Sports Enterprises</b>	Tennessee
<b>World Volleyball League, Inc.</b>	New York
<b>Worldvision Enterprises (France) S.A.R.L.</b>	France
<b>Worldvision Enterprises (United Kingdom) Ltd.</b>	New York
<b>Worldvision Enterprises de Venezuela</b>	Venezuela
<b>Worldvision Enterprises Latino-Americana, S.A.</b>	Panama
<b>Worldvision Enterprises LLC</b>	New York
<b>Worldvision Enterprises of Canada, Limited</b>	New York
<b>Worldvision Home Video LLC</b>	New York
<b>Worldwide Productions, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>WPIC Corporation</b>	Delaware
<b>WT Animal Music Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>WT Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Wuthering Heights, CA Productions Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>Yellams</b>	Cayman Islands
<b>Yellowstone Finance LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>York Resource Energy Systems, Inc.</b>	Delaware
<b>YP Productions Inc.</b>	Canada (Ontario)
<b>Zarina 99 Vermögensverwaltungs GmbH</b>	Germany
<b>ZDE, LLC</b>	California
<b>Zoe Net Ltd.</b>	Israel
<b>Zoo Films LLC</b>	Delaware
<b>Zukor LLC</b>	Delaware

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-270701) and on Forms S-8 (No. 333-55346, No. 333-82422, No. 333-164441, No. 333-192673, No. 333-198455, No. 333-204282, No. 333-234238, No. 333-235366, No. 333-235365, No. 333-235364, No. 333-258649 and No. 333-267798) of Paramount Global of our report dated February 28, 2024 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
New York, New York  
February 28, 2024

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

## Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 20<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Barbara M. Byrne

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Barbara M. Byrne

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 20<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Linda M. Griego

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Linda M. Griego

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 18<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Robert N. Klieger

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Robert N. Klieger

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 27<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Judith A. McHale

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Judith A. McHale

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 21<sup>st</sup> day of February, 2024.

*/s/ Dawn Ostroff*

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Dawn Ostroff

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 21<sup>st</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Charles E. Phillips, Jr.

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Charles E. Phillips, Jr.

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 27<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Shari Redstone

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Shari Redstone

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 20<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Susan Schuman

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Susan Schuman

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 24<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Nicole Seligman

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Nicole Seligman

**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of PARAMOUNT GLOBAL, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D'Alimonte to be her/his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her/him and in her/his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and any amendments thereto, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she/he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her/his substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 21<sup>st</sup> day of February, 2024.

/s/ Frederick O. Terrell

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Frederick O. Terrell

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Robert M. Bakish, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paramount Global;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 28, 2024

/s/ Robert M. Bakish

Robert M. Bakish

President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Naveen Chopra, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paramount Global;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 28, 2024

/s/ Naveen Chopra

Naveen Chopra

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

**Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,  
as adopted pursuant to  
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Paramount Global (the “Company”) on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Report”), I, Robert M. Bakish, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify that to my knowledge:

1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Robert M. Bakish

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Robert M. Bakish

February 28, 2024

**Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,  
as adopted pursuant to  
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Paramount Global (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Naveen Chopra, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify that to my knowledge:

1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Naveen Chopra

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Naveen Chopra

February 28, 2024



**PARAMOUNT GLOBAL**

**Clawback Policy  
(Adopted July 24, 2023)**

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee") of Paramount Global (the "Company") has adopted this Clawback Policy (the "Policy") to enable the Company to recover certain incentive-based compensation in the event of an Accounting Restatement (as defined below). This Policy is intended to comply with, and will be interpreted to be consistent with, Section 10D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), Rule 10D-1 promulgated under the Exchange Act ("Rule 10D-1") and Nasdaq Listing Rule 5608 (the "Listing Standards").

1. Administration.

The Policy shall be administered, interpreted and construed by the Committee in a manner consistent with Rule 10D-1 and the Listing Standards. Any determinations made by the Committee shall be final and binding on the Company and all affected individuals, including Covered Executives (as defined below), and need not be uniform with respect to each Covered Executive. The Committee may authorize and empower any officer or other employee of the Company to take any and all actions necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of this Policy (other than with respect to any recovery under this Policy involving such officer or employee).

2. Definitions.

- a. "Accounting Restatement" means an accounting restatement of the Company's financial statements due to the Company's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under applicable securities laws, including any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements, or that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period.
- b. "Accounting Restatement Date" means the earlier to occur of: (i) the date the Board, a committee of the Board, or the officer or officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required, concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement; and (ii) the date a court, regulator or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare an Accounting Restatement.
- c. "Applicable Period" means the three completed fiscal years immediately preceding the Accounting Restatement Date, as well as any transition period (that results from a change in the Company's fiscal year) within or immediately following those three

completed fiscal years (except that a transition period that comprises a period of at least nine months shall count as a completed fiscal year).

- d. “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- e. “Covered Executive” means (i) Executive Officers and (ii) any other executives who comprise the Company’s senior leadership team, as designated in writing from time to time by the Company’s Chief Executive Officer (each such member described in clause (ii), an “SLT Executive”).
- f. “Effective Date” has the meaning in Section 8.
- g. “Erroneously Awarded Compensation” has the meaning in Section 4.
- h. “Executive Officer” means, for purposes of this Policy only, the “officers” of the Company for purposes of Section 16 of the Exchange Act, and Rule 16a-1(f) promulgated thereunder, as determined by the Board from time to time.
- i. “Financial Reporting Measure” means any measure that is determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company’s financial statements, and any measure that is derived wholly or in part from such measure. Financial Reporting Measures include but are not limited to the following (and any measures derived from the following): Company stock price; total shareholder return (“TSR”); revenues; net income; operating income; profitability of one or more reportable segments; financial ratios (e.g., accounts receivable turnover and inventory turnover rates); earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization; funds from operations and adjusted funds from operations; liquidity measures (e.g., free cash flow, working capital, operating cash flow); return measures (e.g., return on invested capital, return on assets); earnings measures (e.g., earnings per share); revenue per user, or average revenue per user, where revenue is subject to an Accounting Restatement; cost per employee, where cost is subject to an Accounting Restatement; any of such financial reporting measures relative to a peer group, where the Company’s financial reporting measure is subject to an Accounting Restatement; and tax basis income. A Financial Reporting Measure need not be presented within the Company’s financial statements or included in a filing with the SEC.
- j. “Incentive-Based Compensation” means any compensation that is granted, earned or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure. Incentive-Based Compensation shall specifically exclude restricted share units and stock option awards subject only to time-based vesting conditions, unless otherwise determined by applicable law.
- k. “Received” means, with respect to Incentive-Based Compensation, actual or deemed receipt. For purposes of this Policy, Incentive-Based Compensation is deemed “Received” in the Company’s fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-Based Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive-Based Compensation occurs after the end of that period. Incentive-Based Compensation that is subject to both a Financial Reporting Measure vesting condition and a time-based vesting condition shall be

deemed Received when the relevant Financial Reporting Measure is achieved, even if the Incentive-Based Compensation continues to be subject to the time-based vesting condition.

I. "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

3. Covered Compensation.

This Policy applies to all Incentive-Based Compensation Received by a person after beginning service as a Covered Executive if that person served as a Covered Executive (a) at any time during the performance period for such Incentive-Based Compensation and (b) while the Company had a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange or a national securities association. This Policy shall apply to any Incentive-Based Compensation Received by Covered Executives on or after the Effective Date, even if such Incentive-Based Compensation was approved, awarded, granted or payable to Covered Executives prior to or on the Effective Date. This Policy shall not apply to any Incentive-Based Compensation Received by Covered Executives prior to the Effective Date.

4. Erroneously Awarded Compensation; Amount Subject to Recovery.

The amount to be recovered under this Policy shall be the excess of the Incentive-Based Compensation Received by the Covered Executive over the amount of Incentive-Based Compensation that would have been Received had it been determined based on the restated amounts in the relevant Accounting Restatement, computed without regard to any taxes paid or payable by the applicable Covered Executive ("Erroneously Awarded Compensation").

With respect to any compensation plans or programs that take into account Incentive-Based Compensation, the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation includes, but is not limited to, the amount contributed to any notional account based on Erroneously Awarded Compensation and any earnings accrued to date on that notional amount.

For Incentive-Based Compensation based on stock price or TSR, where the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in an Accounting Restatement: (a) the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation must be based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Accounting Restatement on the stock price or TSR upon which the Incentive-Based Compensation was Received; and (b) the Company must maintain documentation of the determination of that reasonable estimate and, for Executive Officers, provide such documentation to Nasdaq in accordance with the Listing Standards and Rule 10D-1.

5. Required Recovery.

In the event of an Accounting Restatement, the Company must reasonably promptly recover the Erroneously Awarded Compensation Received by a Covered Executive during the Applicable Period.

The Company is authorized and directed pursuant to this Policy to recoup Erroneously Awarded Compensation in compliance with this Policy unless the Committee has determined that recovery would be impracticable solely for the following limited reasons, and subject to the following procedural and disclosure requirements:

- a. The direct expense paid to a third party to assist in enforcing the Policy would exceed the amount to be recovered. Before concluding that it would be impracticable to recover any amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation based on expense of enforcement, the Company must make a reasonable attempt to recover such Erroneously Awarded Compensation and, with respect to Executive Officers, document such reasonable attempt(s) to recover and provide such documentation to Nasdaq in accordance with the Listing Standards and Rule 10D-1;
- b. Recovery under this Policy from an SLT Executive would violate applicable law or incur significant Company expenses and the Committee determines, in its discretion, not to enforce (in whole or in part) this Policy against such SLT Executive; or
- c. Recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to employees of the Company, to fail to meet the requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(13) or 26 U.S.C. 411(a) and regulations thereunder.

6. Method of Recoupment.

The Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion, the timing and method for promptly recouping Erroneously Awarded Compensation hereunder, which may include, without limitation: (a) seeking reimbursement of all or part of any cash or equity-based award; (b) cancelling prior cash or equity-based awards, whether vested or unvested or paid or unpaid; (c) cancelling or offsetting against any planned future cash or equity-based awards; (d) forfeiture of deferred compensation; and (e) any other method authorized by applicable law or contract, in each case whether approved, awarded, granted or payable to the Covered Executive prior to, on or after the Effective Date. In all cases, the method of recoupment shall be subject to compliance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

7. Prohibition on Indemnification.

Notwithstanding the terms of any indemnification or insurance policy, the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws or any contractual arrangement with any Covered Executive that may be interpreted to the contrary, the Company shall not indemnify any Covered Executive for (a) the loss of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation, (b) expenses in connection with any unsuccessful actions brought by a Covered Executive with respect to enforcement of this Policy or any payment recovered hereunder, or (c) the cost of third-party insurance purchased by any Covered Executives to fund potential clawback obligations under this Policy. To the extent any expenses are advanced to a Covered Executive in any action related to recoupment under this Policy, prior to the payment of such expenses, the Covered Executive shall be required to submit an undertaking to repay all or a portion of such amount if the Covered Executive is not the prevailing party in such action to the extent the Company determines necessary to comply with Rule 10D-1 and the Listing Standards.

8. Effective Date.

This Policy shall be effective as of October 2, 2023, which is the effective date of the Listing Standards (the "Effective Date").

9. Acknowledgement.

Each Covered Executive shall sign and return to the Company, within 60 calendar days following the later of (i) the Effective Date or (ii) the date the individual becomes a Covered Executive, the Acknowledgement Form attached hereto as Exhibit A, pursuant to which the Covered Executive acknowledges and agrees to be bound by, and to comply with, the terms and conditions of this Policy.

10. Severability.

The provisions in this Policy are intended to be applied to the fullest extent of the law. To the extent that any provision of this Policy is found to be unenforceable or invalid under any applicable law, such provision shall be applied to the maximum extent permitted, and shall automatically be deemed amended in a manner consistent with its objectives to the extent necessary to conform to any limitations required under applicable law.

11. Amendment; Termination.

The Committee may amend this Policy from time to time in its sole and absolute discretion and shall amend this Policy as it deems necessary to comply with the rules of any national securities exchange on which the Company's securities are listed, any federal securities laws or SEC rules. Subject to compliance with applicable law and the listing standards of the national securities exchange on which the Company is then listed, the Committee may terminate this Policy at any time.

12. Other Recovery Rights; Company Claims.

The Committee intends that this Policy shall be applied to the fullest extent of the law. Any right of recoupment under this Policy is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies or rights of recoupment that may be available to the Company under applicable law or pursuant to the terms of any similar policy in any employment agreement, equity award agreement or similar agreement and any other legal remedies available to the Company. Nothing contained in this Policy, and no recoupment or recovery as contemplated by this Policy, shall limit any claims, damages or other legal remedies the Company or any of its subsidiaries may have against a Covered Executive arising out of or resulting from any actions or omissions by the Covered Executive, provided, however, that there shall be no duplicative recoupment of the same Erroneously Awarded Compensation under more than one policy, plan, award or agreement.

13. Successors.

This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all Covered Executives and their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives.

14. Governing Law; Venue.

This Policy and all rights and obligations hereunder are governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, excluding any choice of law rules or principles that may direct the application of the laws of another jurisdiction. All actions arising out of or relating to this Policy shall be heard and determined exclusively in the state or federal courts located in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan.

**Clawback Policy Acknowledgment**

I, the undersigned, agree and acknowledge that I am fully bound by, and subject to, all of the terms and conditions of the Paramount Global Clawback Policy (as may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Policy") as a Covered Executive under the Policy. No terms of any employment agreement to which I am a party, nor of any compensation plan, program or agreement under which any compensation has been approved, awarded, granted, payable or paid to me, will limit any claim or legal remedies under, or enforcement of, the Policy, provided that there will be no duplicative recoupment of the same Erroneously Awarded Compensation (as defined in the Policy) under more than one policy, plan, award or agreement. In the event it is determined by the Committee that any such amounts must be forfeited or reimbursed to the Company in accordance with the Policy, I will promptly take any action necessary to effectuate such forfeiture and/or reimbursement. Any capitalized terms used in this Acknowledgment without definition shall have the meaning set forth in the Policy.

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date

Title: